THIRTEENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT FAMILY LAW DIVISION

PETITION TO ESTABLISH PARENTAL RESPONSIBILITY AND A PARENTING PLAN/TIME-SHARING SCHEDULE

(Packet #32)

USE THIS PACKET ONLY IF:

- 1) THERE IS AN EXISTING COURT ORDER ADDRESSING CHILD SUPPORT <u>BUT NOT</u> PARENTAL RESPONSIBILITY AND A PARENTING PLAN/TIME-SHARING SCHEDULE, and
- 2) THE PARTIES ARE NOT MARRIED, and
- 3) THE CHILD IS A RESIDENT OF HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, and
- 4) THE CHILD HAS BEEN A RESIDENT OF FLORIDA FOR AT LEAST THE LAST SIX MONTHS, and

If you choose to represent yourself (*pro se*) in your case, you should be aware that you will be required to follow the same rules that are required in cases filed by persons represented by attorneys. The judge assigned to your case is not necessarily required to grant what you request in a form. If you do not like the outcome of your case, you may not be able to change it. If you have any questions or concerns about your case, you should consult with an attorney.

If you do not know an attorney, you may call the Lawyer Referral Service at 813-221-7780. If you do not have the money to hire an attorney, you may apply to Bay Area Legal Services by calling 813-232-1343. You may also obtain legal information in Tampa at the Legal Information Center (call 813-864-2280, option 1, for hours and information) or in Plant City at the Plant City Legal Information Program (call 813-276-2688 for hours and information).

All instructions and forms distributed by the Thirteenth Judicial Circuit are provided merely as a public service to persons seeking to represent themselves in court without the assistance of an attorney. These documents are meant to serve as a guide only, and to assist pro se (self-represented) litigants with their cases. The Thirteenth Judicial Circuit does not guarantee that either the instructions or the forms will achieve the result desired by the parties or ensure that any individual judge will follow the procedures exactly or accept each and every form as drafted. Any person using these instructions and/or forms does so at his or her own risk, and the Thirteenth Judicial Circuit shall not be responsible for any losses incurred by any person in reliance on the instructions and/or forms.

In no event will the Florida Supreme Court, The Florida Bar, or anyone contributing to the production of these forms, commentary, instructions, and appendices be liable for any direct, indirect, or consequential damages from their use.

PARENTING CLASS REQUIREMENT

In all cases involving minor children, both parties are required to attend a parenting class before the case can be scheduled for hearing.

Parenting Course Providers

can be found online at:

https://myflfamilies.com/services/child-family/child-and-family-well-being/pefs/local-course-list

→ click on "Hillsborough" or "13th Circuit"

Online parenting classes are accepted.

(Printing Instructions: There are 2 options available. Option 1 - print entire packet as one document. Option 2 - choose which forms to print by selecting and opening each form separately.)

FORMS CONTAINED IN THIS PACKET	FORM #	WHEN TO USE
General Information for Self-Represented Litigants	Appendix C	For your information only
12 Rules of Courtroom Civility	12 Rules	Required to start case
Nonlawyer Disclosure	12.900(a)	Required if someone who is not a lawyer helps you with the forms
<u>Civil Cover Sheet</u>	12.928	Required to start case
Petition to Establish Parental Responsibility and a Parenting Plan/Time-Sharing Schedule	PPP	Required to start case
Parenting Plan	12.995 (a)	Required (use this form if safety or supervised time-sharing IS NOT a concern)
OR	OR	
Supervised/Safety-Focused Parenting Plan	12.995 (b)	Required (use this form if safety or supervised time-sharing IS a concern)
OR	OR	
<u>Long-Distance Parenting Plan</u> (NOT INCLUDED – see www.flcourts.org)	12.995 (c)	Consider using this form if you live more than 50 miles from the other parent
<u>Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and</u> <u>Enforcement Act Affidavit (UCCJEA)</u>	12.902(d)	Required to start case
Summons: Personal Service on an Individual	12.910(a)	Required to start case
Process Service Memorandum	12.910(b)	Required to start case
Notice of Related Cases	12.900(h)	Required
Nonmilitary Affidavit	12.912(b)	Use only if the other party is NOT in the military and they do not file an answer
Motion for Default	12.922(a)	Use if no answer is filed within 20 days after service
<u>Default</u>	12.922(b)	Use if no answer is filed within 20 days after service
Notice of Hearing	12.923	Use when a hearing date has been set
Fee Schedule for Family Law Cases	Fee	A schedule of fees for Family Law related cases
Notice of Confidential Information Within Court Filing	2.40(d)(2)	Use to notify the clerk of documents containing confidential information
Designation of Current Address and E-mail Address	12.915	Do not provide an e-mail address unless you choose to serve and receive ALL documents in the future ONLY by e-mail. Once you choose to serve and receive documents by e-mail, you CANNOT change your decision.

STEP BY STEP INSTRUCTIONS

STEP 1 - Complete the forms to start the case and have them notarized

- 1) FORMS MUST BE COMPLETED AND SIGNED IN BLACK INK AND MOST MUST BE NOTARIZED. The clerk's office will notarize documents and charge a fee (see attached schedule). Please bring a valid ID.
- 2) Names must be written the same way on all documents (no full names on one document and initials on another).
- 3) Complete the following forms and notarize the ones with a notary signature line:
 - A) Civil cover sheet (only use if you are starting a new case with a new case number)
 - B) 12 Rules of Courtroom Civility (does not need to be notarized)
 - C) Petition to Establish Parental Responsibility and a Parenting Plan/Time-Sharing Schedule
 - D) Parenting Plan
 - Regular form, Form 12.995(a), use this form if safety or supervised time-sharing IS NOT a concern **or**
 - Supervised/Safety-Focused Parenting Plan, Form 12.995(b), use this form if safety or supervised time-sharing IS a concern

or

- Long-Distance Parenting Plan, Form 12.995(c) (NOT INCLUDED see www.flcourts.org), consider using this form if you live more than 50 miles from the other parent
- E) Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act (UCCJEA) Affidavit, Form 12.902(d)
- F) Summons, Form 12.910(a) (needs to be signed by the clerk, not by you)
- G) Process Service Memorandum, Form 12.910(b) (does not need to be notarized)
- H) Notice of Related Cases, Form 12.900(h)
- I) Designation of Current Address and E-mail Address, Form 12.915 (Do not provide an e-mail address unless you choose to serve and receive ALL documents in the future ONLY by e-mail. Once you choose to serve and receive documents by e-mail, you CANNOT change your decision.)

STEP 2 – Make copies

After you have completed the forms and have signed and notarized them, make 2 complete copies of everything you have signed (one copy is for your records). Copies can be obtained for a fee in the Court Business Center, on the 6th floor of the George Edgecomb Courthouse. You may also purchase copies for \$0.15 per page, before filing your case, from the Family Law Intake staff in room 101.

STEP 3 - Filing your case

- 1) Take the <u>original</u> set of completed and signed forms to the clerk on the 1st floor of the main courthouse and pay the filing fee. If you are indigent, receive Food Stamps, Medicaid, or Social Security Disability benefits, you can ask the Clerk for an application to waive the filing fee. You will be required to swear under oath that everything in your application is complete and true. If you qualify, the fee will be waived. If you do not qualify, you must pay the filing fee.
- 2) If you are starting a new case, the clerk will assign a case number and division.
- 3) Summons: The clerk will sign the Summons and give it back to you. There is a charge for this.

STEP 4 – Notifying the other party

SUMMONS – Attach the Summons and the Process Service Memorandum to one complete copy of your documents and take them to the sheriff or process server in the county where the other party is going to be served (where he/she lives or works). The other party will have 20 days after the date the sheriff or process server delivers the papers to file a written response (answer). HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY: Hillsborough County Sheriff's Civil Process is located at 700 Twiggs Street on the 3rd floor (across the street from the main courthouse). A non-refundable fee is required (only cash, cashier's checks or money orders -- no personal checks). This fee will be waived if you have filed an Application for Civil Indigency and the clerk has marked that you are indigent.

STEP 5 – Obtain proof of service

SUMMONS – When the other party is served, the sheriff or process server should send you a form indicating the date and time he/she was served. File this with the clerk.

STEP 6 – Check for answer / default

- 1) Call the Clerk of the Circuit Court (276-8100) 21 days after the other party was served to see if the other party filed an answer.
- 2) If no answer was filed and the other party is <u>not</u> in the military, complete the following forms: Nonmilitary Affidavit Form 12.912(b), Motion for Default Form 12.922(a), and a Default Form 12.922(b). Take the Nonmilitary Affidavit, Motion for Default, Default, and your proof of service to the clerk.
- 3) If no answer was filed and the other party is in the military STOP HERE and consult an attorney.
- 4) If an answer was filed, obtain a copy in Room 101 of the courthouse (if the other party did not send you a copy).
- 5) If the other party filed a counterpetition, you have 20 days to file a written answer to the counterpetition. You can use Form 12.903(d) Answer to Counterpetition. File the original with the clerk, send a copy to the other party, and keep a copy for your records.

<u>STEP 7 – Mediation</u> (only if the other party files an answer denying any allegations or files a counterpetition)

If the other party filed an answer and disputes any of the allegations in your petition, you and the other party will need to go to mediation to see if the disputed issue(s) can be resolved. Call the Mediation and Diversion office at 813-272-5642 and ask them to schedule a mediation date. If the other party does not contact the mediation department or the issue(s) cannot be resolved in mediation, the final hearing will be set.

STEP 8 – Parenting Class

Both parties must attend a parenting class before your final divorce hearing can be scheduled. For information about approved parenting classes in this circuit, contact and registration information is on page 2 of these instructions. After you have completed the course, write your case number on your certificate of completion and file it with the clerk.

<u>STEP 9 – Preparing your case / gathering evidence</u> (if you and the other party do not agree and your case is contested)

If the other party is contesting issues in your case, you will need to be prepared to present evidence to the judge or general magistrate which supports your position(s). Gathering evidence is called "discovery." Discovery is governed by Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure 12.280 - 12.410 and Florida Rules of Civil Procedure 1.280 - 1.410.

Some discovery methods are:

- 1. Interrogatories written questions you send to the other party. See Forms 12.930(a), Notice of Service of Standard Family Law Interrogatories, and 12.930(b), Standard Family Law Interrogatories for Original Proceedings, and their instructions.
- 2. Notice of Production from Non-Party/Subpoena a request to someone who is not a party in the case (not the other party) to provide copies of documents to you or to produce documents to be copied by you. See Forms 12.931(a), Notice of Production from Non-Party, and 12.931(b), Subpoena for Production of Documents, and their instructions.
- 3. Depositions taking someone's testimony (a party or non-party) under oath before a court reporter.
- 4. Request for Production of Documents and Things a written request that the other party provide specified documents or things for you to copy or examine. See Florida Rule of Civil Procedure 1.350.

Not all evidence can be considered by the judge or general magistrate. Evidence must conform to the Rules of Evidence in Chapter 90 of the Florida Statutes to be admissible in court. The duty of establishing the facts that you want to present to the court, or the <u>burden of proof</u>, is on YOU. You should provide the judge or general magistrate with admissible evidence to support the claims in your petition and your statements in court.

STEP 10 – Scheduling the final hearing

IF THE OTHER PARTY DOES NOT HAVE AN ATTORNEY

- 1. Contact the Case Management Unit (813-272-5173) to schedule the final hearing.
- 2. You will be contacted by mail regarding a court date.

IF THE OTHER PARTY IS REPRESENTED BY AN ATTORNEY

- 1. Contact the judicial assistant (J.A.) for the judge to whom your case is assigned and ask the J.A. for 3 possible hearing dates and times.
- 2. Call the opposing attorney and ask which of those dates and times is best for him/her.
- 3. Call the J.A. and tell her which date and time you have chosen.
- 4. Complete a Notice of Hearing, Form 12.923, with the place, date, and time of the hearing.
- 5. Sign the Notice of Hearing and complete the Certificate of Service part of the notice which states the date you are filing the notice and how you are providing a copy to the opposing attorney.
- 6. Make 3 copies of the Notice of Hearing.
- 7. File the original Notice of Hearing with the clerk.
- 8. Give a copy of the Notice of Hearing to the J.A., send a copy of the notice to the other party's attorney, and keep a copy of the notice for your records.

COURT REPORTER?

If you want a court reporter for the hearing, you must arrange for this in advance and you must pay the court reporter's fee. If there is no record of the hearing and the judge rules against you, you may not be able to appeal the decision.

STEP 11 – The final hearing

Normally the final hearing is when the petition (and counterpetition, if one was filed) will be considered and all issues will be decided. If you do not go to the final hearing your case may be dismissed.

HOW TO DRESS - Dress appropriately. No shorts, tank tops, or sandals. Do not chew gum.

WHAT TO BRING - All evidence you want the court to consider in deciding your case, if your case is contested

WHAT TO EXPECT

The hearing will take place in a hearing room or a courtroom. You will not be in front of a jury, just the general magistrate or judge. Do not interrupt the magistrate or judge when he or she speaks. When speaking to the magistrate or judge, address him or her as "Your Honor" or "Judge."

Each court has at least one bailiff who is a deputy sheriff and is there to maintain order. When you arrive for your hearing, let the bailiff know that you are present and ready. He or she will announce your case when it is time for your hearing, and will tell you where to sit and where to place your belongings as you enter the hearing room. A bailiff will usually remain inside the room during your hearing. If witnesses are called, the bailiff will step out to bring the witness into the hearing room.

At your hearing, be prepared to discuss any issues covered in the petition (and the counterpetition, if one was filed) and be able to provide proof of any disputed facts by presenting evidence. Evidence is proof presented at a hearing in the form of witnesses (people), exhibits (documents), and objects (things). Not all evidence can be considered by the general magistrate or judge, however. Evidence must conform to the Rules of Evidence in Chapter 90 of the Florida Statutes to be admissible in court. Remember, the duty of establishing the facts that you want to present to the court is on YOU. You should provide the judge with admissible evidence to support the claims in your petition and your statements in court. Telling your story may not be enough to win your case.

Once both sides have presented their evidence, the general magistrate or judge will make a decision and an order will be prepared. The order will contain all the details of the court's decision. You will receive a copy of the order in the mail. The original order will go to the clerk's office to be filed in your court file.

Family Forms and Packets - available for purchase at the Court Business Center

Form Packets with Instructions:

- 1) Complete packets with all forms and self-help instructions are priced individually and available at the Court Business Center (CBC), in Room 630 (6th Floor) of the George Edgecomb Courthouse, 800 E. Twiggs Street, Tampa, Florida.
- 2) Free online at:
 - a) www.fljud13.org/SelfHelp.aspx → Access Forms
 - b) www.hillsclerk.com/About-Us/Forms → Family Law

Individual Forms (may not include necessary instructions):

- 1) For \$.10 per page at the Court Business Center (CBC), in Room 630 (6th Floor) of the George Edgecomb Courthouse, 800 E. Twiggs Street, Tampa, Florida.
- 2) Free online at: www.flcourts.org → then click on "Family Law Forms"

YOU MAY FILE FORMS AT THE FOLLOWING LOCATIONS:

Tampa - George Edgecomb Courthouse – Main Location

Clerk of the Circuit Court, 800 E. Twiggs Street, Room 101, Tampa, FL 33602

<u>Brandon – Brandon Regional Service Center</u>

Clerk of the Circuit Court, 311 Pauls Drive, Suite 110, Brandon, FL 33511

Plant City – Plant City Courthouse

Clerk of the Circuit Court, 301 N. Michigan, Room 1071, Plant City, FL 33563

AVISO

No podemos actualizar las instrucciones en Español tan a menudo como actualizamos las instrucciones en Inglés.

Por favor de notar que las formas y las instrucciones en esta sección no son necesariamente las más recientes.

NOTICE

We are not able to update the Spanish language instructions as often as we update the English instructions. Please note that the forms and instructions in this section may not be current.

CIRCUITO JUDICIAL NÚMERO TRECE DIVISIÓN DE DERECHO DE FAMILIA

PETICIÓN PARA ESTABLECER LAS RESPONSABILIDADES DE LOS PADRES Y HORARIO DE PLAN DE CRIANZA/TIEMPO COMPARTIDO

(Paquete #32)

UTILICE ESTE PAQUETE ÚNICAMENTE SI:

- 1) HAY UNA ORDEN JUDICIAL EXISTENTE SOBRE PENSIÓN ALIMENTARIA DE HIJOS <u>PERO NO</u> SOBRE LA RESPONSABILIDAD DE LOS PADRES Y HORARIO DE PLAN DE CRIANZA/TIEMPO COMPARTIDO, y
- 2) LAS PARTES NO ESTÁN CASADAS, y
- 3) EL MENOR ES RESIDENTE DEL CONDADO DEL HILLSBOROUGH, y
- 4) EL MENOR HA SIDO RESIDENTE DE LA FLORIDA AL MENOS DURANTE LOS ÚLTIMOS SEIS MESES

Si usted decide representarse a usted mismo (pro se) en su caso, usted debe estar consciente de que deberá seguir las mismas reglas establecidas para las personas representadas por abogados. El juez asignado para su caso no necesariamente tendrá que otorgarle lo que usted solicite en un formulario. Es posible que usted no pueda modificar el resultado del caso si no está de acuerdo con este. Si tiene preguntas o inquietudes sobre su caso usted debe consultar un abogado.

Si no conoce a un abogado, puede comunicarse al Servicio de Remisión de Abogados (*Lawyer Referral Service*) al 221-7780. Si usted no tiene dinero para contratar a un abogado, puede solicitar asistencia a *Bay Area Legal Services* llamando al 232-1343. También puede solicitar información legal en el Centro de Información Legal (*Legal Information Center*) de la Corte George Edgecomb (llame al 864-2280 para horarios e información).

Todas las instrucciones y formularios distribuidos por el Circuito Judicial Número Trece son provistas como un servicio público para las personas que buscan representarse a sí mismas en la corte sin la asistencia de un abogado. Estos documentos son solamente una guía y ayuda para los casos de los litigantes *pro se* (que se representan a sí mismos). El Circuito Judicial Número Trece no le garantiza que las instrucciones o las formas resultarán en el desenlace deseado para las partes ni que un juez en particular seguirá los procedimientos textualmente o que aceptará cada uno o la totalidad de los formularios tal y como fueron escritos. Cualquier persona que utilice estas instrucciones o formularios, lo hace bajo su propio riesgo y el Circuito Judicial Número Trece no se hará responsable por pérdidas ocasionadas a persona alguna que use estas instrucciones y/o formularios.

En ningún caso la Corte Suprema de la Florida, la Barra de Florida (*Florida Bar*), o cualquiera que contribuya a la creación de estos formularios, comentarios, y apéndices será responsable por el daño directo, indirecto o consecuencial que su uso pueda causar.

REQUISITO DE LAS CLASES DE CRIANZA

Ambas partes deben asistir a una clase de crianza en todos los casos que involucren menores o niños dependientes, antes de que se pueda asignar al caso una fecha de audiencia.

Padres, Hijos & Divorcio

Teléfono (Inglés): 1 (800) 767-8193 / Teléfono (Español) 1(888) 227-1022 Página en Red: <u>www.educationprograms.com</u>

Padres por toda la Vida

Teléfono: 1 (813) 253-7980

Para programar clases sobre crianza en Inglés visite:

http://www.hcccontinuinged.com/training-courses/course-details.cfm?ID=894

Para clases de Paternidad en Español visite:

http://www.hcccontinuinged.com/training-courses/course-details.cfm?ID=927

TEREM Clases de Crianza y Estabilización de la Familia

Teléfono: 1 (813) 951-4991 / Página en Red: www.teremed.org

<u>NO</u> se aceptan clases tomadas en linea salvo que usted viva fuera de Florida o salvo que el juez otorgue permiso. Si ninguna de las partes esta representada por abogado, usted debe contactar al Case Management Unit (<u>prose@flujud13.org</u>) y averiguar si el juez aceptaría clases en línea. Si alguna de las partes está representada por abogado, usted debe radicar una moción solicitando permiso para tomar las clases en línea.

FORMULARIOS INCLUIDOS EN ESTE PAQUETE	FORMULARIO #	CUANDO USARLO
Información General para Personas que se representan a sí mismas	Apéndice C	Únicamente para su información
12 Reglas de Civismo en la Corte	12 Reglas	Necesarias para iniciar un proceso
Declaración de que no se es Abogado	12.900(a)	Necesaria si una persona que no es abogado le ayuda con los formularios
Carátula para Demandas Civiles	12.928	Necesaria para iniciar un proceso
Petición para Establecer la Responsabilidad de los Padres y un Horario de Plan de Crianza/Tiempo Compartido (Petition to Establish Parental Responsibility and a Parenting Plan/Time Sharing Schedule)	PPP	Necesaria para iniciar un proceso
Plan de Crianza	12.995(a)	Necesario (utilice este formulario si NO le preocupa la seguridad o la supervisión del tiempo compartido)
Plan de Crianza supervisado u orientado a la seguridad	12.995(b)	Necesario (utilice este formulario si SÍ le preocupa la seguridad o la supervisión del tiempo compartido)
Affidávit acorde con Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act Affidavit (UCCJEA)	12.902(d)	Necesario para iniciar un proceso
Citación: Notificación Personal a un Individuo	12.910(a)	Necesaria para iniciar un proceso
Memorando de Notificación del Proceso	12.910(b)	Necesario para iniciar un proceso
Notificación de Caso Relacionado	12.900(h)	Necesaria

FORMULARIOS INCLUIDOS EN ESTE PAQUETE	FORMULARIO #	CUANDO USARLO
Afidávit de que no se es Militar (Nonmilitary Affidavit)	12.912(b)	Usar únicamente si la contraparte NO está en el servicio militar y no radica una respuesta
Moción de Incomparecencia (Motion for Default)	12.922(a)	Usar si no se ha radicado una respuesta dentro de los 20 días siguientes a la notificación
Incomparecencia (Default)	12.922(b)	Usar si no se ha radicado una respuesta dentro de los 20 días siguientes a la notificación
Notificación de Audiencia	12.923	Utilizar cuando haya sido fijada una fecha de audiencia
Lista de Tarifas para Casos de Derecho de Familia	Tarifas	Lista de Tarifas para Casos relacionados con derecho de familia.
Notificación de Información Confidencial contenida en documentos radicados.	2.40(d)(2)	Para alertar al escribano de la corte (Clerk) de la existencia de información confidencial.

