THIRTEENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT FAMILY LAW DIVISION

BLANK PETITION

(Packet #37)

CAUTION:

USE THIS PACKET ONLY IF THERE IS NO OTHER PACKET THAT APPLIES TO YOUR SITUATION.

YOU SHOULD SEEK THE ADVICE OF AN ATTORNEY BEFORE FILING YOUR CASE.

THE JUDGE IS NOT REQUIRED TO GRANT WHAT YOU ARE REQUESTING.

If you choose to represent yourself (*pro se*) in your case, you should be aware that you will be required to follow the same rules that are required in cases filed by persons represented by attorneys. The judge assigned to your case is not necessarily required to grant what you request in a form. If you do not like the outcome of your case, you may not be able to change it. If you have any questions or concerns about your case, you should consult with an attorney.

If you do not know an attorney, you may call the Lawyer Referral Service at 813-221-7780. If you do not have the money to hire an attorney, you may apply to Bay Area Legal Services by calling 813-232-1343. You may also obtain legal information in Tampa at the Legal Information Center (call 813-864-2280, option 1, for hours and information) or in Plant City at the Plant City Legal Information Program (call 813-276-2688 for hours and information).

All instructions and forms distributed by the Thirteenth Judicial Circuit are provided merely as a public service to persons seeking to represent themselves in court without the assistance of an attorney. These documents are meant to serve as a guide only, and to assist pro se (self-represented) litigants with their cases. The Thirteenth Judicial Circuit does not guarantee that either the instructions or the forms will achieve the result desired by the parties or ensure that any individual judge will follow the procedures exactly or accept each and every form as drafted. Any person using these instructions and/or forms does so at his or her own risk, and the Thirteenth Judicial Circuit shall not be responsible for any losses incurred by any person in reliance on the instructions and/or forms.

In no event will the Florida Supreme Court, The Florida Bar, or anyone contributing to the production of these forms, commentary, instructions, and appendices be liable for any direct, indirect, or consequential damages from their use.

(Printing Instructions: There are 2 options available. Option 1 - print entire packet as one document. Option 2 - choose which forms to print by selecting and opening each form separately.)

FORMS CONTAINED IN THIS PACKET	FORM#	WHEN TO USE
General Information for Self-Represented <u>Litigants</u>	Appendix C	For your information only
12 Rules of Courtroom Civility	12 Rules	Required to start case
Nonlawyer Disclosure	12.900(a)	Required if someone who is not a lawyer helps you with the forms
<u>Civil Cover Sheet</u>	12.928	Required to start case
Blank Family Law Petition	Blank	Required to start case
Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act Affidavit (UCCJEA)	12.902(d)	Required to start case
Summons: Personal Service on an Individual	12.910(a)	Required to start case
Process Service Memorandum	12.910(b)	Required to start case
Notice of Related Cases	12.900(h)	Required
Nonmilitary Affidavit	12.912(b)	Use only if the other party is NOT in the military and they do not file an answer
Motion for Default	12.922(a)	Use if no answer is filed within 20 days after service
<u>Default</u>	12.922(b)	Use if no answer is filed within 20 days after service
Motion for Referral to the General Magistrate	12.920(a)	Required for post-judgment cases
General Magistrate / Hearing Officer Division Referral Assignment Table	Table	To determine the General Magistrate / Hearing Officer assigned to your case
Notice of Hearing	12.923	Use when a hearing date has been set
Fee Schedule for Family Law Cases	Fee	A schedule of fees for Family Law related cases
Notice of Confidential Information Within Court Filing	2.40(d)(2)	Use to notify the clerk of documents containing confidential information
Designation of Current Address and E-mail Address	12.915	Do not provide an e-mail address unless you choose to serve and receive ALL documents in the future ONLY by e-mail. Once you choose to serve and receive documents by e-mail, you CANNOT change your decision.

STEP BY STEP INSTRUCTIONS

STEP 1 - Complete the forms to start the case and have them notarized

- 1) FORMS MUST BE COMPLETED AND SIGNED IN BLACK INK AND MOST MUST BE NOTARIZED. The clerk's office will notarize documents and charge a fee (see attached schedule). Please bring a valid ID.
- 2) Names must be written the same way on all documents (no full names on one document and initials on another).
- 3) Complete the following forms and notarize the ones with a notary signature line:
 - A) Civil cover sheet (only use if you are starting a new case with a new case number)
 - B) 12 Rules of Courtroom Civility (does not need to be notarized)
 - C) Blank Family Law Petition
 - D) Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act (UCCJEA) Affidavit, Form 12.902(d) (only if the petition involves children)
 - E) Summons, Form 12.910(a) (needs to be signed by the clerk, not by you)
 - F) Process Service Memorandum, Form 12.910(b) (does not need to be notarized)
 - G) Notice of Related Cases, Form 12.900(h)
 - H) Motion for Referral to the General Magistrate, Form 12.920(a) (only use if you are using an existing case number)
 - I) Designation of Current Address and E-mail Address, Form 12.915 (Do not provide an e-mail address unless you choose to serve and receive ALL documents in the future ONLY by e-mail. Once you choose to serve and receive documents by e-mail, you CANNOT change your decision.)