INSTRUCCIONES PASO A PASO

PRIMER PASO - Complete los formularios para iniciar el proceso y adelante trámite notarial

- 1. LOS FORMULARIOS DEBEN SER COMPLETADOS Y FIRMADOS EN TINTA NEGRA Y LA MAYORÍA DEBEN SURTIR TRÁMITE NOTARIAL. La oficina del escribano (*clerk's office*) adelantará el trámite notarial por una tarifa (ver la lista de cargos anexa). Por favor lleve una identificación válida.
- 2. Los nombres deben ser escritos de la misma manera en todos los documentos (no nombres completos en una forma y las iniciales en otra).

3. Complete las siguiente formas y adelantar el tramite notarial en aquellas provean una linea para la firma del notario:

- A) Carátula para Demandas Civiles (usar únicamente si usted está iniciando un nuevo proceso con un nuevo número de caso)
- B) 12 Reglas de Civismo en la Corte (no es necesario el trámite notarial)
- C) Petición para Establecer la Responsabilidad de los Padres y el horario del plan de crianza/ tiempo compartido (*Petition to Establish Parental Responsibility and a Parenting Plan/Time Sharing Schedule*)
- D) Plan de Crianza:
 - -Formulario normal, Formulario 12.995(a), utilice este formulario si NO le preocupa la seguridad o la supervisión del tiempo compartido)
 - Plan de Crianza supervisado u orientado a la seguridad, Formulario 12.995(b), utilice este formulario si SÍ le preocupa la seguridad o la supervisión del tiempo compartido.
- E) Affidávit de acuerdo con el *Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act* (UCCJEA), Formulario 12.902(d)
- F) Citación: Notificación Personal a un Individuo, Formulario 12.910(a) (debe ser firmado por el escribano *(clerk)*, no por usted)
- G) Memorando de Notificación del Proceso, Formulario 12.910(b) (no es necesario el trámite notarial)
- H) Notificación de Caso relacionado, Formulario 12.900(h)
- I) Notificación de Información Confidencial, Formulario 2.40(d)(2)

SEGUNDO PASO - Hacer las Copias

Después de completar las formas, firmarlas y completar el trámite notarial, haga dos copias de todo lo que haya firmado (una es para su archivo). Las copias pueden ser obtenidas por una tarifa en el Centro de Negocios de la Corte (*Court Business Center*), en el sexto piso del la Corte George Edgecomb. También puede pagar \$0.15 por página, antes de radicar su caso, en la oficina 101 (*Family Law Intake*).

TERCER PASO - Radicar su caso

- 1) Lleve el paquete *original* completo y firmado a la oficina del escribano (*clerk*) en el 1er piso de la corte principal y pague el cargo correspondiente.
- 2) Si usted está comenzando un nuevo caso, el escribano (*clerk*) le asignará un número de caso y división.
- 3) Citación: el escribano (*clerk*) firmará la citación y se la devolverá. Hay un cargo por esto.

CUARTO PASO - Notificar a la contraparte

CITACIÓN: Anexar la Citación y el Memorando de Notificación del Proceso a una de la copias completa de los documentos y llevarlos al sheriff o a la persona encargada la notificación de los procesos (*process server*) en el condado donde la contraparte va a ser notificada (donde el o ella vive o trabaja). La contraparte tendrá 20 días para radicar la respuesta escrita (respuesta) contados a partir de la fecha en que el sheriff o quien surta la notificación de los procesos

entregue los documentos. CONDADO DE HILLSBOROUGH: el *Hillsborough County Sheriff Civil Process* está localizado en 700 Twiggs Street, tercer piso (al frente del edificio principal de la corte). Se requiere el pago del un cargo que no será devuelto (únicamente efectivo, cheque de cajero o *money order---*no se aceptan cheques personales). Este cargo será renunciado si usted ha radicado una Solicitud de Indigencia Civil (*Application for Civil Indigency*) y el escribano (*clerk*) lo ha marcado como indigente.

QUINTO PASO: Obtener Prueba de la Notificación

CITACIÓN: una vez que la contraparte haya sido notificada, el sheriff o quien haya surtido la notificación de los procesos debe enviarle un recibo indicando la fecha y la hora de la notificación. Radicar este recibo con el escribano (*clerk*).

SEXTO PASO - REVISAR LA RESPUESTA/INCOMPARECENCIA

- 1) Llame a la oficina del escribano de la Corte del Circuito (*Clerk of the Circuit Court*) al (276-8100 ext. 4358) 21 días después de que la contraparte haya sido notificada para verificar si él o ella radicó una respuesta.
- 2) Si una respuesta no fue radicada y la contraparte <u>no</u> está en el servicio militar, complete los siguientes formularios: Affidávit de que no se es Militar (*Nonmilitary Affidavit*) Formulario 12.912(b), Moción de Incomparecencia Formulario 12.922(a), e Incomparecencia (*Default*) Formulario 12.922(b). Lleve al escribano, el Affidávit de que no se es militar, la Moción de Incomparecencia y la Incomparecencia (*Default*) y la prueba de notificación.
- 3) Si una respuesta no fue radicada y la contraparte está en el servicio militar DETÉNGASE y consulte un abogado.
- 4) Si una respuesta fue radicada, obtenga una copia en la Oficina 101 de la corte (si la contraparte no le envió una copia).
- 5) Si la contraparte radicó una contrademanda (*counterpetition*), usted tiene 20 días para radicar una respuesta escrita a la contrademanda. Puede utilizar el Formulario 12.903 (d) Respuesta a la Contrademanda (*Answer to Counterpetition*). Radique el original con el escribano (*clerk*), envíe una copia a la contraparte, y guarde una copia para su archivo personal.

SÉPTIMO PASO - Mediación (únicamente si la contraparte radicó una respuesta negando alguna de las pretensiones o si radica una contrademanda)

Si la contraparte radicó una respuesta y disputa alguna de las pretensiones de su petición, usted y la contraparte deben intentar resolver los asuntos mediante mediación. Llame a la Oficina de *Mediation and Diversión* al 813-272-5642 y solicite que fijen una fecha para la mediación. Si la contraparte no se pone en contacto con el departamento de mediación o los asuntos no pueden ser resueltos en mediación, una audiencia para su petición será fijada.

OCTAVO PASO - Clase de Crianza

Ambas partes deben asistir a una clase de crianza para que la fecha de la audiencia final para el divorcio sea fijada. La información sobre clases de crianza aprobadas en este circuito, contactos y registro, se encuentra en la página 2 de estas instrucciones. Cuando complete el curso escriba su número de caso en el certificado de terminación y radíquelo con el escribano (*clerk*).

NOVENO PASO - Preparar su caso / reunir la evidencia (si usted y la contraparte no llegan a un acuerdo y su caso es cuestionado).

Si la contraparte está cuestionando asuntos en su caso, usted deberá estar preparado para presentar evidencia que apoye su posición ante el juez o magistrado general. El proceso de reunir la evidencia se llama descubrimiento *-Discovery-*. El Descubrimiento está gobernado por el *Florida Family Rules of Procedure* 12.280 - 12.410 y las *Florida Rules of Civil Procedure* 1.280 - 1.410. Algunos métodos de descubrimiento son:

- 1. Interrogatorios Preguntas escritas que se envían a la contraparte. Ver formularios 12.930 (a), *Notice of Service of Standard Family Law Interrogatories*, y 12.930 (b), *Standards Family Law Interrogatories for Original Proceedings*, y sus instrucciones.
- 2. Notificación de Producción a un tercero / Comparendo (*Notice of Production from Non-Party/Subpoena*): es la solicitud a alguien que no es parte del proceso (no la contraparte) para que le entregue copias de los documentos o para que le preste los documentos para que usted los copie. Vea formularios 12.931 (a), *Notice of Production from Non-Party*, y 12.931 (b), *Subpoena for Production of Documents*, y sus instrucciones.
- 3. Testimonio: tomar el testimonio de alguien (parte o no parte) bajo juramento ante un reportero de la corte.
- 4. Solicitud para la Producción de Documentos y Cosas (*Request for Production of Documents and Things*). Es una solicitud escrita para que la contraparte le entregue documentos específicos o cosas para copiar o examinar. Ver *Florida Rule of Civil Procedure*, 1.350.

No toda la evidencia puede ser considerada por el juez o magistrado general. La evidencia debe estar acorde con las Reglas de Evidencia en el Capítulo 90 de los Estatutos de la Florida. El deber de establecer los hechos que quiere presentar en la corte, o la carga de la prueba, recae en USTED. Usted es responsable de presentarle al juez evidencia admisible para apoyar las solicitudes de su demanda y sus afirmaciones en corte.

NOVENO PASO - Programar la audiencia final

SI LA CONTRAPARTE NO TIENE ABOGADO:

- 1. Contacte al Case Management Unit (813-272-5173) para fijar una audiencia final.
- 2. Usted será contactado (a) por correo sobre la fecha en la corte.

SI LA CONTRAPARTE ESTÁ REPRESENTADA POR UN ABOGADO:

- 1. Llame al asistente judicial (*J.A*) del juez asignado a su caso y solicite 3 posibles fechas para la audiencia.
- 2. Llame al abogado de la contraparte y pregúntele cual de las 3 fechas y hora le conviene mas a él o ella.
- 3. Llame al asistente judicial (J.A) e infórmele qué fecha y hora escogió.
- 4. Complete una Notificación de Audiencia (*Notice of Hearing*), Formulario 12.923, con el lugar, fecha, y hora de la audiencia.

- 5. Firme la Notificación de Audiencia y complete el Certificado de Notificación en el que se establece la fecha en que está radicando la notificación y la manera como le va a hacer llegar una copia al abogado de la contraparte.
- 6. Haga 3 copias de la Notificación de Audiencia.
- 7. Radique el original de la Notificación de Audiencia en la oficina del escribano (*clerk*).
- 8. Entregue una copia de la Notificación de Audiencia al asistente judicial (*J.A*), envíe una copia de la notificación al abogado de la contraparte, y guarde una copia para su archivo personal.

REPORTERO DE LA CORTE?

Si desea contar con un reportero de la corte durante la audiencia, usted debe hacer los arreglos pertinentes con anterioridad y pagar a la corte los honorarios del reportero. Si no hay registro de la audiencia y el juez falla en contra suya es posible que usted no pueda apelar la decisión.

DÉCIMO PASO - La audiencia final

Normalmente en la audiencia final es cuando se decidirá su petición (y contrademanda si se radicó alguna) y se decidirán todos los asuntos. Si usted no asiste su caso puede ser desestimado.

CÓMO VESTIRSE - Vístase apropiadamente. No use pantalones cortos (*shorts*), camisetas sin mangas (*tank tops*) o sandalias. No mastique chicle.

QUÉ TRAER

Toda la evidencia que usted quiere que la corte tenga en cuenta, para la decisión de su caso, si su caso es cuestionado.

QUÉ ESPERAR

La audiencia tendrá lugar en una sala de audiencia o sala de la corte. Usted no estará frente a un jurado, solamente frente a un magistrado general o juez. No interrumpa al magistrado o juez cuando el o ella hable. Cuando se dirija al magistrado o al juez, llámelo/a "Honorable" ("Your Honor") o "Juez" ("Judge").

Cada corte tiene por lo menos un alguacil que es un ayudante de sheriff y se encuentra allí para mantener el orden. Cuando usted llegue para la audiencia deje que el alguacil sepa que usted está presente y listo. El o ella anunciará su caso cuando llegue el momento de su audiencia y le informará donde sentarse y en donde acomodar sus pertenencias cuando entre a la sala de audiencias. Por lo general un alguacil permanecerá dentro de la sala durante su audiencia. Si se llaman testigos, el alguacil saldrá a buscarlos para traerlos a la sala de audiencia.

Durante su audiencia, esté preparado para discutir cualquiera de los asuntos de que trate la petición (y contrademanda si se radicó alguna) y esté listo para presentar pruebas de cualquiera de los hechos controvertidos por medio de evidencias. Evidencias son pruebas presentadas durante una audiencia bajo la forma de testigos (personas), documentos (papeles), u objetos (cosas). Sin embargo, el magistrado general o juez no puede tener en cuenta toda la evidencia. Las pruebas deben estar conforme a las Reglas de Evidencia del Capítulo 90 de las Leyes de Florida para ser admisibles en corte. Recuerde que USTED tiene el deber de establecer los

hechos que quiere presentar ante la corte. Usted debe presentarle al juez evidencia admisible como soporte de las reclamaciones en su petición y de sus afirmaciones en la corte. Contar su historia, simplemente, puede no ser suficiente para ganar su caso.

Una vez que ambas partes han presentado su evidencia, el magistrado general o juez tomará una decisión y una orden será preparada. La orden contendrá todos los detalles de la decisión de la corte. Usted recibirá una copia de la orden por correo. El original irá a la oficina del escribano (*clerk's office*) para ser archivado en su expediente judicial.

Formularios y Paquetes de Familia - disponibles para compra en el Court Business Center Paquetes de Formularios con Instrucciones:

- 1) Paquetes completos con todos los formularios e instrucciones de auto-ayuda se encuentran disponibles para compra, a precios individuales, en el Court Business Center (CBC), Oficina 630 (Piso 6°) de la corte George Edgecomb, 800 E. Twiggs Street, Tampa, Florida.
- 2) Gratis en línea en:
 - a) www.fljud13.org/Portals/0/Forms/pdfs/family/packetList.pdf
- b) <u>www.hillsclerk.com/publicweb/forms.aspx#FamilyLaw</u> → y luego clic en "Family Law"

Formularios Individuales (no siempre incluyen las instrucciones necesarias):

- 1) A 10 centavos por página en el Court Business Center (CBC), Oficina 630 (Piso 6°) de la corte George Edgecomb, 800 E. Twiggs Street, Tampa, Florida.
- 2) Gratis en línea en: <u>www.flcourts.org</u> → y luego clic en "Family Law Forms"

USTED PUEDE COMPRAR Y RADICAR LOS FORMULARIOS EN LAS SIGUIENTES LOCALIDADES:

<u>Tampa - George Edgecomb Courthouse - Main Location</u>

Clerk of the Circuit Court, 800 E. Twiggs Street, Room 101, Tampa, FL 33602

Brandon – Brandon Regional Service Center

Clerk of the Circuit Court, 311 Pauls Drive, Suite 110, Brandon, FL 33511

<u>Plant City – Plant City Courthouse</u>

Clerk of the Circuit Court, 301 N. Michigan, Room 1071, Plant City, FL 33563

Ruskin/Sun City – SouthShore Regional Service Center

Clerk of the Circuit Court, 410 30th Street SE, Ruskin, FL 33570

FAMILY LAW FORMS, COMMENTARY, AND INSTRUCTIONS GENERAL INFORMATION FOR SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS (02/18)

You should read this General Information thoroughly before taking any other steps to file your case or represent yourself in court. Most of this information is not repeated in the attached forms. This information should provide you with an overview of the court system, its participants, and its processes. It should be useful whether you want to represent yourself in a pending matter or have a better understanding of the way family court works. This is not intended as a substitute for legal advice from an attorney. Each case has its own particular set of circumstances, and an attorney may advise you of what is best for you in your individual situation.

These instructions are not the only place that you can get information about how a family case works. You may want to look at other books for more help. The Florida Statutes, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure, Florida Rules of Civil Procedure, and other legal information or books may be found at the public library or in a law library at your county courthouse or a law school in your area. If you are filing a petition for **Name Change** and/or **Adoption**, these instructions may not apply.

If the word(s) is printed in **bold**, this means that the word is being emphasized. Throughout these instructions, you will also find words printed in **bold** and **underlined**. This means that the definitions of these words may be found in the glossary of common family law terms at the end of this general information section.

Commentary

1995 Adoption. To help the many people in family law court cases who do not have attorneys to represent them (pro se litigants), the Florida Supreme Court added these simplified forms and directions to the Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure. The directions refer to the Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure or the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure. Many of the forms were adapted from the forms accompanying the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure. Practitioners should refer to the committee notes for those forms for rule history.

The forms were adopted by the Court pursuant to Family Law Rules of Procedure, 667 So. 2d 202 (Fla. 1995); In re Petition for Approval of Forms Pursuant to Rule 10-1.1(b) of the Rules Regulating the Florida Bar—Stepparent Adoption Forms, 613 So. 2d 900 (Fla. 1992); Rules Regulating the Florida Bar—Approval of Forms, 581 So. 2d 902 (Fla. 1991).

Although the forms are part of these rules, they are not all inclusive and additional forms, as necessary, should be taken from the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure as provided in Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure. Also, the following notice has been included to strongly encourage individuals to seek the advice, when needed, of an attorney who is a member in good standing of the Florida Bar.

1997 Amendment. In 1997, the Florida Family Law Forms were completely revised to simplify and correct the forms. Additionally, the appendices were eliminated, the instructions contained in the appendices were incorporated into the forms, and the introduction following the Notice to Parties was created. Minor changes were also made to the Notice to Parties set forth below.

NOTICE TO PARTIES WHO ARE NOT REPRESENTED BY AN ATTORNEY WHO IS A MEMBER IN GOOD STANDING OF THE FLORIDA BAR

If you have questions or concerns about these forms, instructions, commentary, the use of the forms, or your legal rights, it is strongly recommended that you talk to an attorney. If you do not know an attorney, you should call the lawyer referral service listed in the yellow pages of the telephone book under "Attorney." If you do not have the money to hire an attorney, you should call the legal aid office in your area.

Because the law does change, the forms and information about them may have become outdated. You should be aware that changes may have taken place in the law or court rules that would affect the accuracy of the forms or instructions.

In no event will the Florida Supreme Court, The Florida Bar, or anyone contributing to the production of these forms or instructions be liable for any direct, indirect, or consequential damages resulting from their use.

FAMILY LAW PROCEDURES

Communication with the court. Ex parte communication is communication with the judge with only one party present. Judges are not allowed to engage in ex parte communication except in very limited circumstances, so, absent specific authorization to the contrary, you should not try to speak with or write to the judge in your case unless the other party is present or has been properly notified. If you have something you need to tell the judge, you must ask for a hearing and give notice to the other party or file a written statement in the court file and send a copy of the written statement to the other party.

Filing a case. A case begins with the filing of a <u>petition</u>. A petition is a written request to the court for some type of legal action. The person who originally asks for legal action is called the <u>petitioner</u> and remains the petitioner throughout the case.

A petition is given to the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u>, whose office is usually located in the county courthouse or a branch of the county courthouse. A case number is assigned and an official court file is opened. Delivering the petition to the clerk's office is called <u>filing</u> a case. A <u>filing fee</u> is usually required.

The Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. **Self-represented litigants may file a petition or other pleadings, motions, and documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so.** If you choose to file your petition electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the circuit within which you file. **The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed.**

<u>Service of the original petition or supplemental petition</u>. When one party files a <u>petition</u>, <u>motion</u>, or other <u>pleading</u>, the other party must be "served" with a copy of the document. This means that the other party is given proper notice of the pending action(s) and any scheduled hearings. The person

against whom the original legal action is being requested is called the **respondent**, because he or she is expected to respond to the petition. The respondent remains the respondent throughout the case.

<u>Personal service</u> of the petition and summons on the respondent by a deputy sheriff or private process server is required in all <u>original petitions</u> and <u>supplemental petitions</u>, unless <u>constructive service</u> is permitted by law. Personal service may also be required in other actions by some judges.

Constructive Service. If you absolutely do not know where the other party to your case lives or if the other party resides in another state, you may be able to use constructive service; however, if constructive service is used, other than granting a divorce, the court may only grant limited relief, which cannot include either alimony or child support. For more information on constructive service, see Notice of Action for Dissolution of Marriage (No Child or Financial Support), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.913(a)(1), Notice of Action for Family Cases with Minor Child(ren), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.913(a)(2), Affidavit of Diligent Search and Inquiry, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.913(b), and Affidavit of Diligent Search, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.913(c).. Additionally, if the other party is in the military service of the United States, additional steps for service may be required. See, for example, Memorandum for Certificate of Military Service, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.912(a). In sum, the law regarding constructive service and service on an individual in the military is very complex and you may wish to consult an attorney regarding these issues.

Forms for service of process are included in the Florida Family Law Forms, along with more detailed instructions and information regarding service. The instructions to those forms should be read **carefully** to ensure that you have properly served the other party. **If proper service is not obtained, the court cannot hear your case. Service must be in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.**

Subsequent Service. Other than the original or supplemental petitions, any time you file additional pleadings or motions in your case, you must provide a copy to the other party and include a <u>certificate</u> <u>of service</u>. Likewise, the other party must provide you with copies of everything that he or she files. If the other party is represented by an attorney, you should serve the attorney unless service upon the other party is required by the court.

Electronic Service. After the initial service of process of the petitioner or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain circumstances. You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Rules of Judicial Administration. If you elect to participate in electronic service, which means serving or receiving pleadings by electronic mail (e-mail), or through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal, you must review Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at www.flcourts.org through the link to the Rules of Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the A-Z Topical Index.

SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MAY SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL; HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED TO DO SO. If a self-represented litigant elects to serve and receive documents by e-mail, the procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please **CAREFULLY** read the rules and instructions for: **Certificate of Service (General)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

<u>Default</u>. After being served with a petition or <u>counterpetition</u>, the other party has 20 days to file a response. If a response to a petition is not filed, the petitioner may file a <u>Motion for Default</u>, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.922(a), with the clerk. This means that you may proceed with your case and set a <u>final hearing</u>, and a <u>judge</u> will make a decision, even if the other party will not cooperate. For more information, see rule 12.080(c), Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure.

<u>Answer</u> and Counterpetition. After being served, the respondent has 20 days to file an answer admitting or denying each of the allegations contained in the petition. In addition to an answer, the respondent may also file a counterpetition. In a counterpetition, the respondent may request the same or some other relief or action not requested by the petitioner. If the respondent files a counterpetition, the petitioner should then file an **Answer to Counterpetition**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.903(d), and either admit or deny the allegations in the respondent's counterpetition.

Mandatory disclosure. Rule 12.285, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure, requires each party in a dissolution of marriage to exchange certain information and documents, and file a Family Law Financial Affidavit, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(b) or (c). Failure to make this required disclosure within the time required by the Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure may allow the court to dismiss the case or to refuse to consider the pleadings of the party failing to comply. This requirement also must be met in other family law cases, except adoptions, simplified dissolutions of marriage, enforcement proceedings, contempt proceedings, and proceedings for injunctions for domestic or repeat violence. The Certificate of Compliance with Mandatory Disclosure, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.932, lists the documents that must be given to the other party. For more information see rule 12.285, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure, and the instructions to the Certificate of Compliance with Mandatory Disclosure, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.932.

Parenting Plan. If your case involves minor or dependent child(ren), a **Parenting Plan** shall be approved or established by the court. **Parenting Plan**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form, 12.995(a), **Safety-Focused Parenting Plan**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.995(b), or **Relocation/Long Distance Parenting Plan**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.995(c). The Parenting Plan shall be developed and agreed to by the parents and approved by a court.

If the parents cannot agree, or if the agreed Parenting Plan is not approved, the court must establish a Parenting Plan. The Parenting Plan shall contain a time-sharing schedule and should address the issues regarding the child(ren)'s education, health care, and physical, social, and emotional well-being.

Setting a hearing or trial. Generally, the court will have hearings on motions, final hearings on uncontested or default cases, and trials on contested cases. Before setting your case for final hearing or trial, certain requirements such as completing mandatory disclosure and filing certain papers and having them served on the other party must be met. These requirements vary depending on the type of case and the procedures in your particular jurisdiction. For further information, you should refer to the instructions for the type of form you are filing.

Next, you must obtain a hearing or trial date so that the court may consider your request. You should ask the clerk of court, or <u>family law intake staff</u> about the local procedure for setting a hearing or trial, which you should attend. These family law forms contain <u>orders</u> and <u>final judgments</u>, which the judge may use. You should ask the clerk of court or family law intake staff if you need to bring one of these forms with you to the hearing or trial. If so, you should type or print the heading, including the circuit, county, case number, division, and the parties' names, and leave the rest blank for the judge to complete at your hearing or trial.

The shaded areas below explain different parts of family law forms. Although each form you use may not contain each part explained below, all forms contain a case style which identifies the judicial circuit and county in Florida in which the case is filed, the division within that circuit to which the case is assigned, the parties in the case, and the number of the case. Some, but not all, forms require that the person signing the form state under oath that what he or she claims in the form is true; those particular forms must be signed in the presence of either a deputy clerk of the court or a notary public who witnesses your signature before notarizing the form. Most forms contain a nonlawyer clause which requests certain information be provided by any person who is not licensed to practice law in the State of Florida who has helped you to complete the form.

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					<u> </u>
Each form that provides a bla instructions which ask f	•				
IN THE CIRCUIT CO	URT OF THE	(1)		JUDICIAL CIRCUIT,	
IN AND FO	OR	(2)	COUN	ITY, FLORIDA	
			Case No.:	(3)	
			Division:	(4)	
<u>(5)</u>	,				
	Petitioner,				
and					
(6)	,				
	Respondent.				

- **Line 1** The clerk of court can tell you the number of your judicial circuit. Type or print it here.
- **Line 2** Type or print your county name on line (2).
- **Line 3** If you are filing an initial petition or pleading, the Clerk of the Court will assign a case number after the case is filed. You should type or print this case number on all papers you file in this case.
- **Line 4** The clerk of the court can tell you the name of the division in which your case is being filed, and you should type or print it here. Divisions vary from court to court. For example, your case may be filed in the civil division, the family division, or the juvenile division.
- **Line 5** Type or print the legal name of the person who originally filed the case on line 5. This person is the petitioner because he/she is the one who filed the original petition.
- **Line 6** Type or print the other party's legal name on line 6. The other party is the respondent because he/she is responding to the petition.

Some forms require that your signature be witnessed. If so, you must sign the form in the presence of a **notary public** or deputy clerk (employee of the clerk of the court's office). When signing the form, you must have a valid photo identification unless the notary knows you personally. You should completely fill in all lines (1 & 3–8) except 2 with the requested information, if applicable. **Line 2, the signature line,**

must be signed in the presence of the <u>notary public</u> or <u>deputy clerk</u>.DO NOT SIGN OR FILL IN THE PART OF THE FORM WHICH ASKS FOR THE NOTARY'S OR CLERK'S SIGNATURE. This section of the form is to be completed by either the deputy clerk or the notary public who is witnessing your signature.

	under oath to the truthfulness of the claims made in this ringly making a false statement includes fines and/or
Dated:(1)	
(2)	(2)
	Signature of Petitioner
	Printed Name:
	(3) Address:
(4)	Address.
	City, State, Zip: (5)
	Telephone Number: (6)
	Fax Number: (7)
	Designated E-mail Address(es): (8)
STATE OF ELODIDA	
STATE OF FLORIDA	
COUNTY OF	
Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me on	hy
Sworn to or annined and signed before the on	
	NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK
	{Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary or
	clerk.}
Personally known	
Produced identification	
Type of identification produced	

<u>Non-lawyer Clause.</u> The section below should be completed by anyone who helps you fill out these forms but is **not** an attorney who is a member in good standing of The Florida Bar, which means that he or she is not licensed to practice law in Florida.

IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW:

[fill in **all** blanks] This form was prepared for the: {either Petitioner or Respondent; or Husband or Wife} This form was completed with the assistance of:

{name of individual}	(1)	,
{name of business}	(2)	,
{address}	(3)	,
{city} (4)	,{state} <u>(5)</u>	, {zip code} (6) ,{telephone number} (7) .

Line 1 The <u>nonlawyer</u> who helps you should type or print his or her name on line 1.

Lines 2–7 The nonlawyer's business name, address, (including street, city, state, zip code, and telephone number) should be typed or printed on lines 2–7.

In addition, a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), should be completed if a nonlawyer assists you. The disclosure is available as a family law form and should be completed before the nonlawyer helps you. This is to be sure that you understand the role and limitations of a nonlawyer. You and the nonlawyer should keep a copy of this disclosure for your records.

FAMILY LAW GLOSSARY OF COMMON TERMS AND DEFINITIONS

Note: The following definitions are intended to be helpful, BUT they are not intended to constitute legal advice or address every possible meaning of the term(s) contained in this glossary.

Affidavit - a written statement in which the facts stated are sworn or affirmed to be true.

Alimony-spousal support which may be ordered by the court in a proceeding for dissolution of marriage. Types of alimony include: bridge-the-gap, durational, rehabilitative, or retroactive, and may be either temporary or permanent. The court may order periodic payments, payments in lump sum, or both. In determining whether to award alimony, the court must determine whether either party has an actual need for alimony and whether the other party has the ability to pay. The court must consider the factors set forth in section 61.08, Florida Statutes, and must make certain written findings. An alimony award may not leave the paying party with significantly less net income than that of the receiving party without written findings of exceptional circumstances.

Answer - written response by a respondent that states whether he or she admits (agrees with) or denies (disagrees with) the allegations in the petition. Any allegations not specifically denied are considered to be admitted.

Appeal - asking a district court of appeal to review the decision in your case. There are strict procedural and time requirements for filing an appeal.

Asset - everything owned by you or your spouse, including property, cars, furniture, bank accounts, jewelry, life insurance policies, businesses, or retirement plans. An asset may be marital or nonmarital, but that distinction is for the court to determine if you and your spouse do not agree.

Attorney - a person with special education and training in the field of law who is a member in good standing of The Florida Bar and licensed to practice law in Florida. An attorney is the only person who is allowed to give you legal advice. An attorney may file your case and represent you in court, or just advise you of your rights before you file your own case. In addition to advising you of your rights, an attorney may tell you what to expect and help prepare you for court. In family law matters, you are not entitled to a court-appointed lawyer, like a public defender in a criminal case. However, legal assistance is often available for those who are unable to hire a private attorney. You may consult the yellow pages of the telephone directory for a listing of legal aid or lawyer referral services in your area, or ask your local clerk of court or family law intake staff what services are available in your area. You may also obtain information from the Florida Supreme Court's Internet site located at http://www.flcourts.org.

Bond - money paid to the clerk of court by one party in a case, to be held and paid to an enjoined party in the event that the first party causes loss or damage of property as a result of wrongfully enjoining the other party.

Beneficiary Designation-Florida law provides that a beneficiary designation made by or on behalf of a party providing for the payment or transference of an asset or benefit upon his or her death to the other spouse is void when the final judgment dissolving or declaring a marriage invalid is signed, unless the final judgment specifically states otherwise. Federal law and other statutory provisions may also apply. This includes, but is not limited to, such assets as life insurance policies, annuities, employee benefit plans, individual retirement accounts, and payable-on-death accounts. Whether or not to continue a beneficiary designation is a complex area of the law and you may wish to consult with an attorney.

Bridge-the-Gap Alimony-spousal support which is ordered to assist a party to make the transition from being married to being single. Bridge-the-Gap alimony is designed to assist a party with legitimate, identifiable short-time needs; its length cannot exceed two years and it cannot be modified.

Central Depository-the office of the clerk of court that is responsible for collecting and disbursing court ordered alimony and child support payments. The depository also keeps payment records and files judgments if support is not paid.

Certificate of Service - a document that must be filed whenever a form you are using does not contain a statement for you to fill in showing to whom you are sending copies of the form. Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914 is the certificate of service form and contains additional instructions.

Certified Copy - a copy of an order or final judgment, certified by the clerk of the circuit court to be an authentic copy.

Certified Mail - mail which requires the receiving party to sign as proof that they received it.

Child Support - money paid from one parent to the other for the benefit of their dependent or minor child(ren).

Clerk of the Circuit Court - elected official in whose office papers are filed, a case number is assigned, and case files are maintained. The clerk's office usually is located in the county courthouse.

Concurrent Custody-(for the purposes of a petition filed pursuant to chapter 751, Florida Statutes) means that an eligible extended family member is awarded custodial rights to care for a child or children concurrently with the child(ren)'s parent or parents.

Constructive Service - notification of the other party by newspaper publication or posting of notice at designated places when the other party cannot be located for personal service. You may also be able to use constructive service when the other party lives in another state. Constructive service is also called "service by publication." However, when constructive service is used, the relief the Court may grant is limited; that relief cannot include either alimony or child support. For more information on service, see the instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Forms 12.910(a) and 12.913(b) and Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Forms 12.913(a)(1) and (2).

Contested Issues - any or all issues upon which the parties are unable to agree and which must be resolved by the judge at a hearing or trial.

Contingent Asset - an asset that you **may** receive or get later, such as income, tax refund, accrued vacation or sick leave, a bonus, or an inheritance.

Contingent Liability - a liability that you **may** owe later, such as payments for lawsuits, unpaid taxes, or debts that you have agreed or guaranteed to pay if someone else does not.

Counterpetition - a written request to the court for legal action, which is filed by a respondent after being served with a petition.

Custody Order – a judgment or order incorporating a Parenting Plan is a child custody determination for the purposes of the Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act, the International Child Abduction Remedies Act, 42 U.S.C. ss. 11601 et seq., the Parental Kidnapping Prevention Act, and the Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction enacted at the Hague on October 25, 1980.

Default - a failure of a party to respond to the pleading of another party. This failure to respond may allow the court to decide the case without input from the party who did not appear or respond.

Delinquent - late.

Dependent Child(ren) - child(ren) who depend on their parent(s) for support either because they are under the age of 18, have a mental or physical disability that prevents them from supporting themselves, or are in high school, between the ages of 18 and 19, and performing in good faith with a reasonable expectation of graduation before the age of 19.

Deputy Clerk - an employee of the office of the clerk of court, which is usually located in the county courthouse or a branch of the county courthouse.

Dissolution of Marriage - divorce; a court action to end a marriage.

Durational Alimony-spousal support which is ordered to provide economic assistance for a set period of time following a marriage of short or moderate duration or following a marriage of long duration if there is no ongoing need for support on a permanent basis. Durational alimony terminates upon the death of either party or upon remarriage of the party receiving support. It may be modified or terminated, but cannot exceed the length of a marriage.

Electronic Communication – Contact, other than face-to-face contact, facilitated by tools such as telephones, electronic mail or email, webcams, video-conferencing equipment and software or other wired or wireless technologies, or other means of communication to supplement fact-to face contact between a parent and that parent's minor child.

Enjoined - prohibited by the court from doing a specific act.

Ex Parte - communication with the judge by only one party. In order for a judge to speak with either party, the other party must have been properly notified and have an opportunity to be heard. If you have something you wish to tell the judge, you should ask for a hearing or file information in the clerk of court's office, with certification that a copy was sent to the other party.

Extended Family Member-(for the purposes of a petition filed pursuant to chapter 751, Florida Statutes) is a person who is either:

- 1) A relative of a minor child within the third degree by blood or marriage to the parent; OR
- 2) The stepparent of a minor child if the stepparent is currently married to the parent of the child and is not a party in a pending dissolution, separate maintenance, domestic violence, or other civil or criminal proceeding in any court of competent jurisdiction involving one or both of the child's parents as an adverse party.

Family Law Intake Staff - a court's employee(s) who is (are) available to assist you in filing a family law case. Family law intake staff are not attorneys and cannot give legal advice. They may only assist you with filling out the form(s). Your local clerk's office can tell you if your county has such assistance available.

Filing - delivering a petition, response, motion, or other pleading in a court case to the clerk of court's office.

Filing Fee - an amount of money, set by law, that the petitioner must pay when filing a case. If you cannot afford to pay the fee, you must file an **Application for Determination of Civil Indigent Status**, to ask the clerk to file your case without payment of the fee. This form can be obtained from the clerk's office.

Final Hearing - trial in your case.

Financial Affidavit - a sworn statement that contains information regarding your income, expenses, assets, and liabilities.

Final Judgment - a written document signed by a judge and recorded in the clerk of the circuit court's office that contains the judge's decision in your case.

Guardian ad Litem - a neutral person who may be appointed by the court to evaluate or investigate your child's situation, and file a report with the court about what is in the best interests of your child(ren). Guardians do not "work for" either party. The guardian may interview the parties, visit their homes,

visit the child(ren)'s school(s) and speak with teachers, or use other resources to make their recommendation.

Hearing - a legal proceeding before a judge or designated officer (general magistrate or hearing officer) on a motion.

Health Insurance-coverage under a fee-for-service arrangement, health care maintenance organization, or preferred provider organization, and other types of coverage available to either parent, under which medical services could be provided to a minor or dependent child.

Judge - an elected official who is responsible for deciding matters on which you and the other parties in your case are unable to agree. A judge is a neutral person who is responsible for ensuring that your case is resolved in a manner which is fair, equitable, and legal. A judge is prohibited by law from giving you or the other party any legal advice, recommendations, or other assistance, and may not talk to either party unless both parties are present, represented, or at a properly scheduled hearing.

Judicial Assistant - the judge's personal staff assistant.

Liabilities - everything owed by you or your spouse, including mortgages, credit cards, or car loans. A liability may be marital or nonmarital, but that distinction is for the court to determine if you and your spouse do not agree.

Lump Sum Alimony - money ordered to be paid by one spouse to another in a limited number of payments, often a single payment.

Mandatory Disclosure - items that must be disclosed by both parties except those exempted from disclosure by Florida Family Law Rule 12.285.

Marital Asset - generally, anything that you and/or your spouse acquired or received (by gift or purchase) during the marriage. For example, something you owned before your marriage **may** be nonmarital. An asset may only be determined to be marital by agreement of the parties or determination of the judge.

Marital Liability - generally, any debt that you and/or your spouse incurred during the marriage. A debt may only be determined to be nonmarital by agreement of the parties or determination of the judge.

Mediator - a person who is trained and certified to assist parties in reaching an agreement before going to court. Mediators do not take either party's side and are not allowed to give legal advice. They are only responsible for helping the parties reach an agreement and putting that agreement into writing. In some areas, mediation of certain family law cases may be required before going to court.

Modification - a change made by the court in an order or final judgment.

Motion - a request made to the court, other than a petition.

No Contact - a court order directing a party not speak to, call, send mail to, visit, or go near his or her spouse, ex-spouse, child(ren), or other family member.

Nonlawyer - a person who is not a member in good standing of The Florida Bar.

Nonmarital Asset - generally, anything owned separately by you or your spouse. An asset may only be determined to be nonmarital by either agreement of the parties or determination of the judge.

Nonmarital Liability - generally, any debt that you or your spouse incurred before your marriage or since your separation. A debt may only be determined to be nonmarital by either agreement of the parties or determination of the judge.

Nonparty - a person who is not the petitioner or respondent in a court case.

Notary Public - a person authorized to witness signatures on court related forms.

Obligee - a person to whom money, such as child support or alimony, is owed.

Obligor - a person who is ordered by the court to pay money, such as child support or alimony.

Order - a written decision, signed by a judge and filed in the clerk of the circuit court's office that contains the judge's decision on part of your case, usually on a motion.

Original Petition - see Petition.

Parenting Course - a class that teaches parents how to help their child(ren) cope with divorce and other family issues.

Parenting Plan — a document created to govern the relationship between the parents relating to the decisions that must be made regarding the minor child(ren). The Parenting Plan must contain a time-sharing schedule for the parents and child(ren) and shall address the issues concerning the minor child(ren). The issues concerning the minor child(ren) may include, but are not limited to, the child(ren)'s education, health care, and physical, social, and emotional well-being. In creating the Plan, all circumstances between the parents, including their historic relationship, domestic violence, and other factors must be taken into consideration. The Parenting Plan must be developed and agreed to by the parents and approved by the court. If the parents cannot agree to a Parenting Plan, or if the parents agreed to a plan that is not approved by the court, a Parenting Plan will be established by the court with or without the use of parenting plan recommendations.

Parenting Plan Recommendation – A nonbinding recommendation concerning one or more elements of a Parenting Plan made by a court-appointed mental health practitioner or other professional designated pursuant to either section 61.20 or 61.401, Florida Statutes, or Florida Family Law Rule of Procedure 12.363.

Party - a person involved in a court case, either as a petitioner or respondent.

Paternity Action - A lawsuit used to determine whether a designated individual is the father of a specific child or children.

Payor - an employer or other person who provides income to an obligor.

Permanent Alimony - spousal support ordered to provide for the needs and necessities of life as they were established during the marriage for a party who lacks the financial ability to meet his or her needs and necessities after dissolution of marriage. Permanent alimony is paid at a specified, periodic rate until: modification by a court order; the death of either party; or the remarriage of the party receiving alimony, whichever occurs first. Permanent alimony requires consideration of the factors set forth in section 61.08(2), Florida Statutes, and must include certain written findings by the court.

Personal Service - when a summons and a copy of a petition (or other pleading) that has been filed with the court are delivered by a deputy sheriff or private process server to the other party. Personal service is required for all petitions and supplemental petitions.

Petition - a written request to the court for legal action, which begins a court case.

Petitioner - the person who originally files a petition that begins a court case. The Petitioner remains the Petitioner throughout the duration of the case.

Pleading - a formal, written statement of exactly what a party wants the court to do in a lawsuit or court action.

Pro Se or Self-Represented Litigant - a person who appears in court without the assistance of a lawyer.

Pro Se Coordinator - see **Family Law Intake Staff**.

Rehabilitative Alimony - spousal support ordered to be paid for a limited period of time to allow one of the parties an opportunity to complete a plan of education or training, according to a rehabilitative plan accepted by the court, so that he or she may better support himself or herself after dissolution of marriage.

Relocation- a change in the location of the principal residence of a parent or other person in accordance with section 61.13001, Florida Statutes.

Respondent - the person who is served with a petition requesting some legal action against him or her. The Respondent remains the Respondent throughout the duration of the case.

Scientific Paternity Testing - a medical test to determine the biological father of a child

Service - the delivery of legal documents to a party. Service must be in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

Shared Parental Responsibility - an arrangement under which both parents have full parental rights and responsibilities for their child(ren), and the parents make major decisions affecting the welfare of the child(ren) jointly. Shared Parental Responsibility is presumptive in Florida.

Sole Parental Responsibility - a parenting arrangement under which the responsibility for the minor child(ren) is given to one parent by the court, with or without rights of time-sharing to the other parent.

State Disbursement Unit- the unit established and operated by the Title IV-D agency to provide one central address for the collection and disbursement of child support payments made in both Department of Revenue and non-Department of Revenue cases, in which the obligation is paid through an income deduction order.

Supervised Time-Sharing- a parenting arrangement under which time-sharing between a parent and his or her child(ren) is supervised by either a friend, family member, or a supervised visitation center.

Supplemental Petition - a petition that may be filed by either party after the judge has made a decision in a case and a final judgment or order has been entered. For example, a supplemental petition may be used to request that the court modify the previously entered final judgment or order.

Supportive Relationship-a relationship, defined in section 61.14(1)(b)1, Florida Statutes, existing between an obligee who receives alimony and a person with whom that obligee resides.