STEP 2 – Make copies

After you have completed the forms and have signed and notarized them, make 2 complete copies of everything you have signed (one copy is for your records). If you are filing a Motion for Referral to the General Magistrate, make 1 extra copy of that and 1 extra copy of the Petition. Copies can be obtained for a fee in the Court Business Center, on the 6th floor of the George Edgecomb Courthouse. You may also purchase copies for \$0.15 per page, <u>before</u> filing your case, from the Family Law Intake staff in room 101.

STEP 3 - Filing your case

- 1. Take the <u>original</u> set of completed and signed forms to the clerk on the 1st floor of the main courthouse and pay the filing fee. If you are indigent, receive Food Stamps, Medicaid, or Social Security Disability benefits, you can ask the Clerk for an application to waive the filing fee. You will be required to swear under oath that everything in your application is complete and true. If you qualify, the fee will be waived. If you do not qualify, you must pay the filing fee.
- 2. If you are starting a new case, the clerk will assign a case number and division.
- 3. Summons: The clerk will sign the Summons and give it back to you. There is a charge for this.

STEP 4 – Notifying the other party

SUMMONS – Attach the Summons and the Process Service Memorandum to one complete copy of your documents and take them to the sheriff or process server in the county where the other party is going to be served (where he/she lives or works). The other party will have 20 days after the date the sheriff or process server delivers the papers to file a written response (answer). HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY: Hillsborough County Sheriff's Civil Process is located at 700 Twiggs Street on the 3rd floor (across the street from the main courthouse). A non-refundable fee is required (only cash, cashier's checks or money orders — no personal checks). This fee will be waived if you have filed an Application for Civil Indigency and the clerk has marked that you are indigent.

STEP 5 – Process the Motion for Referral to the General Magistrate, if used

- 1. If you are filing a "Motion for Referral to the General Magistrate," mail the following to the Judge assigned to your case:
 - a. 1 copy of the Petition,
 - b. 1 copy of the Motion for Referral to the General Magistrate,
 - c. 2 stamped envelopes, one addressed to each party (envelopes can be purchased in the Court Business Center on the 6^{th} floor of the Edgecomb courthouse)
- 2. If your case is assigned to a judge in <u>Tampa</u>, mail your documents and envelopes to: Judge of Division _____, George Edgecomb Courthouse, 800 E. Twiggs Street, 4th Floor, Tampa, Florida 33602.
- 3. If your case is assigned to a judge in <u>Plant City</u> (Division R, S or T), mail your documents and envelopes to: Judge of Division ______, Plant City Courthouse, 301 N. Michigan Avenue, Plant City, Florida 33563.
- 4. The Division of your case can be found next to your case number.
- 5. If the Motion for Referral to the General Magistrate is not accompanied by 2 stamped addressed envelopes, your Referral will not be processed and your case will be delayed.

STEP 6 – Obtain proof of service

SUMMONS – When the other party is served, the sheriff or process server should send you a form indicating the date and time he/she was served. File this with the clerk.

<u>STEP 7 – Check for answer / default</u>

- 1. Call the Clerk of the Circuit Court (276-8100) 21 days after the other party was served to see if the other party filed an answer.
- 2. If no answer was filed and the other party is <u>not</u> in the military, complete the following forms: Nonmilitary Affidavit Form 12.912(b), Motion for Default Form 12.922(a), and a Default Form 12.922(b). Take the Nonmilitary Affidavit, Motion for Default, Default, and your proof of service to the clerk.
- 3. If no answer was filed and the other party is in the military STOP HERE and consult an attorney.
- 4. If an answer was filed, obtain a copy in Room 101 of the courthouse (if the other party did not send you a copy).
- 5. If the other party filed a counterpetition, you have 20 days to file a written answer to the counterpetition. You can use Form 12.903(d) Answer to Counterpetition. File the original with the clerk, send a copy to the other party, and keep a copy for your records.

<u>STEP 8 – Mediation</u> (only if the other party files an answer denying any allegations or files a counterpetition)

If the other party filed an answer and disputes any of the allegations in your petition, you and the other party will need to go to mediation to see if the disputed issue(s) can be resolved. Call the Mediation and Diversion office at 813-272-5642 and ask them to schedule a mediation date. If the other party does not contact the mediation department or the issue(s) cannot be resolved in mediation, the final hearing will be set.

<u>STEP 9 – Preparing your case / gathering evidence</u> (if you and the other party do not agree and your case is contested)

If the other party is contesting issues in your case, you will need to be prepared to present evidence to the judge or general magistrate which supports your position(s). Gathering evidence is called "discovery." Discovery is governed by Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure 12.280 - 12.410 and Florida Rules of Civil Procedure 1.280 - 1.410.