Time-Sharing Schedule – a timetable that must be included in the Parenting Plan that specifies the time, including overnights and holidays that a minor child or children will spend with each parent. The time-sharing schedule shall either be developed and agreed to by the parents of a minor child or children and is approved by the court, or established by the court if the parents cannot agree, or if their agreed-upon schedule is not approved by the court.

Trial - the final hearing in a contested case.

Uncontested - any and all issues on which the parties are able to agree and which are part of a marital settlement agreement.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE THIRTEENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA

			Case No.: Division	
	Petitioner,			
and				
	Respondent.	,		

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY FAMILY LAW DIVISION THE TWELVE RULES OF COURTROOM CIVILITY

The judges, general masters and hearing officers assigned to the Family Law Division in Hillsborough County expect that all litigants, whether or not they are represented by attorneys, will conduct themselves in an appropriate fashion so that all parties will be afforded a fair opportunity to present their case.

The following guidelines are meant to assist you in meeting appropriate standards of conduct when you appear in court.

- 1. Be truthful in all statements that you make to the court. False statements under oath constitute perjury which is a criminal offense.
- 2. Do not call or write to the judge. As a general rule, documents and testimony can be read or heard by the judge only in the presence of both parties.
- 3. Be courteous. Other than to make appropriate objections, do not interrupt anyone who is speaking. If you are representing yourself and you have an objection to something a witness says, merely say, "Objection" and the court will allow you to state the nature of your objection.
- 4. Treat all court personnel with respect, including bailiffs, judicial assistants, clerks, court investigators, judges, general masters and hearing officers.
- 5. Do not make faces or gestures at the opposing party, his or her attorney, witnesses or the judge while in the courtroom. Speak directly to the judge or your attorney, not the opposing party or a witness. You will be given an opportunity to be heard by the court.

- 6. Show your respect for the court by dressing appropriately and wearing clean clothes. Coats, ties, suits and dresses are welcome but not required. Shorts, blue jeans, t-shirts and sneakers are not appropriate.
- 7. Do not bring any food or beverage into the courtroom and do not chew gum or eat candy in the courtroom.
- 8. Do not bring children to the courthouse (except in adoption cases), unless the court has so ordered.
- 9. Be aware that witnesses you bring to court are not usually permitted to remain in the courtroom while you, your spouse or former spouse, or other witnesses testify.
- 10. Bring at least four (4) copies of any documents that you intend to offer into evidence.
- 11. All documents should be pre-marked with a case number, name, the date and a space for the judge to admit the document into evidence.
- 12. The courthouse is located in a congested area. Parking is limited and takes time. Plan your time so you can park and be available at least fifteen (15) minutes before the hearing is scheduled to begin.

Signature of Petitioner	Date
Signature of Respondent	Date
read and reviewed with my client his or her	r ragnangihiliting og a litigant

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA FAMILY LAW RULES OF PROCEDURE FORM 12.900(a), DISCLOSURE FROM NONLAWYER

When should this form be used?

This form must be used when anyone who is **not** a lawyer in good standing with The Florida Bar helps you complete any Florida Family Law Form. Attorneys who are licensed to practice in other states but not Florida, or who have been disbarred or suspended from the practice of law in Florida, are nonlawyers for the purposes of the Florida Family Law Forms and instructions.

The nonlawyer must complete this form and both of you are to sign it before the nonlawyer assists you in completing any Family Law Form.

In addition, on any other form with which a nonlawyer helps you, the nonlawyer shall complete the nonlawyer section located at the bottom of the form unless otherwise specified in the instructions to the form. This is to protect you and be sure that you are informed in advance of the nonlawyer's limitations.

What should I do next?

A copy of this disclosure, signed by both the nonlawyer and the person, must be given to the person and the nonlawyer must keep a copy in the person's file. The nonlawyer must keep copies for at least six years of all forms given to the person being assisted.

Special notes...

This disclosure form does NOT act as or constitute a waiver, disclaimer, or limitation of liability.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE THIRTEENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA

	Case No.:
Petitioner,	
and	
Respondent.	_,
•	
DISCLOSURE	E FROM NONLAWYER
<pre>give legal advice, cannot tell me what my right and cannot represent me in court.</pre>	ts or remedies are, cannot tell me how to testify in court,
works under the supervision of a member of T substantive legal work for which a member of T	ng The Florida Bar defines a paralegal as a person who The Florida Bar and who performs specifically delegated The Florida Bar is responsible. Only persons who meet the ne?
information provided by me in writing into the bemay not help me fill in the form and may not c	, told me that he/she may only type the factual blanks on the form. {Name}, complete the form for me. If using a form approved by the, may ask me factual may also tell me how to file the form.
[√one only] I can read English I cannot read English, but this disclosure {name} I understand.	re was read to me [fill in both blanks] by _ in {language}, which
Dated:	Signature of Party
	Signature of NONLAWYER Printed Name: Name of Business: Address:
	Telephone Number:

Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.928, Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases (01/10)

When should this form be used?

The Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases and the information contained in it neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other documents as required by law. This form shall be filed by the petitioner/party opening or reopening a case for the use of the <u>clerk of the</u> <u>circuit court</u> for the purpose of reporting judicial workload data pursuant to Florida Statutes section 25.075.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. The petitioner must <u>file</u> this cover sheet with the first pleading or motion filed to open or reopen a case in all domestic and juvenile cases.

What should I do next?

Follow these instructions for completing the form:

- I. Case Style. Enter the name of the court, the appropriate case number assigned at the time of filing of the original petition, the name of the judge assigned (if applicable), and the name (last, first, middle initial) of the petitioner(s) and respondent(s).
- II. Type of Action /Proceeding. Place a check beside the proceeding you are initiating. If you are simultaneously filing more than one type of proceeding against the same opposing party, such as a modification and an enforcement proceeding, complete a separate cover sheet for each action being filed.
 - (A) Initial Action/Petition
 - (B) Reopening Case. If you check "Reopening Case," indicate whether you are filing a modification or supplemental petition or an action for enforcement by placing a check beside the appropriate action/petition.
 - 1. Modification/Supplemental Petition
 - 2. Motion for Civil Contempt/ Enforcement
 - 3. Other All reopening actions not involving modification/supplemental petitions or petition enforcement.
- III. Type of Case. Place a check beside the appropriate case. If the case fits more than one category, select the most definitive. Definitions of the categories are provided below.
 - (A) Simplified Dissolution of Marriage- petitions for the termination of marriage pursuant to Florida Family Law Rule of Procedure 12.105.
 - (B) Dissolution of Marriage petitions for the termination of marriage pursuant to Chapter 61, Florida Statutes, other than simplified dissolution.
 - (C) Domestic Violence all matters relating to injunctions for protection against domestic violence pursuant to section 741.30, Florida Statutes.

Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.928, Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases (01/10)

- (D) Dating Violence all matters relating to injunctions for protection against dating violence pursuant to section 784.046, Florida Statutes.
- (E) Repeat Violence all matters relating to injunctions for protection against repeat violence pursuant to section 784.046, Florida Statutes.
- (F) Sexual Violence all matters relating to injunctions for protection against sexual violence pursuant to section 784.046, Florida Statutes.
- (G) Support IV-D all matters relating to child or spousal support in which an application for assistance has been filed with the Department of Revenue, Child Support Enforcement under Title IV-D, Social Security Act, except for such matters relating to dissolution of marriage petitions (sections 409.2564, 409.2571, and 409.2597, Florida Statutes), paternity, or UIFSA.
- (H) Support-Non IV-D all matters relating to child or spousal support in which an application for assistance has **not** been filed under Title IV-D, Social Security Act.
- (I) UIFSA- IV-D all matters relating to Chapter 88, Florida Statutes, in which an application for assistance has been filed under Title IV-D, Social Security Act.
- (J) UIFSA Non IV-D all matters relating to Chapter 88, Florida Statutes, in which an application for assistance has **not** been filed under Title IV-D, Social Security Act.
- (K) Other Family Court all matters involving time-sharing and/or parenting plans relating to minor child(ren), support unconnected with dissolution of marriage, annulment, delayed birth certificates pursuant to Florida Statutes section 382.0195, expedited affirmation of parental status pursuant to Florida Statutes section 742.16, termination of parental rights proceedings pursuant to Florida Statutes section 63.087, declaratory judgment actions related to premarital, marital, post-marital agreements, or other matters not included in the categories above.
- (L) Adoption Arising Out Of Chapter 63 all matters relating to adoption pursuant to Chapter 63, Florida Statutes, excluding any matters arising out of Chapter 39, Florida Statutes.
- (M) Name Change all matters relating to name change, pursuant to section 68.07, Florida Statutes.
- (N) Paternity/Disestablishment of Paternity all matters relating to paternity pursuant to Chapter 742, Florida Statutes.
- (O) Juvenile Delinquency all matters relating to juvenile delinquency pursuant to Chapter 985, Florida Statutes.
- (P) Petition for Dependency all matters relating to petitions for dependency.
- (Q) Shelter Petition all matters relating to shelter petitions pursuant to Chapter 39, Florida Statutes.
- (R) Termination of Parental Rights Arising Out Of Chapter 39 all matters relating to termination of parental rights pursuant to Chapter 39, Florida Statutes.
- (S) Adoption Arising Out Of Chapter 39 all matters relating to adoption pursuant to Chapter 39, Florida Statutes.
- (T) CINS/FINS all matters relating to children in need of services (and families in need of services) pursuant to Chapter 984, Florida Statutes.

ATTORNEY OR PARTY SIGNATURE. Sign the Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases. Print legibly the name of the person signing the Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases. Attorneys must include a Florida Bar number. Insert the date the Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases is signed. Signature is

a certification that filer has provided accurate information on the Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases.

Nonlawyer Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms. For further information, see Rule 12.100, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure.

Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases

I. Case Style

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE THIRTEENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA

		Case No.:
		Judge:
	Petitioner	
	retitioner	
	and	
		
	Respondent	
II.	Type of Action/Proceeding. Place a check beside the procesimultaneously filing more than one type of proceeding such as a modification and an enforcement proceeding, ceach action being filed. If you are reopening a case, choost.	against the same opposing party, omplete a separate cover sheet for
	 (A) Initial Action/Petition (B) Reopening Case 1 Modification/Supplemental Petition 2 Motion for Civil Contempt/Enforcement 3 Other 	
III.	Type of Case. If the case fits more than one type of case, s	select the most definitive.
	 (A) Simplified Dissolution of Marriage (B) Dissolution of Marriage (C) Domestic Violence (D) Dating Violence (E) Repeat Violence (F) Sexual Violence 	
	(G) Support IV-D (Department of Revenue, Child Support IV-D (not Department of Revenue, Cli) UIFSA IV-D (Department of Revenue, Child Support IV-D (not Department of Revenue, Child Support IV-D (Not Depa	Child Support Enforcement) rt Enforcement)
	 (N) Paternity/Disestablishment of Paternity (O) Juvenile Delinquency (P) Petition for Dependency 	

	(Q) Shelter Petition (R) Termination of Parental Rights Arising Out Of C	Shantor 20
	(S) Adoption Arising Out Of Chapter 39	ларсег 39
	(T) CINS/FINS	
IV.	Rule of Judicial Administration 2.545(d) requires that a Law Form 12.900(h), be filed with the initial pleading/represented litigant in order to notify the court of re filed with this Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases and in No, to the best of my knowledge, no related cases Yes, all related cases are listed on Family Law Form	petition by the filing attorney or self- lated cases. Is Form 12.900(h) being nitial pleading/petition? exist.
ΑT	TORNEY OR PARTY SIGNATURE	
of ı	I CERTIFY that the information I have provided in the my knowledge and belief.	nis cover sheet is accurate to the best
Sig	nature	FL Bar No.:
	Attorney or party	(Bar number,if attorney)
	(Type or print name)	Date
	A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SLOW: [fill in all blanks]	HE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS
l, {ƒ	full legal name and trade name of nonlawyer}	, a nonlawyer,
wh	ose address is {street}	, {city}
	ate}, {phone}, helped {n	
wh	o is the [choose one only] petitioner or respond	ent, fill out this form.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR THIRTEENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT FORM PETITION TO ESTABLISH PARENTAL RESPONSIBILITY AND A PARENTING PLAN/TIME-SHARING SCHEDULE

When should this form be used?

This form should be used by a birth parent to ask the court to establish a parental responsibility and a parenting plan/time-sharing, if child support has already been ordered in another case and the parties are not married.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing this form, you should sign the form before a **notary public or deputy clerk.** You should **file** the original with the **clerk of the circuit court** in the county where you live and keep a copy for your records.

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Pro Se Litigants" found at the beginning of the Florida Family Law forms. The words that are in "bold underline" in these instructions are defined there. For further information, see chapter 742, Florida Statutes.

With this petition, you must file the following and provide a copy to the other party:

- Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act (UCCJEA) Affidavit, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.902(d).
- **Notice of Social Security Number**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.902(j). (to be filed by both parties)
- Parenting Plan, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form, 12.995(a), or Supervised/Safety Focused Parenting Plan, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.995(b). If the parents have reached an agreement, a signed and notarized Parenting Plan should be attached. If the parents have not reached an agreement, a proposed Parenting Plan may be filed.

Parental Responsibility... The judge will decide the parenting arrangements based on the child(ren)'s best interests. Regardless of whether there is an agreement between the parties, the court reserves jurisdiction to modify issues relating to minor or dependent child(ren).

The judge may request a **parenting evaluation** or appoint a **guardian ad litem** in your case. This means that a neutral person will review your situation and report to the judge concerning parenting issues. The purpose of such intervention is to be sure that the best interests of the child(ren) are being served. For more information, you may consult sections 61.401–61.405, Florida Statutes.

Listed below are some terms with which you should become familiar before completing your petition. If you do not fully understand any of the terms below or their implications, you should speak with an attorney before going any further.

- Shared Parental Responsibility
- Sole Parental Responsibility
- Supervised Time-Sharing
- No contact

- Parenting Plan
- Parenting Plan Recommendation
- Time-Sharing Schedule

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE THIRTEENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT IN AND FOR HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA

Petitioner,		Case No)	
and		Division:		
Respondent.				
PETITION TO ESTABLISH PLAN	I PARENTAL RESPON		A PARENTING	
Petitioner, <i>{full legal name}</i> sworn, certify that the following in	nformation is true:		, being	
This is an action to determine pare under chapter 742, Florida Statute		n parenting plan/ti	me-sharing schedule	
SECTION I. 1. The Petitioner is the () r	mother () father of the	following minor	child(ren):	
Name	City/State of Birth	Birth Date	Sex	
(1)				
(2)				
(3)(4)			-	
(5)				
(6)				
2. Petitioner currently lives at: {str				
3. Respondent currently lives at: /	street address, city, state	e}		
4. () Petitioner () Responden child(ren) in {county}				
{case number}	A copy of t	the child support	order is attached.	
5. Both parties are over the age of immediately prior to this date, a pethe Amended Sailors' and Soldiers	erson in the military serv	vice of the United		
6. Neither Petitioner nor Responde	ent is mentally incapacit	ated.		
7. A completed Uniform Child Cu Florida Supreme Court Approved	•	,		

SECTION II. PARENTING PLAN ESTABLISHING PARENTAL RESPONSIBILITY AND TIME-SHARING

1.	The minor child(ren) currently reside(s) with [] Mother [] Father [] Other: {explain}
2.	Parental Responsibility. It is in the child(ren)'s best interests that parental responsibility be: [one only] ashared by both Father and Mother. bawarded solely to [] Father [] Mother. Shared parental responsibility would be detrimental to the child(ren) because:
3.	Parenting Plan and Time-Sharing. It is in the best interests of the child(ren) that the family be ordered to comply with a Parenting Plan that [] includes [] does not include parental time-sharing with the child(ren). The Petitioner states that it is in the best interests of the child(ren) that: [one only] aThe attached proposed Parenting Plan should be adopted by the court. The parties [] have [] have not agreed to the Parenting Plan. bThe court should establish a Parenting Plan with the following provisions: [] No time-sharing for the
	Explain why this schedule is in the best interests of the child(ren):
PE	TITIONER'S REQUEST
	Petitioner requests a hearing on this petition and understands that he or she must attend the hearing. Petitioner requests that the Court enter an order that: [all that apply] aadopts or establishes a Parenting Plan containing provisions for parental responsibility and time-sharing for the minor or dependent child(ren); bother relief as follows:

I understand that I am swearing or affirming under oath to the truthfulness of the claims made in this petition and that the punishment for knowingly making a false statement includes fines and/or imprisonment.

Dated:	
	Signature of Petitioner
	Printed Name:
	Address:
	City, State, Zip
	Telephone Number
	Fax Number
STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF HILLSBOROUGH	
Sworn to (or affirmed) and subscribed before me notarization, this day of	e, by means of □ physical presence or □ online (year), by
-	
NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK	
	[Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of
notary or deputy clerk.]	
Personally known	Alan man Aran A
Produced identification / Type of identification	uion produced:
IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL O	UT THIS FORM. HE/SHE MUST FILL IN
IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL O THE BLANKS BELOW: [fill in all blanks]	UT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN
THE BLANKS BELOW: [fill in all blanks] I. <i>stull legal name and trade name of nonlawyer.</i>	, }
THE BLANKS BELOW: [fill in all blanks] I. <i>stull legal name and trade name of nonlawyer.</i>	, }
THE BLANKS BELOW: [fill in all blanks] I. <i>stull legal name and trade name of nonlawyer.</i>	, }
THE BLANKS BELOW: [fill in all blanks]	, }

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORM 12.995(a), PARENTING PLAN (02/18)

When should this form be used?

A <u>Parenting Plan</u> is required in all cases involving <u>time-sharing</u> with minor child(ren), even when time-sharing is not in dispute. The Parenting Plan must be developed and agreed to by the parents and approved by the court. If the parties cannot agree to a Parenting Plan or if the parents agreed to a plan that is not approved by the court, a Parenting Plan will be established by the court with or without the use of parenting plan recommendations. This form or a similar form should be used in the development of a Parenting Plan. If the case involves <u>supervised time-sharing</u>, the <u>Supervised/Safety Focused Parenting Plan</u>, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.995(b) or a similar form should be used. If the case involves relocation, pursuant to Section 61.13001, Florida Statutes, then a <u>Relocation/Long Distance Parenting Plan</u>, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.995(c) or a similar form should be used. The parents must identify a name or designation to be used throughout this Parenting Plan.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. Please either delete or strike-through terms or paragraphs that are inappropriate or inapplicable to your agreement. If an agreement has been reached, both parties must sign the Parenting Plan and have their signatures witnessed by a **notary public** or **deputy clerk**. After completing this form, you should **file** the original with the **clerk of the circuit court** in the county where the **petition** was filed and keep a copy for your records. You should then refer to the instructions for your petition, **answer**, or answer and **counterpetition** concerning the procedures for setting a hearing or **trial** (**final hearing**). If the parents have not reached an agreement, a proposed Parenting Plan may be filed by either parent at the time of or any time prior to the final hearing. If an agreed Parenting Plan is not filed by the parties, the court shall establish a Plan.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-FILING

The Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. **Self-represented litigants may file petitions or other pleadings or documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so.** If you choose to file your pleadings or other documents electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida rule of Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the judicial circuit in which you file. **The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed.**

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-SERVICE ELECTION

After the initial service of process of the petition or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain

Instructions for Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.995(a), Parenting Plan (02/18)

circumstances. You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Rules of Judicial Administration. If you elect to participate in electronic service, which means serving or receiving pleadings by electronic mail (e-mail), or through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal, you must review Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at www.flcourts.org through the link to the Rules of Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the A-Z Topical Index.

SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MAY SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL; HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED TO DO SO. If a self-represented litigant elects to serve and receive documents by e-mail, the procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please **CAREFULLY** read the rules and instructions for: **Certificate of Service (General)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms. The words that are in "bold underline" in these instructions are defined there. For further information, see chapter 61, Florida Statutes, and the instructions for the petition and/or answer that were filed in this case.

Special notes...

At a minimum, the **Parenting Plan** must describe in adequate detail:

- How the parties will share and be responsible for the daily tasks associated with the upbringing of the child(ren),
- The **time-sharing schedule** arrangements that specify the time that the minor child(ren) will spend with each parent,
- A designation of who will be responsible for any and all forms of health care, school-related matters, including the address to be used for school-boundary determination and registration, other activities, and
- The methods and technologies that the parents will use to communicate with the child(ren).

The best interests of the child(ren) is the primary consideration in the Parenting Plan. In creating the Parenting Plan, all circumstances between the parents, including their historic relationship, domestic violence, and other factors must be taken into consideration. Determination of the best interests of the child(ren) shall be made by evaluating all of the factors affecting the welfare and interest of the particular minor child(ren) and the circumstances of that family, as listed in section 61.13(3), Florida Statutes, including, but not limited to:

Instructions for Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.995(a), Parenting Plan (02/18)

- The demonstrated capacity and disposition of each parent to facilitate and encourage a close and continuing parent-child relationship, to honor the time-sharing schedule, and to be reasonable when changes are required;
- The anticipated division of parental responsibilities after the litigation, including the extent to which parental responsibilities will be delegated to third parties;
- The demonstrated capacity and disposition of each parent to determine, consider, and act upon the needs of the child(ren) as opposed to the needs or desires of the parent;
- The length of time the child(ren) has lived in a stable, satisfactory environment and the desirability of maintaining continuity;
- The geographic viability of the parenting plan, with special attention paid to the needs of schoolage children and the amount of time to be spent traveling to effectuate the parenting plan. This factor does not create a presumption for or against relocation of either parent with a child(ren);
- The moral fitness of the parents;
- The mental and physical health of the parents;
- The home, school, and community record of the child(ren);
- The reasonable preference of the child(ren), if the court deems the child(ren) to be of sufficient intelligence, understanding, and experience to express a preference;
- The demonstrated knowledge, capacity, and disposition of each parent to be informed of the circumstances of the minor child(ren), including, but not limited to, the child(ren)'s friends, teachers, medical care providers, daily activities, and favorite things;
- The demonstrated capacity and disposition of each parent to provide a consistent routine for the child(ren), such as discipline, and daily schedules for homework, meals, and bedtime;
- The demonstrated capacity of each parent to communicate with and keep the other parent informed of issues and activities regarding the minor child(ren), and the willingness of each parent to adopt a unified front on all major issues when dealing with the child(ren);
- Evidence of domestic violence, sexual violence, child abuse, child abandonment, or child neglect, regardless of whether a prior or pending action relating to those issues has been brought. If the court accepts evidence of prior or pending actions regarding domestic violence, sexual violence, child abuse, child abandonment, or child neglect, the court must specifically acknowledge in writing that such evidence was considered when evaluating the best interests of the child(ren);
- Evidence that either parent has knowingly provided false information to the court regarding any
 prior or pending action regarding domestic violence, sexual violence, child abuse, child
 abandonment, or child neglect;
- The particular parenting tasks customarily performed by each parent and the division or parental
 responsibilities before the institution of litigation and during the pending litigation, including the
 extent to which parenting responsibilities were undertaken by third parties;
- The demonstrated capacity and disposition of each parent to participate and be involved in the child(ren)'s school and extracurricular activities;
- The demonstrated capacity and disposition of each parent to maintain an environment for the child(ren) which is free from substance abuse;
- The capacity and disposition of each parent to protect the child(ren) from the ongoing litigation as demonstrated by not discussing the litigation with the child(ren), not sharing documents or

- electronic media related to the litigation with the child(ren), and refraining from disparaging comments about the other parent to the child)ren); and
- The developmental stages and needs of the child(ren) and the demonstrated capacity and disposition of each parent to meet the child(ren)'s developmental needs.

This standard form does not include every possible issue that may be relevant to the facts of your case. The Parenting Plan should be as detailed as possible to address the time-sharing schedule. Additional provisions should be added to address all of the relevant factors. The parties should give special consideration to the age and needs of each child.

In developing the Parenting Plan, you may wish to consult or review other materials which are available at your local library, law library or through national and state family organizations.

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900 (a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE IN AND FOR	COUNTY, FLORIDA
	Casa Na
	Case No: Division:
	DIVISION
Petitioner,	
and	
Respondent.	
nespondent.	
PARENTIN	NG PLAN
This parenting plan is: {Choose only one }	
A Parenting Plan submitted to the court	with the agreement of the parties.
	1 1 16 6
A proposed Parenting Plan submitted by	
{Parent's Name}	·
A Parenting Plan established by the cour	t.
This parenting plan is: {Choose only one}	a count
A final Parenting Plan established by the	e court.
A temporary Parenting Plan established	by the court.
A modification of a prior final Parenting	3 Plan or prior final order.
I. PARENTS	
Petitioner, hereinafter referred to in this Par	-
{name or designation}	
Name:	
Address:	
Telephone Number:E-I Address Unknown: {Please indicate her	
	e ij Petitioner's address is unknowirj here if Petitioner's address and phone numbers ard
	ludgment for Protection Against Domestic Violence
or other court order rindry	
or other court order	<i>J</i> ·
Respondent, hereinafter referred to in this P	arenting Plan as Parent
{name or designation}	
Name:	

Addr	ress:
Tele _l	phone Number: E-Mail:
	Address Unknown: {Please indicate here if Respondent's address is unknown}
	Address Confidential: {Please indicate here if Respondent's address and phone numbers
	confidential pursuant to either a Final Judgment for Protection Against Domestic ence or other court order
	<u> </u>
	I: This parenting plan is for the following child(ren) born to, or adopted by the parties: (add
	nes as needed)
Nam	Date of Birth
III. JURISDIC	TION
The Unit	and States is the country of habitual residence of the shild/ren)
The Unit	red States is the country of habitual residence of the child(ren).
The Stat	e of Florida is the child(ren)'s home state for the purposes of the Uniform Child Custody
	ion and Enforcement Act.
This Pare	enting Plan is a child custody determination for the purposes of the Uniform Child Custody
Jurisdicti	ion and Enforcement Act, the International Child Abduction Remedies Act, 42 U.S.C. Sections
11601 et	t seq., the Parental Kidnapping Prevention Act, and the Convention on the Civil Aspects of
Internati	ional Child Abduction enacted at the Hague on October 25, 1980, and for all other state and
federal la	aws.
Other: _	
IV DADENITA	AL DECDONCIDILITY AND DECICION MANUNC
	AL RESPONSIBILITY AND DECISION MAKING ert the name or designation of the appropriate parent in the space provided.}
(III)SE	Tt the hame of designation of the appropriate parent in the space provided.
1. 1	Parental Responsibility {Choose only one}
	a Shared Parental Responsibility.
	It is in the best interests of the child(ren) that the parents confer and jointly make all
	major decisions affecting the welfare of the child(ren). Major decisions include, but are
	not limited to, decisions about the child(ren)'s education, healthcare, and other
	responsibilities unique to this family. Either parent may consent to mental health
	treatment for the child(ren).
OR	

	It is in the best interests of the child(the major decisions involving the	bility with Decision Making Authority (ren) that the parents confer and attempt to agree on child(ren). If the parents are unable to agree, the s regarding the child(ren) shall be as follows: Parent Parent Parent Parent Parent Parent Parent
OR		
	shall have	ity: ne child(ren) that Parent {name or designation} e sole authority to make major decisions for the nild(ren) to have shared parental responsibility.
Ur da all de pa	day care and control of each child while allocation of decision making in the pare decisions affecting the health or safety o	each parent shall make decisions regarding day-to- the child is with that parent. Regardless of the enting plan, either parent may make emergency of the child(ren) when the child is residing with that ency decision shall share the decision with the other
	xtra-curricular Activities {Indicate all th Insert the name or designation of the a	nat apply} ppropriate parent in the space provided.
a. ₋	aEither parent may register the cl of the child(ren)'s choice.	hild(ren) and allow them to participate in the activity
b	The parents must mutually agree	e to all extra-curricular activities.
c		ren) shall transport the minor child(ren) to and/or ktra-curricular activities, providing all necessary the parent's possession.
d	The costs of the extra-curricular	activities shall be paid by:
	Parent	
	Parent	%
e	The uniforms and equipment req	quired for the extra-curricular activities shall be paid
	by:	0/
	Parent	%

Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.995(a), Parenting Plan (02/18)

FORMAT	ION SHARING. Unless otherwise indicated or ordered by the Court:
and in with a each c	sotherwise prohibited by law, each parent shall have access to medical and school reconformation pertaining to the child(ren) and shall be permitted to independently consult my and all professionals involved with the child(ren). The parents shall cooperate with other in sharing information related to the health, education, and welfare of the child(ren) ey shall sign any necessary documentation ensuring that both parents have access to salls.
	parent shall be responsible for obtaining records and reports directly from the school an care providers.
-	parents have equal rights to inspect and receive governmental agency and law sement records concerning the child(ren).
schoo	parents shall have equal and independent authority to confer with the child(ren)'s l, day care, health care providers, and other programs with regard to the child(ren)'s tional, emotional, and social progress.
Both p	parents shall be listed as "emergency contacts" for the child(ren).
Each pand co	parents shall be listed as "emergency contacts" for the child(ren). parent has a continuing responsibility to provide a residential, mailing, and contact addresontact telephone number to the other parent. Each parent shall notify the other parent g within 24 hours of any changes. Each parent shall notify the court in writing within severs of any changes.
Each p and co writing (7) day	parent has a continuing responsibility to provide a residential, mailing, and contact address to the other parent. Each parent shall notify the other parent g within 24 hours of any changes. Each parent shall notify the court in writing within severs of any changes.
Each p and co writing (7) day	parent has a continuing responsibility to provide a residential, mailing, and contact addresses the other parent. Each parent shall notify the other parent g within 24 hours of any changes. Each parent shall notify the court in writing within sever of any changes.
Each pand co writing (7) day	parent has a continuing responsibility to provide a residential, mailing, and contact address to the other parent. Each parent shall notify the other parent g within 24 hours of any changes. Each parent shall notify the court in writing within severs of any changes.

f.____Other: {Specify}_____

		d		_ School		
	2.	scheduled day o	ncademic bre of classes befo	•	od shall begin at the end of the las reak and shall end on the first day preak	
	3.	Schedule Chang		·		
			in any event,		le change will make the request as emergency, no less than cur.	
				a change of schedu costs caused by the	lle shall be responsible for any add change.	litiona
		c Other {.	Specify}			·
VIII. 111VIL	{In: {A	time-sharing sche Weekday and We The following so	edule must be eekend Schee chedule shall	c provided for both dule apply beginning on	arent in the space provided.} parents.} wit and continue as fo	
		The child(ren) sl	nall spend tin	ne with Parent	on the following da	tes
		WEEKENDS: From		to	Other {specify}	
		From		to		_ _ _
		dates and times WEEKENDS: From WEEKDAYS: {Specific of the second o	: Every ecify days} _	me with the Parent Every Other to	on the followir Other {specify}	

schedule.							
There is Attachment		ne-sharing sched	ule for the follov	ving child(ren) in			
		, and	me of Child)				
(Name of Child)		(Na	me of Child)				
Holiday Schedu	ı le {Choose on	ly one }					
aNo holiday time sharing shall apply. The regular time-sharing schedule set fortlabove shall apply.							
bHoliday	y time-sharing	shall be as the p	arties agree.				
times. If a holid	ay is not speci	fied as even, odd	•	the beginning and endi with one parent, then t			
<u>Holidays</u>	Even Years	Odd Years	Every Year	Begin/End Time			
<u>Holidays</u> Mother's Day			Every Year	Begin/End Time			
<u>Holidays</u> Mother's Day Father's Day			Every Year				
<u>Holidays</u> Mother's Day			Every Year	Begin/End Time			
Holidays Mother's Day Father's Day President's Day M. L. King Day Easter			Every Year	Begin/End Time			
Holidays Mother's Day Father's Day President's Day M. L. King Day Easter Passover			Every Year	Begin/End Time			
Holidays Mother's Day Father's Day President's Day M. L. King Day Easter Passover Memorial Day V	Wkd		Every Year	Begin/End Time			
Holidays Mother's Day Father's Day President's Day M. L. King Day Easter Passover Memorial Day V 4th of July	Wkd		Every Year	Begin/End Time			
Holidays Mother's Day Father's Day President's Day M. L. King Day Easter Passover Memorial Day V 4th of July Labor Day Wkd	// Wkd		Every Year	Begin/End Time			
Holidays Mother's Day Father's Day President's Day M. L. King Day Easter Passover Memorial Day V 4th of July	// Wkd		Every Year	Begin/End Time			
Holidays Mother's Day Father's Day President's Day M. L. King Day Easter Passover Memorial Day V 4th of July Labor Day Wkd Columbus Day V	// Wkd		Every Year	Begin/End Time			
Holidays Mother's Day Father's Day President's Day M. L. King Day Easter Passover Memorial Day V 4th of July Labor Day Wkd Columbus Day V Halloween Thanksgiving Veteran's Day	// Wkd		Every Year	Begin/End Time			
Holidays Mother's Day Father's Day President's Day M. L. King Day Easter Passover Memorial Day V 4 th of July Labor Day Wkd Columbus Day V Halloween Thanksgiving Veteran's Day Hanukkah	Wkd		Every Year	Begin/End Time			
Holidays Mother's Day Father's Day President's Day M. L. King Day Easter Passover Memorial Day V 4th of July Labor Day Wkd Columbus Day V Halloween Thanksgiving Veteran's Day Hanukkah Yom Kippur	Wkd		Every Year	Begin/End Time			
Holidays Mother's Day Father's Day President's Day M. L. King Day Easter Passover Memorial Day V 4th of July Labor Day Wkd Columbus Day V Halloween Thanksgiving Veteran's Day Hanukkah Yom Kippur Rosh Hashanah	Wkd		Every Year	Begin/End Time			
Holidays Mother's Day Father's Day President's Day M. L. King Day Easter Passover Memorial Day V 4th of July Labor Day Wkd Columbus Day V Halloween Thanksgiving Veteran's Day Hanukkah Yom Kippur	Wkd		Every Year	Begin/End Time			

	This holiday schedule may affect the regular Time-Sharing Schedule. Parents may wish to specify either or both of the following options:
	dWhen the parents are using an alternating weekend plan and the holiday schedule would result in one parent having the child(ren) for three weekends in a row, the parents will exchange the following weekend, so that each has two weekends in a row before the regular alternating weekend pattern resumes.
	eIf a parent has the child(ren) on a weekend immediately before or after an unspecified holiday or non-school day, they shall have the child(ren) for the holiday or non-school day.
3. Winte	r Break {Choose only one } {Insert the name or designation of the appropriate parent in the space provided.}
	aParent shall have the child(ren) from the day and time school is dismissed until December at a.m./p. m inodd-numbered years even-numbered years every year. The other parent will have the children for the second portion of the Winter Break. The parties shall alternate the arrangement each year.
	b Parent shall have the child(ren) for the entire Winter Break during odd-numbered years even-numbered years every year.
	cOther:
	dSpecific Winter Holidays If not addressed above, the specific Winter Holidays such as Christmas, New Year's Eve, Hanukkah, Kwanzaa, etc. shall be shared as follows:
-	ring Break {Choose only one} {Insert the name or designation of the appropriate parent in the space provided.} a The parents shall follow the regular schedule.

	b	The parents sha	ll alternate the	entire Spring	Break with	Parent
			having the c	hild(ren) dur	ng the	_odd-numbered years
		and Parent	d	uring the	even nui	mbered years.
	C	Parent		Parent		shall have the
		child(ren) for the				
	d	The Spring Break	will be evenly	divided. The	first half of	the Spring Break will go
			-			rst half and the second
	half g	going to the parent	whose weekend	d falls during	the second	half.
	e	Other: {Specify}				·
5. S	Summer	Break {Choose only	one}			
	{Insert	the name or design	ation of the app	propriate par	ent in the sp	ace provided.}
	a	The parents sha	I follow the reg	gular schedule	e through th	ne summer.
	b	Parent	sl	hall have the	entire Sumi	mer Break from
		after sc	hool is out unti	I	befo	re school starts.
	C	The parents sha	ll equally divide	the Summer	· Break as fo	ollows:
	Durin	ng odd-numb	ered years	_ even numb	ered years,	Parent
		Parent _		_ shall have t	he children	trom
		school is out until _ econd one-half of th				nave the child(ren) for
				•		ne extended periods of
					_	
						-
	d	Other: {Specify}_				
						·
6.	Numbe	r of Overnights:				
	{Insert t	he name or designa	tion of the app	ropriate pare	nt in the sp	ace provided.}
	Based ι	upon the time-shari	ng schedule, Pa	rent		has a total of
	overnig	thts per year and Pa	rent	has	a total of _	overnights per
	year. Note: T	he two numbers m	ust equal 365.			
7	1£	not sat forth above	the parties sh	all have time	charing in	accordance with the
7.		dule which is attach	•		_	accordance with the

VIII. TRANSPORTATION AND EXCHANGE OF CHILD(REN)

{Insert the name or designation of the appropriate parent in the space provided.}

1.	Transportation {Choose only one}		
	a Parent shall provide all transportation.		
	bThe parent beginning their time-sharing shall provide transportation for the child(ren).		
	cThe parent ending their time-sharing shall provide transportation for the child(ren).		
	dOther: { <i>Specify</i> }		
2.	Exchange		
	Both parents shall have the child(ren) ready on time with sufficient clothing packed and ready at the agreed upon time of exchange. If a parent is more than minutes late without contacting the other parent to make other arrangements, the parent with the child(ren) may proceed with other plans and activities. {Choose only one}:		
	aExchanges shall be at the parents' homes unless both parents agree to a different meeting place.		
	bExchanges shall occur at		
	parties agree in advance to a different meeting place.		
	cOther:		
3.	Transportation Costs {Choose only one } {Insert the name or designation of the appropriate parent in the space provided.}		
	aTransportation costs are included in the Child Support Worksheets and/or the Order for Child Support and should not be included here.		
	bParent shall pay% and Parentshall pay% of the transportation costs.		
	cOther:		

4.	Foreign and Out-Of-State Travel {Indicate all that apply}
	aEither parent may travel within the United States with the child(ren) during his/her time-sharing. The parent traveling with the child(ren) shall give the other parent at least days written notice before traveling out of state unless there is an emergency, and shall provide the other parent with a detailed itinerary, including locations and telephone numbers where the child(ren) and parent can be reached at least days before traveling.
	bEither parent may travel out of the country with the child(ren) during his/her time-sharing. At least days prior to traveling, the parent shall provide a detailed itinerary, including locations, and telephone numbers where the child(ren) and parent may be reached during the trip. Each parent agrees to provide whatever documentation is necessary for the other parent to take the child(ren) out of the country.
	cIf a parent wishes to travel out of the country with the child(ren), he/she shall provide the following security for the return of the child
	dOther
IX. EDUCATION	
1.	School designation. For purposes of school boundary determination and registration, the address of Parent {name or designation} shall be used .
2.	{If Applicable} The following provisions are made regarding private or home schooling:
3.	Other
	ON FOR OTHER LEGAL PURPOSES The name or designation of the appropriate parent in the space provided.}
Parent and fe	ild(ren) named in this Parenting Plan are scheduled to reside the majority of the time with This majority designation is SOLELY for purposes of all other state deral laws which require such a designation. This designation does not affect either 's rights and responsibilities under this Parenting Plan.

XI. COMMUNICATION

1.	Between Parents All communications regarding the child(ren) shall be between the parents. The parents shall not use the child(ren) as messengers to convey information, ask questions, or set up schedule changes.
Т	The parents shall communicate with each other: {Indicate all that apply}
-	in person by telephone by letter by e-mail Other: {Specify}
2.	Between Parent and Child(ren)
i i e v	Both parents shall keep contact information current. Telephone or other electronic communication between the child(ren) and the other parent shall not be monitored by or interrupted by the other parent. "Electronic communication" includes telephones, electronic mail or e-mail, webcams, video-conferencing equipment and software or other wired or wireless technologies or other means of communication to supplement face to face contact.
C	The child(ren) may have telephone e-mail other electronic communication in the form of with the other parent: Choose only one a Anytime b Every day during the hours of to c On the following days during the hours of to d Other:
3.	Costs of Electronic Communication shall be addressed as follows:

XII. CHILD CARE {Choose only one}

1. _____Each parent may select appropriate child care providers

	2All child care providers must be agreed upon by both parents.
	3Each parent must offer the other parent the opportunity to care for the child(ren) before using a child care provider for any period exceeding hours.
	4Other: {Specify}
XIII. CH	ANGES OR MODIFICATIONS OF THE PARENTING PLAN
	Temporary changes to this Parenting Plan may be made informally without a written document; however, if the parties dispute the change, the Parenting Plan shall remain in effect until further order of the court.
	Any substantial changes to the Parenting Plan must be sought through the filing of a supplemental petition for modification.
XIV. RE	LOCATION
	Any relocation of the child(ren) is subject to and must be sought in compliance with section 61.13001, Florida Statutes.
XV. DIS	PUTES OR CONFLICT RESOLUTION
	Parents shall attempt to cooperatively resolve any disputes which may arise over the terms of the Parenting Plan. The parents may wish to use mediation or other dispute resolution methods and assistance, such as Parenting Coordinators and Parenting Counselors, before filing a court action.
XVI. OT	HER PROVISIONS
	
	·

SIGNATURES OF PARENTS

I certify that I have been open and honest in entering into this Parenting Plan. I am satisfied with this Plan and intend to be bound by it.

Dated:	
	Signature of Petitioner/Parent
	Printed Name:
	Address:
	City, State, Zip:
	Telephone Number:
	Fax Number:
	Designated E-mail Address(es):
STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF	
Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me on	by
	NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK
	{Print, type, or stamp commissioned name on notary or clerk.}
Personally known Produced identification Type of identification produced	

I certify that I have been open and honest in entering into this Parenting Plan. I am satisfied with this Plan and intend to be bound by it.

Dated:	
	Signature of Respondent/Parent
	Printed Name:
	Address:
	City, State, Zip:
	Telephone Number:
	Fax Number:
	Designated E-mail Address(es):
STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF	
Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me on	by
	NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK
	NOTART TOBLE OF BETOTT CLERK
	{Print, type, or stamp commissioned name on notary or clerk.}
Personally known	
Produced identification Type of identification produced	
IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORI	M HE/SHE MUST FULLIN THE BLANKS RELOW:
[fill in all blanks] This form was prepared for the: {cl	
This form was completed with the assistance of:	
{name of individual}	<i>,</i>
{name of business}	
{address}	
{address}, {state}, {zip code	e}, {telephone number}

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORM 12.995(b), SUPERVISED/SAFETY-FOCUSED PARENTING PLAN (02/18)

When should this form be used?

A <u>Parenting Plan</u> is required in all cases involving minor child(ren). This form or a similar form should be used in cases when you feel your child(ren) cannot be safely alone with the other parent or if you believe <u>shared parental responsibility</u> presents a detriment to the child(ren). In this case, a Parenting Plan must be developed that allows <u>time-sharing</u> with any minor child(ren), while providing protection for the child(ren). If safety or supervised time-sharing is not a concern, <u>Parenting Plan</u>, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.995(a) or a similar form should be used. If the case involves relocation, pursuant to Section 61.13001, Florida Statutes, then <u>Relocation/Long Distance Parenting</u> <u>Plan</u>, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.995(c) or a similar form should be used. The parents must identify a name or designation to be used throughout this <u>Parenting Plan</u>.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. If an agreement has been reached, **both** parties must sign the Parenting Plan and have their signatures witnessed by a **notary public** or **deputy clerk**. After completing this form, you should **file** the original with the **clerk of the circuit court** in the county where the **petition** was filed and keep a copy for your records. You should then refer to the instructions for your petition, **answer**, or answer and **counterpetition** concerning the procedures for setting a hearing or **trial** (**final hearing**). If the parents have not reached an agreement, a proposed Parenting Plan may be filed by either parent at the time of or any time prior to the final hearing. If an agreed Parenting Plan is not filed by the parties, the court shall establish a Plan.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-FILING

The Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. **Self-represented litigants may file petitions or other pleadings or documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so.** If you choose to file your pleadings or other documents electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida rule of Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the judicial circuit in which you file. **The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed.**

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-SERVICE ELECTION

After the initial service of process of the petition or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain circumstances. You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Rules of Judicial

Instructions for Florida Supreme Court Family Law Form 12.995(b), Supervised/Safety-Focused Parenting Plan (02/18)

Administration. If you elect to participate in electronic service, which means serving or receiving pleadings by electronic mail (e-mail), or through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal, you **must** review Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at www.flcourts.org through the link to the Rules of Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the A-Z Topical Index.

SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MAY SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL; HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED TO DO SO. If a self-represented litigant elects to serve and receive documents by e-mail, the procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please **CAREFULLY** read the rules and instructions for: **Certificate of Service (General)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms. The words that are in "bold underline" in these instructions are defined there. For further information, see chapter 61, Florida Statutes, and the instructions for the petition and/or answer that were filed in this case.

Special notes...

If you fear that disclosing your address would put you in danger, you should complete a Request for Confidential Filing of Address, Florida Supreme Court Approved Form 12.980(h), file it with the clerk of the circuit court and write confidential in the space provided in the Parenting Plan.

At a minimum, the Parenting Plan must describe in adequate detail:

- How the parties will share and be responsible for the daily tasks associated with the upbringing
 of the child(ren),
- The time-sharing schedule arrangements that specify the time that the minor child(ren) will spend with each parent,
- A designation of who will be responsible for any and all forms of health care, school-related
 matters, including the address to be used for school-boundary determination and registration,
 other activities, and
- The methods and technologies that the parents will use to communicate with the child(ren).

The best interests of the child(ren) is the primary consideration in the Parenting Plan. In creating the Parenting Plan, all circumstances between the parents, including their historic relationship, domestic violence, and other factors must be taken into consideration. Determination of the best interests of the

Instructions for Florida Supreme Court Family Law Form 12.995(b), Supervised/Safety-Focused Parenting Plan (02/18)

child(ren) shall be made by evaluating all of the factors affecting the welfare and interest of the particular minor child(ren) and the circumstances of that family, as listed in section 61.13(3), Florida Statutes, including, but not limited to:

- The demonstrated capacity and disposition of each parent to facilitate and encourage a close and continuing parent-child relationship, to honor the time-sharing schedule, and to be reasonable when changes are required;
- The anticipated division of parental responsibilities after the litigation, including the extent to which parental responsibilities will be delegated to third parties;
- The demonstrated capacity and disposition of each parent to determine, consider, and act upon the needs of the child(ren) as opposed to the needs or desires of the parent;
- The length of time the child(ren) has lived in a stable, satisfactory environment and the desirability of maintaining continuity;
- The geographic viability of the parenting plan, with special attention paid to the needs of schoolage children and the amount of time to be spent traveling to effectuate the parenting plan. This factor does not create a presumption for or against relocation of either parent with a child(ren);
- The moral fitness of the parents;
- The mental and physical health of the parents;
- The home, school, and community record of the child(ren);
- The reasonable preference of the child(ren), if the court deems the child(ren) to be of sufficient intelligence, understanding, and experience to express a preference;
- The demonstrated knowledge, capacity, and disposition of each parent to be informed of the circumstances of the minor child(ren), including, but not limited to, the child(ren)'s friends, teachers, medical care providers, daily activities, and favorite things;
- The demonstrated capacity and disposition of each parent to provide a consistent routine for the child(ren), such as discipline, and daily schedules for homework, meals, and bedtime;
- The demonstrated capacity of each parent to communicate with and keep the other parent informed of issues and activities regarding the minor child(ren), and the willingness of each parent to adopt a unified front on all major issues when dealing with the child(ren);
- Evidence of domestic violence, sexual violence, child abuse, child abandonment, or child neglect, regardless of whether a prior or pending action relating to those issues has been brought. If the court accepts evidence of prior or pending actions regarding domestic violence, sexual violence, child abuse, child abandonment, or child neglect, the court must specifically acknowledge, in writing that such evidence was considered when evaluating the bests interests of the child(ren);
- Evidence that either parent has knowingly provided false information to the court regarding any prior or pending action regarding domestic violence, sexual violence, child abuse, child abandonment, or child neglect;
- The particular parenting tasks customarily performed by each parent and the division or parental responsibilities before the institution of litigation and during the pending litigation, including the extent to which parenting responsibilities were undertaken by third parties;
- The demonstrated capacity and disposition of each parent to participate and be involved in the child(ren)'s school and extracurricular activities;

- The demonstrated capacity and disposition of each parent to maintain an environment for the child(ren) which is free from substance abuse;
- The capacity and disposition of each parent to protect the child(ren) from the ongoing litigation as demonstrated by not discussing the litigation with the child(ren), not sharing documents or electronic media related to the litigation with the child(ren), and refraining from disparaging comments about the other parent to the child)ren); and
- The developmental stages and needs of the child(ren) and the demonstrated capacity and disposition of each parent to meet the child(ren)'s developmental needs.

This standard form does not include every possible issue that may be relevant to the facts of your case. The Parenting Plan should be as detailed as possible to address the time-sharing schedule. Additional provisions should be added to address all of the relevant factors. The parties should give special consideration to the age and needs of each child.

In developing the Parenting Plan, you may wish to consult or review other materials which are available at your local library, law library or through national and state family organizations.

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900 (a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT	
IN AND FOR	COUNTY, FLORIDA	
	Case No:	
	Division:	
Petitioner,		
and		
Respondent.		
SUPERVISED/SAFETY-FOCUS	ED PARENTING PLAN	
This parenting plan is: {Choose only one}		
A Parenting Plan submitted to the cou	rt with the agreement of the parties.	
A proposed Parenting Plan submitted I	by or on behalf of:	
{Parent's Name}		
A Parenting Plan established by the co	urt.	
This parenting plan is: {Choose only one}		
A final Parenting Plan established by the	ne court.	
A temporary Parenting Plan establishe	d by the court.	
A modification of a prior final Parentin	g Plan or prior final order.	
·		
I. PARENTS		
Petitioner, hereafter referred to in this Parenting F		
{name or designation}Name:		
Address:		
Telephone Number:E-Mail:_		
Address Unknown: {Please indicate if Petition		
Address Confidential: {Please indicate if I		
confidential pursuant to either a Final Judgi	ment for Protection Against Domestic Violend	
or other court order		
Respondent, hereafter referred to in this Parenting		
{name or designation}		
Name:		
Address:		

Т	elephone Number: E-Mail:
_	Address Unknown: (Please indicate if Respondent's address is unknown)
_	Address Confidential: (Please indicate if Respondent's address and telephone
	numbers are confidential pursuant to either a Final Judgment for Protection Against
L	Domestic Violence orother court order)
II.	CHILDREN : This parenting plan is for the following child(ren) born to, or adopted by the parties: (add additional lines as needed)
	Name Date of Birth
III.	JURISDICTION
	The United States is the country of habitual residence of the child(ren).
	The State of Florida is the child(ren)'s home state for the purposes of the Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act.
	This Parenting Plan is a child custody determination for the purposes of the Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act, the International Child Abduction Remedies Act, 42 U.S.C. Section 11601 et seq., the Parental Kidnapping Prevention Act, and the Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction enacted at the Hague on October 25, 1980, and for other state and federal laws.
	Other:
IV.	PARENTAL RESPONSIBILITY {Choose only one} {Insert the name or designation of the appropriate parent in the space provided.}
	1 Sole Parental Responsibility
	It is in the best interests of the child(ren) that Parent
	{name or designation}shall have sole authority to make major
	decisions for the child(ren.) It is detrimental to the child(ren) for the parents to have shared parental responsibility.
	and the same of th
	OR
	2Shared Parental Responsibility with Decision Making Authority It is in the best interests of the child(ren) that the parents confer and attempt to agree on the major decisions involving the child(ren). If the parents are unable to agree, the authority for making major decisions regarding the child(ren) shall be as follows:

E	Education/Academic decisions Parent
1	Non-emergency health care Parent
_	Parent
_	Parent
-	Parent
_	Other: {Specify}
V TIME C	HARING SCHEDULE {Choose only one}
	he name or designation of the appropriate parent in the space provided}
1	No Time-Sharing: Parent shall have no contact with the child(ren) until further order of the court. All parenting decisions shall be made by the other parent.
2	Supervised Time-Sharing: Whenever the child(ren) are withParent
	has the right to spend time with the child(ren) even though the other parent will be making most, if not all, of the parenting decisions which are made on the child(ren)'s behalf. The time-sharing schedule shall be mutually agreed to between the parents, but not less than the schedule set forth below: {Choose only one} ahours per week. The place(s), and time(s) shall be set by Parent bFrom m. tom. on the following day(s)
3.	Restricted Time-Sharing:Parent shall have time-sharing with the following restrictions. {The restrictions should be described in detail such as time-sharing only in public places, no overnight visits, etc.} The time-sharing schedule shall be mutually agreed upon between the parents, but not less than the schedule set forth below:
	a hours per week. The place(s), and time(s) shall be set by Parent
	bOther:

VI. SUPERVISOR AND SUPERVISION *{Choose only one}* {Insert the name or designation of the appropriate parent in the space provided.} 1. **Supervisor.** The person supervising the time-sharing shall be selected by: {Choose only one} both parents. ___ Parent {name or designation} ______, subject to the other parent's approval. _____. Other: ______. 2. Restrictions or Level of Supervision: 3. Costs of Supervision The costs of the supervision shall be paid by Parent {name or designation} ______. ____Other: _____ **VII. LOCATION:** {Choose only **one**} {Insert the name or designation of the appropriate parent in the space provided.} _____ Parent ____ spend his/her time-sharing with the child(ren) at the following location(s): 1. Supervised visitation center (name and address of facility) _____{location} or other location designated by Parent _____ 3.____Any location designated by Parent _____ with the approval of the supervisor.

VIII. DESIGNATION FOR OTHER LEGAL PURPOSES

{Insert the name or designation of the appropriate parent in the space provided.}

4.____Other: _____

1. The child(ren) named in this Safety-Focused Parenting Plan are scheduled to reside the majority of the time with Parent {name or designation}
This majority designation is SOLELY for purposes of all other state and federal statutes which require such a designation. This designation does not affect either parent's rights and responsibilities under this parenting plan.
2. For purposes of school boundary determination and registration, the address of Parent <i>{namor designation}</i> shall be used.
IX. TRANSPORTATION AND EXCHANGE OF CHILD(REN) {Insert the name or designation of the appropriate parent in the space provided.}
 Transportation The child(ren) shall not be driven in a car unless the driver has a valid driver's license automobile insurance, seat belts, and child safety seats as required by Florida law.
Parent Parent or mutually agreed upon person shall be responsible for transporting the child(ren) to the exchange point. The child(ren) shall be picked up and/or returned to the exchange point by {Choose only one}
a Parent with the supervisor present.
b The supervisor alone.
c Other:
2. Exchange
{Insert the name or designation of the appropriate parent in the space provided.}
The exchange of the child(ren) shall occur at: {Indicate all that apply}
a The site of the supervised visit.
b A monitored exchange location {specify name and address of facility}
c Other:
d. Parent is prohibited from coming to the exchange point.

X. COMMUNICATION

1. Between Parents

	parents shall not use the child(ren) as messengers to convey information, ask questions, or set up schedule changes.		
	The parents shall communicate with each other: {Indicate all that apply} in person by telephone by letter by e-mail Other: {Specify}		
	No Communication. Unless otherwise prohibited by court order, all information and communication regarding the child(ren) shall be exchanged via or through		
2.	Between Parent and Child(ren) {Insert the name or designation of the appropriate parent in the space provided.}		
	Parent {name or designation} {Indicate all that apply}		
	aShall not telephone, write, or e-mail the child(ren) unless the contact is agreed to in advance by the other parent.		
	bMay write or e-mail the child(ren) at any time. Each parent shall provide a contact address (and e-mail address if appropriate) to the other parent, unless other prohibited by court order.		
	cMay call the child(ren) on the telephone times per week. The call shall last no more than minutes and shall take place between m. and m. Each parent shall provide a telephone number to the other parent, unless otherwise prohibited by court order or law.		
	d Long distance telephone calls made by the child(ren) to a parent shall be paid by Each parent shall provide a telephone number to the other parent, unless otherwise prohibited by court order or law.		
	eOther:		

All communications regarding the child(ren) shall be between the parents. The

3. Costs of Electronic Communication

"Electronic communication" includes telephones, electronic mail or e-mail, webcams, video-conferencing equipment and software or other wired or wireless technologies or other means of communication to supplement face-to face contact.

CCESS:	nsert the name or designation of the appropriate parent in the space provided.}
	Parent {Choose only one }
	1Shall not attend the child(ren)'s activities and events, including but not lim to, school, athletic, and extra-curricular activities and events.
	2May attend the child(ren)'s school, athletic, and extra-curricular activities are events.
	3 Must stay feet from the other parent and feet from the chil
	s rect nom the other parent and rect nom the other
CHIL	4 Other P(REN)'S SAFETY
{	4 Other
{	4 Other D(REN)'S SAFETY Insert the name or designation of the appropriate parent in the space provided.} Parent {name or designation} shall follow the safety
{	4 Other D(REN)'S SAFETY Insert the name or designation of the appropriate parent in the space provided.} Parent {name or designation} shall follow the safety secked below. (Indicate all that apply) 1 There shall be no firearms in the home, car, or in the child(ren)'s present the safety secked below.
{	4 Other P(REN)'S SAFETY Insert the name or designation of the appropriate parent in the space provided.} Parent {name or designation} shall follow the safety ecked below. (Indicate all that apply) 1 There shall be no firearms in the home, car, or in the child(ren)'s presoluting time-sharing. 2 No alcoholic beverages shall be consumed from twenty-four (24) hours be

XIII. CHANGES OR MODIFICATIONS OF THE PARENTING PLAN

All changes to the Safety-Focused Parenting Plan must be pursuant to a court order.

XIV.	OTHER PROVISIONS			

SIGNATURES OF PARENTS

I certify that I have been open and honest in entering into this Parenting Plan. I am satisfied with this Plan and intend to be bound by it.

Dated:	
	Signature of Petitioner/Parent
	Printed Name:
	Address:
	City, State, Zip:
	Telephone Number:
	Fax Number:
	Designated E-mail Address(es):
STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF	
Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me on	by
	NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK
	{Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary of
	clerk}
Personally known	
Produced identification	
Type of identification produced	

I certify that I have been open and honest in entering into this Parenting Plan. I am satisfied with this Plan and intend to be bound by it.

Dated:	
	Signature of Respondent/Parent
	Printed Name:
	Address:
	City, State, Zip:
	Telephone Number:
	Fax Number:
	Designated E-mail Address(es):
STATE OF FLORIDA	
COUNTY OF	
Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me on	by
	NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK
	{Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary o clerk.}
Personally known	,
Produced identification	
Type of identification produced	
IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS I [fill in all blanks] This form was prepared for the Respondent.	FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW: e: {choose only one} Petitioner
This form was completed with the assistance of	f:
{name of business}	······································
{address}	
{city},{state} ,{zip code}	

Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.995(b), Supervised/Safety-Focused Parenting Plan (02/18)

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORM 12.902(d)

UNIFORM CHILD CUSTODY JURISDICTION AND ENFORCEMENT ACT (UCCJEA) AFFIDAVIT (02/18)

When should this form be used?

This form should be used in any case involving parental responsibility for, custody of, or time-sharing or visitation with, any minor child(ren). This <u>affidavit</u> is required even if the parental responsibility for, custody of, or time-sharing or visitation with, the minor child(ren) is not in dispute.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing this form, you should sign the form before a <u>notary public</u> or <u>deputy clerk</u>. You should then <u>file</u> it with the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> in the county where the petition was filed and keep a copy for your records.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-FILING

The Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. **Self-represented litigants may file petitions or other pleadings or documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so.** If you choose to file your pleadings or other documents electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the judicial circuit in which you file. **The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed**

What should I do next?

A copy of this form must be mailed, e-mailed, or hand delivered to the other party in your case, if it is not served on him or her with your initial papers.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-SERVICE ELECTION

After the initial service of process of the petition or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain circumstances. You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Rules of Judicial Administration. If you elect to participate in electronic service, which means serving or receiving pleadings by electronic mail (e-mail), or through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal, you must review Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at www.flcourts.org through the link to the Rules of Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the

A-Z Topical Index.

SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MAY SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL; HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED TO DO SO. If a self-represented litigant elects to serve and receive documents by e-mail, the procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please **CAREFULLY** read the rules and instructions for: **Certificate of Service (General)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read General Information for Self-Represented Litigants found at the beginning of these forms. The words that are in **bold underline** in these instructions are defined there. For further information, see sections 61.501-61.542, Florida Statutes.

Special notes...

With this form, you must also file a **Notice of Confidential Information within Court Filing,** Florida Rules of Judicial Administration Appendix to Rule 2.420 Form.

Effective October 1, 2008, terms such as custodial parent, noncustodial parent, primary residential parent, secondary residential parent, and visitation were removed from Chapter 61, Florida Statutes; however, because the UCCJEA uses the terms, custody and visitation, they are included in this form. Parents must develop a Parenting Plan that includes, among other things, their time-sharing schedule with the minor child(ren). If the parents cannot agree, a parenting plan will be established by the Court.

If you are the petitioner in an injunction for protection against domestic violence case and you have filed a Request for Confidential Filing of Address, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.980(h), you should write confidential in any space on this form that would require you to write the address where you are currently living.

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

IN THE	CIRCUIT COURT OF THE	JUDICIAL CIRCU COUNTY, FLORIDA	JIT,
		Case No.:	
	Petitioner,		
and	I		
	Respondent.		
UNIFORM		DICTION AND ENFORCEMI AFFIDAVIT	ENT ACT
I, {full legal name} _ statements are true		, being sworn, certify that	the following
birth, birth where each relationship	date, and sex of each child; the p child has lived within the past fi	nis proceeding is The naresent address, periods of residence ve (5) years; and the name, present whom the child has lived during that IILD # _ 1 _:	, and places address, and
Child's Full Legal Na	ame:	Sex:	
Child's Residence for		Sex:	
Dates (From/To)	Address (including city and state) where child lived	Name and present address of person child lived with	Relationship to child
/present*			

_		_	_
/			
· If you are the net	I itioner in an injunction for protec	tion against domestic violence case	and you have
iled a Request for 12.980(h), you sho address where you	Confidential Filing of Address, Flould write confidential in any space are currently living.	rida Supreme Court Approved Fame on this form that would require you	ily Law Form
HE FOLLOWING IN	NFORMATION IS TRUE ABOUT CHI	LD #:	
Child's Full Legal Na	ame:	n: Sex:	
		1 Jex	
Child's Residence f	or the past 5 years:		
Dates (From/To)	Address (including city and state) where child lived	Name and present address of person child lived with	Relationship to child
/present			
/			
/			
/			
/			
THE FOLLOWING IN	NFORMATION IS TRUE ABOUT CHI	LD#:	
Child's Full Legal Na Place of Birth:	ame: Date of Rirtl	າ: Sex:	
	or the past 5 years:	<u> </u>	
Datos	Addross (including sity and	Name and present address of	Polationship
Dates (From/To)	Address (including city and state) where child lived	Name and present address of person child lived with	Relationship to child
/present			

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		-	on in custody or time-sharing pr	oceeding(s):	
	_	ose only	-		
				witness, or in any capacity in any othe	-
				e, jurisdiction, or country, concerning	
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	g or visitation with a child subject to t	his
	proc	eeding	•		
		I H	AVF participated as a party with	ess, or in any capacity in any other litig	ration or
				jurisdiction, or country, concerning pa	
			_	g or visitation with a child subject to the	
	Expl		· , · · , · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5	, p
	-		of each child:		
	b	Type of	f proceeding:		
	c. (Court a	nd state:		
	d. I	Date of	court order or judgment (if any)		
3.	Info	rmatio	n about custody or time-sharing	proceeding(s):	
٦.		ose onl		proceeding(s).	
	-		•	rental responsibility, custody, time-sl	haring or
				this or any other state, jurisdiction, or	
		•	a child subject to this proceeding	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,
		J	,		
				ION concerning a parental responsibili	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
				ing in a court of this or another state o	concerning a
		•	ct to this proceeding, other than	•	
				ation:	
	b.	Type of	proceeding:		
	c. (Court a	nd state:		
	d. I	Date of	court order or judgment (if any)		
	e. (case Ni	umber:		

Persons not a party to this proceeding: [Choose only one]
I DO NOT KNOW OF ANY PERSON in this or any other state, jurisdiction, or country, who is not a party to this proceeding and who has physical custody or claims to have parental responsibility for, custody of, or time-sharing or visitation with respect to any child subject to this proceeding.
I KNOW THAT THE FOLLOWING NAMED PERSON(S), not a party to this proceeding, has (have) physical custody or claim(s) to have parental responsibility for, custody of, , or timesharing or visitation with respect to any child subject to this proceeding: a. Name and address of person:
has physical custody
claims parental responsibility or custody rights
claims time-sharing or visitation
Name of each child:
Relationship to child, if any:
b. Name and address of person:
has physical custody
claims parental responsibility or custody rights
claims time-sharing or visitation
Name of each child:
Relationship to child, if any:
c. Name and address of person:
has physical custody
claims parental responsibility or custody rights
claims time-sharing or visitation
Name of each child:
Relationship to child, if any:
Knowledge of prior child support proceedings: [Choose only one]
The child(ren) described in this affidavit are NOT subject to existing child support
order(s) in this or any other state, jurisdiction, or country
The child(ren) described in this affidavit are subject to the following existing child
support order(s):
a. Name of each child:
b. Type of proceeding:
c. Court and address:
d. Date of court order/judgment (if any):

4.

5.

	e. Amount of child support ordered t	to be paid and by whom:
6.	custody, time-sharing or visitation , cl dissolution of marriage, separate mai	g duty to advise this Court of any parental responsibility, hild support, or guardianship proceeding (including ntenance, child neglect, or dependency) concerning the ate about which information is obtained during this
7.	A completed Notice of Confidential In Administration Appendix to Rule 2.420	formation within Court Filing, Florida Rules of Judicial Form, is filed with this Affidavit.
	•) e-served () mailed () faxed and mailed elow on {date}
Other	party or his/her attorney:	
	:	
	ss:	
	tate, Zip:	
	ımber:	
Design	nated E-mail Address(es):	
impris	conment.	gly making a false statement includes fines and/or
		Signature of Party
		Printed Name:
		Address:
		City, State, Zip:
		Telephone Number:
		Fax Number:
		Designated E-mail Address(es):
_	OF FLORIDA TY OF	
Sworn	to or affirmed and signed before me on	by
		DV DUDUC - " DEDUTY CLEDY
	NOTA	RY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK

	[Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of	notary or clerk.]
Personally known Produced identification		
Type of identification produced	l	
IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OU	JT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLA	NKS BELOW:
[fill in all blanks] This form was prepared	ed for the <i>{choose only one} Petitioner _</i>	Respondent
This form was completed with the assist	stance of:	
{name of individual}		
{name of business}		
{address}		,
{city}, {state}, {zi	ip code},{telephone number}	

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA FAMILY LAW RULES OF PROCEDURE FORM 12.910(a) SUMMONS: PERSONAL SERVICE ON AN INDIVIDUAL (10/21)

When should this form be used?

This form should be used to obtain **personal service** on the other **party** when you begin your lawsuit. **Service** is required for **all** documents filed in your case. Service means giving a copy of the required papers to the other party using the procedure that the law requires. Generally, there are two ways to make service: (1) personal service, or (2) service by email, mail, or hand delivery. A third method for service is called **constructive service**; however, the relief a court may grant may be limited in a case where constructive service has been used.

The law requires that certain documents be served by **personal service** if personal service is possible. **Personal service** means that a summons (this form) and a copy of the forms you are filing with the court that must be personally served are delivered by a deputy sheriff or private process server

- a. directly to the other party, or
- b. to someone over the age of fifteen with whom the other party lives.

Personal service is required for **all <u>petitions</u>**, including petitions for modification. You cannot serve these papers on the other party yourself or by mail or hand delivery. Personal service must be made by the sheriff's department in the county where the other party lives or works or by a private process server certified in the county where the other party lives or works.

In many counties, there are private process servers who, for a fee, will personally serve the summons and other documents that require personal service. You should look under **process servers** in the yellow pages of the telephone book for a list of private process servers in your area. You may use a private process server to serve any paper required to be personally served in a family law case **except** a petition for injunction for protection against domestic or repeat violence.

How do I start?

When you begin your lawsuit, you need to complete this form (summons) and a **Process Service Memorandum**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.910(b). The forms should be typed or printed legibly in black ink. Next, you will need to take these forms and, if you have not already done so, **file** your petition with the **clerk of the circuit court** in the county where you live. You should keep a copy of the forms for your records. The clerk will sign the summons, and then the summons, a copy of the papers to be served, and the process service memorandum must be delivered to the appropriate sheriff's office or to a private process server for service on the other party.

Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.910(a), Summons: Personal Service on an Individual (10/21)

IF THE OTHER PARTY LIVES IN THE COUNTY WHERE SUIT IS FILED: Ask the clerk in your county about any local procedures regarding service. Generally, if the other party lives in the county in which you are filing suit and you want the sheriff's department to serve the papers, you will file the summons along with a Process Service Memorandum, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.910(b), with the clerk and the clerk will forward those papers to the sheriff for service. Make sure that you attach a copy of the papers you want personally served to the summons. You may also need to provide the sheriff with a stamped envelope addressed to you. This will allow the sheriff to send the proof of service to you, after the sheriff serves your papers on the other party. However, in some counties the sheriff may send the proof of service directly to the clerk. If you are instructed to supply a self-addressed, stamped envelope and you receive the proof of service, you should file the proof of service with the clerk after you receive it from the sheriff. Also, you will need to find out how much the sheriff charges to serve the papers. Personal checks are not accepted. You should attach to the summons a cashier's check or money order made payable to the sheriff, and either give it to the clerk for delivery to the sheriff or send all of the paperwork and the fee to the sheriff yourself. The clerk will tell you which procedure to use. The costs for service may be waived if you are indigent.

If you want a private process server to serve the other party, you should still bring the summons to the clerk's office and have the clerk sign it for you. You should deliver the summons, along with the copy of your initial petition and any other papers to be served, and a **Process Service Memorandum**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.910(b), to the private process server. The private process server will charge you a fee for serving the papers. After service is complete, proof of service by the private process server must be filed with the clerk. You should discuss how this will occur with the private process server.

IF THE OTHER PARTY LIVES IN ANOTHER COUNTY: If the other party lives in another county, service needs to be made by a sheriff in the county where the other party lives or by a private process server certified in the county where the other party lives. Make sure that you attach a copy of the papers you want personally served to the summons as well as the Process Service Memorandum, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.910(b). If you want the sheriff to serve the papers, the clerk may send your papers to that sheriff's office for you, or you may have to send the papers yourself. The clerk will tell you which procedure to use. Either way, you will need to provide the sheriff with a stamped envelope addressed to you. This will allow the sheriff to send the proof of service to you, after the sheriff serves your papers on the other party. You should file the proof of service with the clerk after you receive it from the sheriff. Also, you will need to find out how much the sheriff charges to serve the papers. Personal checks are not accepted. You should attach to the summons a cashier's check or money order made payable to the sheriff, and either give it to the clerk for delivery to the sheriff or send all of the paperwork and the fee to the sheriff yourself. The clerk will tell you which procedure to use. The costs for service may be waived if you are indigent.

If you want a private process server to serve the other party, you should still bring the summons to the clerk's office where the clerk will sign it for you. You should deliver the summons, along with the copy of your initial petition and any other papers to be served, and a **Process Service Memorandum**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.910(b), to the private process server. The private process server will charge you a fee for serving the papers. After service is complete, proof of service by the private process server must be filed with the clerk. You should discuss how this will occur with the private process server.

Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.910(a), Summons: Personal Service on an Individual (10/21)

IF THE OTHER PARTY CANNOT BE LOCATED OR DOES NOT LIVE IN FLORIDA: If, after you have made a diligent effort to locate the other party, you absolutely cannot locate the other party, you may serve the other party by publication. Service by publication is also known as **constructive service**. You may also be able to use constructive service if the other party does not live in Florida. However, Florida courts have only limited jurisdiction over a party who is served by constructive service and may have only limited jurisdiction over a party living outside of Florida regardless of whether that party is served by constructive or personal service; that is, the judge's power to order the other party to do certain things may be limited. For example, the judge may be able to grant your request for a divorce, but the judge may not be able to address issues such as child support, spousal support (alimony), or division of property or debts.

Regardless of the t	type of service used, if	f the other party once lived in Florida but is living ou	tside of Florida
now, you should in	clude in your petition	a statement regarding the length of time the party	lived in Florida
if any, and when.	For example: "Respo	ondent last lived in Florida from {date}	to
{date}			

This area of the law is very complex and you may need to consult with an attorney regarding the proper type of service to be used in your case if the other party does not live in Florida or cannot be located.

What happens when the papers are served on the other party?

The date and hour of service are written on the original summons and on all copies of it by the person making the service. The person who delivers the summons and copies of the petition must file a proof of service with the clerk or provide a proof of service to you for filing with the court. It is your responsibility to make sure the proof of service has been returned to the clerk and placed in your case file.

What should I do next?

A copy of this form must be filed with the court and served on the other party or his or her attorney. The copy you are serving to the other party must be either mailed, e-mailed, or hand-delivered to the opposing party or his or her attorney on the same day indicated on the certificate of service. If it is mailed, it must be postmarked on the date indicated in the certificate of service must be in accordance with Florida Rule of General Practice and Judicial Administration 2.516.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-FILING

The Florida Rules of General Practice and Judicial Administration now require that all petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. **Self-represented litigants may file petitions or other pleadings or documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so.** If you choose to file your pleadings or other documents electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of General Practice and Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the judicial circuit in which you file. The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-SERVICE ELECTION

After the initial service of process of the petition or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of General Practice and Judicial Administration now require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain circumstances. You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Florida Rules of General Practice and Judicial Administration. If you elect to participate in electronic service, which means serving or receiving pleadings by electronic mail (e-mail), or through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal, you must review Florida Rule of General Practice and Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at www.flcourts.org through the link to the Rules of General Practice and Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the A-Z Topical Index.

SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MAY SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL; HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED TO DO SO. If a self-represented litigant elects to serve and receive documents by email, the procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please CAREFULLY read the rules and instructions for: Certificate of Service (General), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of General Practice and Judicial Administration 2.516.

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms. For further information regarding service of process, see chapters 48 and 49, Florida Statutes, and Florida Family Law Rule of Procedure 12.070, as well as the instructions for Notice of Action for Dissolution of Marriage (No Child or Financial Support), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.913(a)(1), Notice of Action for Family Cases with Minor Child(ren), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.913(a)(2), Affidavit of Diligent Service and Inquiry, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.913(b), and Affidavit of Diligent Search, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.913(c).

Special notes . . .

If you have been unable to obtain proper service on the other party within **120 days** after filing your lawsuit, the court will dismiss your lawsuit against the other party unless you can show the court a good reason why service was not made within **120 days**. For this reason, if you had the local sheriff serve the papers, you should check with the clerk every couple of weeks after completing the service papers to see if service has been completed. You may need to supply the sheriff with a new or better address. If you had a private process server or a sheriff in another county serve the papers, you should be in contact with that person or sheriff until you receive proof of service from that person or sheriff. You should then file the proof of service with the clerk immediately.

Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.910(a), Summons: Personal Service on an Individual (10/21)

If the other party fails to respond, i.e., fails to file a written response with the court, within **20 days** after the service of the summons, you are entitled to request a <u>default</u>. See the instructions to **Motion for Default**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.922 (a), and **Default**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.922(b), for further information. You will need to file an **Affidavit of Military Service**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.912(b), before a default may be granted.

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE IN AND FOR	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT,
IN AND FOR	COUNTY, FLORIDA
	Case No.:
	Division:
Petitioner,	
and	
Respondent.	
SUMMONS: PERSONAL SEI ORDEN DE COMPARECENCIA: SERV CITATION: L'ASSIGNATION PE	ICIO PERSONAL EN UN INDIVIDUO
TO/PARA/A: {enter other party's full legal name}	
TO/PARA/A: {enter other party's full legal name} {address (including city and state)/location for service	
	e}
{address (including city and state)/location for service	e} RTANT Alendar days after this summons is served on you to tition with the clerk of this circuit court, located at:
{address (including city and state)/location for service IMPOR A lawsuit has been filed against you. You have 20 ca file a written response to the attached complaint/pe	RTANT Alendar days after this summons is served on you to tition with the clerk of this circuit court, located at:
[MPOR] A lawsuit has been filed against you. You have 20 ca file a written response to the attached complaint/per {street address} A phone call will not protect you. Your written response	RTANT alendar days after this summons is served on you to tition with the clerk of this circuit court, located at: onse, including the case number given above and the court to hear your side of the case. ou may lose the case, and your wages, money, and or warning from the Court. There are other legal t away. If you do not know an attorney, you may call
IMPOR A lawsuit has been filed against you. You have 20 ca file a written response to the attached complaint/pe {street address} A phone call will not protect you. Your written response of the parties, must be filed if you want the C If you do not file your written response on time, you property may be taken thereafter without further requirements. You may want to call an attorney right.	RTANT alendar days after this summons is served on you to tition with the clerk of this circuit court, located at: onse, including the case number given above and the ourt to hear your side of the case. ou may lose the case, and your wages, money, and or warning from the Court. There are other legal t away. If you do not know an attorney, you may call d in the phone book). the same time you file your written response to the

If the party serving summons has designated email address(es) for service or is represented by an attorney, you may designate email address(es) for service by or on you. Service must be in accordance with Florida Rule of General Practice and Judicial Administration 2.516.

Copies of all court documents in this case, including orders, are available at the Clerk of the Circuit Court's office. You may review these documents, upon request.

Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.910(a), Summons: Personal Service on an Individual (10/21)

You must keep the Clerk of the Circuit Court's office notified of your current address. (You may file Designation of Current Mailing and Email Address, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915.) Future papers in this lawsuit will be mailed to the address on record at the clerk's office.

WARNING: Rule 12.285, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure, requires certain automatic disclosure of documents and information. Failure to comply can result in sanctions, including dismissal or striking of pleadings.

IMPORTANTE

Usted ha sido demandado legalmente. Tiene veinte (20) dias, contados a partir del recibo de esta notificacion, para contestar la demanda adjunta, por escrito, y presentarla ante este tribunal. Localizado en: Una llamada telefonica no lo protegera. Si usted desea
que el tribunal considere su defensa, debe presentar su respuesta por escrito, incluyendo el numero del caso y los nombres de las partes interesadas. Si usted no contesta la demanda a tiempo, pudiese perder el caso y podria ser despojado de sus ingresos y propiedades, o privado de sus derechos, sin previo aviso del tribunal. Existen otros requisitos legales. Si lo desea, usted puede consultar a un abogado inmediatamente. Si no conoce a un abogado, puede llamar a una de las oficinas de asistencia legal que aparecen en la guia telefonica.
Si desea responder a la demanda por su cuenta, al mismo tiempo en que presente su respuesta ante el tribunal, usted debe enviar por correo o entregar una copia de su respuesta a la persona denominada abajo.
Si usted elige presentar personalmente una respuesta por escrito, en el mismo momento que usted presente su respuesta por escrito al Tribunal, usted debe enviar por correo o llevar una copia de su respuesta por escrito a la parte entregando esta orden de comparencencia a:
Nombre y direccion de la parte que entrega la orden de comparencencia:

Copias de todos los documentos judiciales de este caso, incluyendo las ordenes, estan disponibles en la oficina del Secretario de Juzgado del Circuito [Clerk of the Circuit Court's office]. Estos documentos pueden ser revisados a su solicitud.

Usted debe de manener informada a la oficina del Secretario de Juzgado del Circuito de su direccion actual. (Usted puede presentar _____ el Formulario: Ley de Familia de la Florida 12.915, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, [Designation of Current Mailing and Email Address].) Los papelos que se presenten en el futuro en esta demanda judicial seran env ados por correo a la direccion que este registrada en la oficina del Secretario.

ADVERTENCIA: Regla 12.285 (Rule 12.285), de las Reglas de Procedimiento de Ley de Familia de la Florida [Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure], requiere cierta revelacion automatica de documentos e informacion. El incumplimient, puede resultar en sanciones, incluyendo la desestimacion o anulacion de los alegatos.

IMPORTANT

Des poursuites judiciaries ont ete entreprises contre vous. Vous avez 20 jours consecutifs a partir de la date de l'assignation de cette citation pour deposer une reponse ecrite a la plainte ci-jointe aupres de ce

Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.910(a), Summons: Personal Service on an Individual (10/21)

ribunal. Qui se trouve a: {L'Adresse} Un simple coup de telephone est nsuffisant pour vous proteger; vous etes obliges de deposer votre reponse ecrite, avec mention du numero de dossier ci-dessus et du nom des parties nommees ici, si vous souhaitez que le tribunal entende votre cause. Si vous ne deposez pas votre reponse ecrite dans le delai requis, vous risquez de perdre la cause ainsi que votre salaire, votre argent, et vos biens peuvent etre saisis par la suite, sans aucun preavis ulterieur du tribunal. Il y a d'autres obligations juridiques et vous pouvez requerir les services immediats d'un avocat. Si vous ne connaissez pas d'avocat, vous pourriez telephoner a un service de reference d'avocats ou a un bureau d'assistance juridique (figurant a l'annuaire de telephones).
Si vous choisissez de deposer vous-meme une reponse ecrite, il vous faudra egalement, en meme temps que cette formalite, faire parvenir ou expedier une copie au carbone ou une photocopie de votre reponse ecrite a la partie qui vous depose cette citation.
Nom et adresse de la partie qui depose cette citation:
es photocopies de tous les documents tribunals de cette cause, y compris des arrets, sont disponible au bureau du greffier. Vous pouvez revue ces documents, sur demande.
I faut aviser le greffier de votre adresse actuelle. (Vous pouvez deposer Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, Designation of Current Mailing and Email Address.) Les documents de l'avenir de ce proces seront envoyer a l'adresse que vous donnez au bureau du greffier.
ATTENTION: La regle 12.285, des regles de procedure du droit de la famille de la Floride exige que l'on remette certains renseignements et certains documents a la partie adverse. Tout refus de les fournir pourra donner lieu a des sanctions, y compris le rejet ou la suppression d'un ou de plusieurs actes de procedure.
THE STATE OF FLORIDA TO EACH SHERIFF OF THE STATE: You are commanded to serve this summons and a copy of the complaint in this lawsuit on the above-named person.
DATED:
CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT SEAL)
By: Deputy Clerk
- Pro - 1/

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORM 12.910(b), PROCESS SERVICE MEMORANDUM (11/15)

When should this form be used?

You should use this form to give the sheriff's department (or private process server) instructions for serving the other <u>party</u> in your case with the <u>Summons: Personal Service on an Individual</u>, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.910(a), and other papers to be served. On this form you can tell the sheriff's department the best times to find the person at work and/or at home. You can also include a map to the other person's home or work place to help the sheriff find the person and deliver the summons. Do not forget to attach to the summons a copy of your initial petition and any other papers you want personally served on the other party.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing this form, you should <u>file</u> the original with the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> in the county where your petition was filed and attach a copy to the **Summons: Personal Service on an Individual**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.910(a). You should also keep a copy for your records.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-FILING

The Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. **Self-represented litigants may file petitions or other pleadings or documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so.** If you choose to file your pleadings or other documents electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the judicial circuit in which you file. **The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed.**

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read General Information for Self-Represented Litigants found at the beginning of these forms. You should read the instructions for Summons: Personal Service on an Individual, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.910(a), for additional information.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-SERVICE ELECTION

After the initial service of process of the petition or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain circumstances. You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Rules of Judicial Administration. If you elect to participate in electronic service, which means serving or receiving pleadings by electronic mail (e-mail), or through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal, you must review Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at www.flcourts.org through the link to the Rules of Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the A-Z Topical Index.

SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MAY SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL; HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT

REQUIRED TO DO SO. If a self-represented litigant elects to serve and receive documents by e-mail, the procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please **CAREFULLY** read the rules and instructions for: **Certificate of Service (General)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

Special notes...

If you fear that disclosing your address would put you in danger because you are the victim of sexual battery, aggravated child abuse, stalking, aggravated stalking, harassment, aggravated battery, or domestic violence, you should complete a **Request for Confidential Filing of Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.980(h), file it with the clerk, and write confidential in the space provided on the petition.

Nonlawyer. Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900 (a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE	JUDICIAL C	CIRCUIT,
IN AND FOR	COUNTY, FLORIDA	
	Case No.:	
	Division:	
Petitioner,		
and		
Respondent,		
PROCESS SERVI	CE MEMORANDUM	
TO: Sheriff of	County. Florida:	Division
Private process server:		
Please serve the {name of document(s)}		
in the above-styled cause upon:		
Party: {full legal name}		
Address or location for service:		
Work Address:		
If the party to be served owns, has, and/or is known of weapon(s):	-	, describe what type
SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS:		
Dated:	Cinneture of Doub.	
	Signature of Party *Printed Name:	
	*Printed Name: *Address:	
	*City, State, Zip:	
	*Telephone Number:	
	*Fax Number:	
	*Designated E-mail Address	

Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.910(b), Process Service Memorandum (11/15)

* Please see the Special Notes section in the instructions to this form regarding Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.980(h), Request for Confidential Filing of Address, which may be used if you need to keep your addresses or telephone numbers confidential for safetyreasons.

IF A NONLAWYER HEI	LPED YOU FI	LL OUT THIS FORM	1, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BI	ANKS BELOW:
[fill in all blanks] This	form was pr	epared for the Peti	tioner. This form was complete	ed with the assistance
of:				
{name of individual} _				,
{name of business}				,
{address}				
{city}	, {state}	, {zip code}	, {telephone number}	

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA FAMILY LAW RULES OF PROCEDURE FORM 12.900(h), NOTICE OF RELATED CASES (11/13)

When should this form be used?

Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.545(d) requires the **petitioner** in a family law case to file with the court a notice of related cases, if any. Your circuit may also require this form to be filed even if there are no related cases. A case is considered related if

- it involves the same parties, children, or issues and is pending when the family law case is filed; or
- it affects the court's jurisdiction to proceed; or
- an order in the related case may conflict with an order on the same issues in the new case; or
- an order in the new case may conflict with an order in the earlier case.

This form is used to provide the required notice to the court.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. It must be **filed** with the **clerk of the circuit court** with the initial pleading in the family law case.

What should I do next?

A copy of the form must be served on the presiding judges, either the chief judge or the family law administrative judge, and all parties in the related cases. You should also keep a copy for your records. **Service** must be in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms. The words that are in "**bold underline"** in these instructions are defined there. For further information, see Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.545(d).

Special notes . . .

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida

Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(h), Notice of Related Cases (11/13)

Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms must also put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.
Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(h), Notice of Related Cases (11/13)

	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT,
	IN AND FOR	COUNTY, FLORIDA
		Case No.:
		Division:
	Petitioner,	
	and	
	Respondent.	
	пеоропиени	
	NOTICE	E OF RELATED CASES
1.		ed Cases as required by Florida Rule of Judicial Administration
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	pen or closed civil, criminal, guardianship, domestic violence
		ency, or domestic relations case. A case is "related" to this same parties, children, or issues and it is pending at the time
	•	s the court's jurisdiction to proceed; if an order in the related
		e same issues in the new case; or if an order in the new case
	may conflict with an order in the earlier	
	may connect with an order in the earlie	i itigation.
	[check one only]	
	There are no related cases.	
	The following are the related case	s (add additional pages if necessary):
	Related Case No. 1	
	Case Name(s):	
	Petitioner	
	Respondent	
	Case No.:	Division:
	Time of Discoordings (shook all that are	al1
	Type of Proceeding: [check all that app	
	Dissolution of Marriage	Paternity
	Custody	Adoption Modification/Enforcement/Contempt Proceedings
	Child Support Juvenile Dependency	Modification/Emorcement/Contempt Proceedings Juvenile Delinquency
	Termination of Parental Rights	Criminal
	Domestic/Sexual/Dating/Repeat	Mental Health
		
	Violence or Stalking Injunctions	Other {specify}

Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(h), Notice of Related Cases (11/13)

State where case was decided or is pending: Florida Other: {specify}
Name of Court where case was decided or is pending (for example, Fifth Circuit Court, Marion County, Florida):
Relationship of cases check all that apply]: pending case involves same parties, children, or issues; may affect court's jurisdiction; order in related case may conflict with an order in this case; order in this case may conflict with previous order in related case. Statement as to the relationship of the cases:
Related Case No. 2 Case Name(s): Petitioner Respondent Case No.: Division:
Type of Proceeding: [check all that apply] Dissolution of Marriage Paternity Custody Adoption Child Support Modification/Enforcement/Contempt Proceedings Juvenile Dependency Juvenile Delinquency Termination of Parental Rights Criminal Domestic/Sexual/Dating/Repeat Mental Health Violence or Stalking Injunctions Other {specify}
State where case was decided or is pending: Florida Other: {specify} Name of Court where case was decided or is pending (for example, Fifth Circuit Court, Marion County, Florida): Title of last Court Order/Judgment (if any): Date of Court Order/Judgment (if any):
Relationship of cases check all that apply]: pending case involves same parties, children, or issues;

Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(h), Notice of Related Cases (11/13)

order in this case may conflict with previous order in related case.				
Statement as to the relationship of the cases:				
Related Case No. 3				
Case Name(s):				
Petitioner				
Respondent				
Case No.: Division:				
Type of Proceeding: [check all that apply]				
Dissolution of Marriage Paternity				
Custody Adoption				
Child Support Modification/Enforcement/Contempt Proceedings				
Juvenile Dependency Juvenile Delinquency				
Termination of Parental Rights Criminal				
Domestic/Sexual/Dating/Repeat Mental Health				
Violence or Stalking InjunctionsOther {specify}				
State where case was decided or is pending: Florida Other: {specify}				
Name of Court where case was decided or is pending (for example, Fifth Circuit Court, Marion				
County Florida)				
Title of last Court Order/Judgment (if any):				
Date of Court Order/Judgment (if any):				
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
Relationship of cases check all that apply]:				
pending case involves same parties, children, or issues;				
may affect court's jurisdiction;				
order in related case may conflict with an order in this case;				
order in this case may conflict with previous order in related case.				
Statement as to the relationship of the cases:				
[check one only]				
icheck one onlyl				

2.

	I do request coordination of the followi	ng cases:
3.	[check all that apply] Assignment to one judge Coordination of existing cases will conserve judicial resources and because:	promote an efficient determination of these cases
4.	The Petitioner acknowledges a continuing du state that could affect the current proceeding	uty to inform the court of any cases in this or any other g.
	Dated:	
	 	Petitioner's Signature Printed Name: Address: City, State, Zip: Telephone Number: Fax Number: E-mail Address(es):
	CERTIFICA	ATE OF SERVICE
Sho ([ch juc	neriff's Department or a certified process server) e-mailed () mailed () hand delivered, a check all that apply] () judge assigned to new adge, () {name}	Related Cases to the County or for service on the Respondent, and [check all used] copy to {name}, who is the case, () chief judge or family law administrative a party to the related case, () {name} case on {date}
		Signature of Petitioner/Attorney for Petitioner Printed Name: Address: City, State, Zip: Telephone Number: Fax Number: E-mail Address(es): Florida Bar Number:

IF A NONL	AWYE	R HELPED YO	OU FILL OUT TH	IS FORM, HE/SHE MUST	FILL IN THE BLA	NKS BELOW:
[fill in all bl	anks]	This form wa	as prepared for	the {choose only one}: () Petitioner () Respondent.
This form v	vas co	mpleted wit	h the assistance	e of:		
{name of ir	ndividu	ıal}				_
{name	of	business}				
{address}_						
{city}			{state}	, {telephone nur	nber}	·

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORM 12.912(b),

NONMILITARY AFFIDAVIT

When should this form be used?

You should use this form when ALL of the following statements are true:

- The other person in your case has been served, whether by **personal service** or **constructive service**.
- The other person in your case has not responded to your petition.
- You are requesting that the court enter a **default** judgment against the other person.
- You **ABSOLUTELY KNOW FOR CERTAIN** that the other person is **NOT** in the military service.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing this form, you should sign the form before a **notary public** or **deputy clerk**. You must **file** the original of this form with the **clerk of the circuit court** when you file your **Motion for Default**, **I** Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.922(a). You must also attach copies of all verifications of nonmilitary service that you received from each branch of the United States' military service. You should keep a copy for your records.

Special notes...

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, $\nearrow \square$ Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900 (a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE THIRTEENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA

	Case No.:	
	Division:	
Petitioner,	,	
and		
Respondent.	_•	
NONMILI	TARY AFFIDAVIT	
I, {full legal name} that the following information is true: [√ all that apply] 1. I know of my own personal know		
armed services of the United States.	vicage that Respondent is not on	active duty in the
2. I have inquired of the armed serv Service to determine whether the Reattaching certificates stating that Result I understand that I am swearing of claims made in this affidavit and that the	espondent is a member of the arm spondent is not now in the armed or affirming under oath to the to punishment for knowingly ma	ned services and am d services.
statement includes fines and/or imprison	ment.	
DATED:	Signature of Petitioner	
	Printed Name:	
	Address:City, State, Zip:	
CTLATE OF TA ON TO	Telephone Number:	
STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF HILLSBOROUGH	Fax Number:	_
	h.,	
Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me on _		
	NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUT	Y CLERK
	[Print, type, or stamp commissinotary or clerk.]	ioned name of
Personally known Produced identification Type of identification produced	-	

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORMS 12.922(a), MOTION FOR DEFAULT, and 12.922(b), DEFAULT

When should these forms be used?

If the other <u>party</u> has failed to <u>file</u> or <u>serve</u> any documents within 20 days after the date of service of your <u>petition</u>, you may ask the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> to enter a <u>default</u> against him or her by filling out this form and filing it with the court. Generally, a default allows you to obtain an earlier <u>final hearing</u> to finish your case. Once the default is signed by the clerk, you can request a <u>trial</u> or final hearing in your case.

To obtain a default, you will need to complete <u>Motion for Default</u>, $\mathcal{L} \square$ Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.922(a). You will then need to file your motion for default along with the **Default**, $\mathcal{L} \square$ Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.922(b), so that the clerk can enter a default for you if your motion is proper.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing this form, you should file the original with the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> in the county where you filed your petition and keep a copy for your records.

What should I do next?

After the default has been entered, you must ask for a hearing, so that the <u>judge</u> can consider your petition. To do this, you must contact the clerk's office, <u>family law intake staff</u>, or <u>judicial assistant</u> to schedule a hearing and file a **Notice of Hearing (General)**, $\nearrow \square$ Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.923, with the clerk. A copy of the notice of hearing must be mailed or hand-delivered to each party in the case. **You must send a notice of final hearing to the defaulted party.**

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms. For further information, see rule 1.500, Florida Rules of Civil Procedure, concerning defaults and rule 1.140, Florida Rules of Civil Procedure, concerning the time within which a party can file an answer or other responsive pleading to a petition. See also rule 12.080, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure.

Special notes...

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, PD Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900 (a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE THIRTEENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA

	Case No.:
	Division:
Petitioner,	
and	
and	
,	
Respondent.	
MOTION	FOR DEFAULT (D1270)
	(21 2 ,0)
TO THE CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT	Γ:
DI FASE ENTED A DEFAULT AC	SAINST RESPONDENT WHO HAS FAILED TO
RESPOND TO THE PETITION.	FAINST RESTONDENT WHO HAS FAILED TO
I certify that a copy of this document	was [$$ one only]() mailed() faxed and mailed()
	n {date}
-	
Other party or his/her attorney:	
Name:	
Address:	
City, State, Zip:	
Fax Number:	
Dated:	
	Cianatura of Datition on
	Signature of Petitioner
	Printed Name: Address:
	City, State, Zip:
	Telephone Number:
	Fax Number:
IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL	OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE
BLANKS BELOW: [\approx fill in all blanks]	,
I Ifull legal name and trade name of nonlaws	ver}
a nonlawyer located at {street}	{city}
{state} {phone}	helped {name}
who is the petitioner, fill out this form.	

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE THIRTEENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA

	Case No.:
	Division:
Petitioner,	
and	
,	
Respondent.	
DEI	FAULT (D1271)
A default is entered in this action again paper as is required by law.	nst Respondent for failure to serve or file a response or any
Dated:	
	CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT
(SEAL)	Ву:
	Deputy Clerk
Other party or his/her attorney: Name: Address: City, State, Zip: Fax Number:	
Dated:	
	Signature of Petitioner Printed Name: Address: City, State, Zip: Telephone Number: Fax Number:
BLANKS BELOW: [\sum fill in all blanks] I, [full legal name and trade name of nonlawye	OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE
a nonlawyer, located at {street}	
who is the petitioner, fill out this form.	, helped (nume),

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORM 12.923, NOTICE OF HEARING (GENERAL) (9/11)

When should this form be used?

Anytime you have set a hearing before a <u>judge</u>, you must send notice of the <u>hearing</u> to the other party. **IMPORTANT**: If your hearing has been set before a general magistrate, you should use **Notice of Hearing Before General Magistrate**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.920(c). If your hearing has been set before a child support enforcement hearing officer, you should use **Notice of Hearing (Child Support Hearing Officer)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.921.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing this form, you should <u>file</u> the original with the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> in the county where your case was filed and keep a copy for your records.

What should I do next?

A copy of this form must be mailed **or** hand delivered to the other party in your case. If a **default** has been entered, you must still send this form to the other party to notify the other party of the **final hearing**.

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read General Information for Self-Represented Litigantsfound at the beginning of these forms. For further information on serving notices of hearing, see rule 1.090(d), Florida Civil Rules of Procedure.

Special notes...

To set a hearing date and time, you will usually have to make a good-faith effort to coordinate a mutually convenient date and time for you, the other parties in the case, and the judge, except in certain emergency situations. Some circuits may have additional procedural requirements that you must follow when you notify the court and other parties of your scheduled hearing. Therefore, before you complete this form, you should contact the clerk's office, <u>family law intake staff</u>, or <u>judicial assistant</u> for information regarding the proper procedure to follow.

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900 (a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

Instructions for Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.923, Notice of Hearing (General) (9/11)

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE THIRTEENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA

		Case No.:	
		Division:	
	Petitioner,		
and			
	Respondent.		
	NOTICE OF HE	ARING (GENERAL)#	
[fill in all blanks]			
TO: {name of other There will be a hear	party}:ing before Judge {name}		
		m., in Room of the	
hour(s)/	minutes have been reserved	I for this hearing	

This part is to be filled out by the court or to be filled in with information you obtained from the court:

If you are a person with a disability who needs any accommodation in order to participate in this proceeding, you are entitled, at no cost to you, to the provision of certain assistance. Please contact the ADA Coordinator, Hillsborough County Courthouse, 800 E. Twiggs St., Room 604, Tampa, Florida 33602, (813) 272-7040, at least 7 days before your scheduled court appearance, or immediately upon receiving this notification if the time before the scheduled appearance is less than 7 days; if you are hearing or voice impaired, call 711.

If you are represented by an attorney or plan to retain an attorney for this matter, you should notify the attorney of this hearing.

I certify that a copy of this document was [Choose only **one**] () mailed () faxed and mailed () hand delivered to the person(s) listed below on {date}_____. Other party or his/her attorney: Name: _____ Address: City, State, Zip: _____ Fax Number: _____ Email Address: Dated: _____ Signature of Party Printed Name: _____ Address: City, State, Zip: Telephone Number: _____ Fax Number: _____ Email Address:_____ IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW: [fill in all blanks] I, {full legal name and trade name of nonlawyer} ______

If this matter is resolved, the moving party shall contact the judge's office to cancel this hearing.

who is the [Choose only **one**] ____ petitioner **or** ____ respondent, fill out this form.

helped {name} _

Fee Schedule For Family Law Cases

(These fees are effective June 1, 2019)

Clerk fees (payable to The Clerk of the Circuit Court):

Туре	Fee	Statute Reference
Adoption *	\$400.00	63.102 & 28.241(1)(a)
Termination of Parental Rights *	\$400.00	63.087 & 28.241(1)(a)
Delayed Birth Certificate *	\$400.00	682.0195 & 28.241(1)(a)
Disabilities of nonage; removed (Emancipation) *	\$400.00	743.015 & 28.241(1)(a)
Temporary Custody by Extended Family Member *	\$400.00	751.03 & 28.241(1)(a)
Name Change *	\$414.00	68.07 & 28.241(1)(a)
Counter Petition for case indicated with *	\$395.00	28.101 & 28.241(1)(c)
Dissolution of Marriage **	\$408.00	28.241 & 28.101
All other Family Law actions not listed above **	\$300.00	28.241(1)(a)
Counter Petition for case indicated with **	\$295.00	28.101 & 28.241(1)(c)
Sealing Fee	\$42.00	28.24(25)
Attorney appearing Pro Hac Vice	\$100.00	28.241(6)
Notice of Appeal		
(Requires 2 separate checks:		28.241(2);
(1) \$300.00 made payable to the Second District	\$300.00 (Second DCA)	1
Court of Appeals;	\$100.00 plus copy and	28.24(3);
(2) \$100.00 +\$1.00 per page of entire Notice of	certification fee (Clerk)	28.24(5)(a);
Appeal and \$2.00 for certifying made payable to		35.22
Clerk of the Circuit Court)		
Reopen fee	\$50.00	28.241(1)(b)
Writ of Garnishment issued	\$188.00	28.241(1)(a)
Issuing a Summons (Initial, Alias, and Pluries)	\$10.00	28.241(1)(d)
Issue & filing a subpoena	\$7.00	28.241(18)(a)
Signing and sealing a subpoena	\$2.00	28.24(18)(b)
Copies	\$1.00 (per page)	28.24(5)(a)
Certification	\$2.00	28.24(3)
Notary fee	\$10.00 (each)	117.05(2)(a)
Approving Bond	\$8.50	28.24(19)
Administering oath	\$3.50	38.25(13)
Exemplified certificate	\$7.00	28.24(16)
Clerk Certificate	\$7.00	28.24(8)
Child Support Fees		
Judgment payoff statement (Child Support)	\$25.00	61.14(6)(f)1
Payment History (Child Support, Alimony)	\$1.00 - \$2.00 per year	28.24(5)(a)
Affidavit of Delinquency	\$7.00	28.24(8)
Notice of Delinquency fee	\$25.00	61.14(6)(b)1.b.
Driver License/Non Payment of Child Support	\$25.00	61.14(6)(f)1.
Verification form	\$7.00	28.24(8)

Mediation (payable to The Clerk of the Circuit Court)

Family income greater than \$50,000 but less than \$100,000 per year	\$120.00	44.108(2)(b)
Family income less than \$50,000 per year	\$60.00	44.108(2)(b)

		IN THE COURT, 13TH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA		
		CASE NO.:		
Plaintif	ff/Petitioner,			
V.				
Defend	dant/Respondent/			
	NOTICE OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATI	ON WITHIN COURT FILING		
Pursuar	nt to Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.420(d	I)(2), I hereby certify:		
() (1)	I am filing herewith a document containing confid Rule 2.420(d)(1)(B) and that:	lential information as described in		
(a)) The title/type of document is, and:			
(b)	(b) () the entire document is confidential, or			
	() the confidential information within the docume	ent is precisely located at:		
OR				
() (2)	A document was previously filed in this case that described in Rule 2.420(d)(1)(B), but a Notice of was not filed with the document and the confident confidential by the clerk of the court. I hereby not is located as follows:	Confidential Information within Court Filing Information was not maintained as		
(a)	Title/type of document:;			
(b)				
(c)				
(d)				
(e)	() Entire document is confidential, or			
	() Precise location of confidential information in	document:		
		Filer's Signature		

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a copy of the	e foregoing was furnished by	_ on:
	on	, 20
	Name	
	Address	
	Phone	
	Florida Bar No. (if applicab	le)
	E-mail address	

Note: The clerk of court shall review filings identified as containing confidential information to determine whether the information is facially subject to confidentiality under subdivision (d)(1)(B). The clerk shall notify the filer in writing within 5 days if the clerk determines that the information is NOT subject to confidentiality, and the records shall not be held as confidential for more than 10 days, unless a motion is filed pursuant to subdivision (d)(3) of the Rule. Fla. R. Jud. Admin. 2.420(d)(2).

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORM 12.915

DESIGNATION OF CURRENT MAILING AND E-MAIL ADDRESS (06/18)

When should this form be used?

This form should be used to inform the clerk and the other <u>party</u> of your current mailing and e-mail address(es) or **any change of address**. It is very important that the court and the other party in your case have your correct address.

A party not represented by an attorney may choose to designate e-mail address(es) for **service.** A primary and up to two secondary e-mail addresses can be designated. If you do so and the other party is represented by an attorney or has also designated e-mail address(es) for service, e-mail will be the **exclusive means of service.**

If there is any change in your mailing or e-mail address(es), you must complete a new form, file it with the clerk, and serve a copy on any other party or parties in your case.

What should I do next?

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing this form, you should **file** the original with the **clerk of the circuit court** in the county where your case is filed and keep a copy for your records. A copy of this form must be served on any other party in your case. **Service** must be in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-FILING

The Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. Self-represented litigants may file petitions or other pleadings or documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so. If you choose to file your pleadings or other documents electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the judicial circuit in which you file. The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-SERVICE ELECTION

After the initial service of process of the petition or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain circumstances. You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Rules of Judicial Administration. If you elect to participate in electronic service, which means serving or receiving pleadings

Instructions for Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address (06/18)

by electronic mail (e-mail), or through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal, you **must** review Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at www.flcourts.org through the link to the Rules of Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the A-Z Topical Index.

SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MAY SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL; HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED TO DO SO. If a self-represented litigant elects to serve and receive documents by e-mail, the procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please **CAREFULLY** read the rules and instructions for: **Certificate of Service (General)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read General Information for Self-Represented Litigants found at the beginning of these forms. The words that are in <u>bold underline</u> in these instructions are defined there.

Special notes...

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

	HE JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, COUNTY, FLORIDA			
	Case No.: Division:			
Petitioner,				
and				
Respondent.				
DESIGNATION OF CUR	RENT MAILING AND E-MAIL ADDRESS			
I, {full legal name},	, being sworn, certify that:			
	MAILING ADDRESS:			
My current mailing address is:				
{Street or Post Office Box}				
{City},	, {State},, {Zip}			
{Telephone No.}	{Fax No.}			
E-MAIL ADDRESS:				
{Do not provide an e-mail address unless you choose to serve and receive all documents in the future only by e-mail. If you are a self-represented litigant (appearing without an attorney), you are not required to serve or receive documents by electronic mail (e-mail); however, once you designate an e-mail address, that address will be the exclusive means of serving and receiving documents. Once you choose to serve and receive documents by e-mail, you cannot change your decision.}				
i wish to designate the following e-mail a	ddress(es) for the purposes of serving and receiving documents:			

I certify that a copy of this document was	_ e-mailed	mailed	faxed and mailed
hand-delivered to the person(s) listed be	elow on <i>{date</i>	}	·
Other party or his/her attorney:			
Name:			
Address:City, State, Zip:			
Fax Number:			
Fax Number: Designated E-mail Address(es):			
	Signature o	f Party	
STATE OF FLORIDA			
COUNTY OF			
Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me on		by	
	NOTARY PU	BLIC or DEPUT	/ CLERK
	[Print, type, or clerk.]	or stamp comr	missioned name of notary
Personally known			
Produced identification			
Type of identification produced			
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS	FORM HE/SI	IF MIIST FILL IN	I THE RI ANKS RELOW:
[fill in all blanks] This form was prepared for the			
This form was completed with the assistance of		.,	etitioner nespondent
{name of individual}			
{name of business}			
{street}	code}	.{telephone nu	ımber}

I understand that I must keep the clerk's office and the opposing party or parties notified of my current