Some discovery methods are:

- 1. Interrogatories written questions you send to the other party. See Forms 12.930(a), Notice of Service of Standard Family Law Interrogatories, and 12.930(b), Standard Family Law Interrogatories for Original Proceedings, and their instructions.
- 2. Notice of Production from Non-Party/Subpoena a request to someone who is not a party in the case (not the other party) to provide copies of documents to you or to produce documents to be copied by you. See Forms 12.931(a), Notice of Production from Non-Party, and 12.931(b), Subpoena for Production of Documents, and their instructions.
- 3. Depositions taking someone's testimony (a party or non-party) under oath before a court reporter.
- 4. Request for Production of Documents and Things a written request that the other party provide specified documents or things for you to copy or examine. See Florida Rule of Civil Procedure 1.350.

Not all evidence can be considered by the judge or general magistrate. Evidence must conform to the Rules of Evidence in Chapter 90 of the Florida Statutes to be admissible in court. The duty of establishing the facts that you want to present to the court, or the <u>burden of proof</u>, is on YOU. You should provide the judge or general magistrate with admissible evidence to support the claims in your petition and your statements in court.

STEP 10 – Scheduling the final hearing

IF YOU HAVE STARTED A **NEW CASE** AND WERE GIVEN A NEW CASE NUMBER AND THE OTHER PARTY DOES NOT HAVE AN ATTORNEY

- 1. Contact the Case Management Unit (813-272-5173) to schedule the final hearing.
- 2. You will be contacted by mail regarding a court date.

IF YOU HAVE STARTED A **NEW CASE** AND THE OTHER PARTY IS REPRESENTED BY AN ATTORNEY

- 1. Contact the judicial assistant (J.A.) for the judge to whom your case is assigned and ask the J.A. for 3 possible hearing dates and times.
- 2. Call the opposing attorney and ask which of those dates and times is best for him/her.
- 3. Call the J.A. and tell her which date and time you have chosen.
- 4. Complete a Notice of Hearing, Form 12.923 (not included), with the place, date, and time of the hearing.
- 5. Sign the Notice of Hearing and complete the Certificate of Service part of the notice which states the date you are filing the notice and how you are providing a copy to the opposing attorney.
- 6. Make 3 copies of the Notice of Hearing.
- 7. File the original Notice of Hearing with the clerk.
- 8. Give a copy of the Notice of Hearing to the J.A., send a copy of the notice to the other party's attorney, and keep a copy of the notice for your records.

IF YOU HAVE USED **AN EXISTING CASE** NUMBER AND THE OTHER PARTY DOES NOT HAVE AN ATTORNEY

1. Once you have received 1) a close-out letter from mediation (showing that you attempted mediation) and, 2) your signed Order of Referral to the General Magistrate, call the administrative assistant for the general magistrate assigned to your case and request a hearing date. The general magistrate/hearing officer assigned is determined by **the last two digits of your case number (see attached table).**

If assigned to GM-1, call General Magistrate Wartenberg (Phone: 813-272-5351)

If assigned to GM-2, call General Magistrate **Johnson** (Phone: 813-276-2335)

If assigned to GM-3, call General Magistrate **Montagno** (Phone: 813-276-2337)

If assigned to GM-4, call General Magistrate **Sarmiento** (Phone: 813-272-6435)

If assigned to GM-5, call General Magistrate Mason (Phone: 813-272-5525)

- 2. Once a hearing date has been scheduled, complete a Notice of Hearing, Form 12.923, with the place, date, and time of the hearing.
- 3. Sign the Notice of Hearing and complete the Certificate of Service part of the notice which states the date you are filing the notice and how you are providing a copy to the other party.
- 4. Make 2 copies of the Notice of Hearing.
- 5. File the original Notice of Hearing with the clerk, send a copy of the notice to the other party, and keep a copy for your records.

IF YOU HAVE USED <u>AN EXISTING CASE</u> NUMBER AND THE OTHER PARTY IS REPRESENTED BY AN ATTORNEY

1. Once you have received 1) a close-out letter from mediation (showing that you attempted mediation) and, 2) your signed Order of Referral to the General Magistrate, call the administrative assistant for the general magistrate assigned to your case and request a hearing date. The general magistrate/hearing officer assigned is determined by **the last two digits of your case number (see attached table).**

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If assigned to GM-4, call General Magistrate **Sarmiento** (Phone: 813-272-6435)

If assigned to GM-5, call General Magistrate **Mason** (Phone: 813-272-5525)

- 2. Call the opposing attorney and ask which of those 3 dates and times is best for him/her.
- 3. Call the administrative assistant and tell her which date and time you have chosen.
- 4. Complete a Notice of Hearing, Form 12.923 (not included), with the place, date, and time of the hearing.
- 5. Sign the Notice of Hearing and complete the Certificate of Service part of the notice which states the date you are filing the notice and how you are providing a copy to the opposing attorney.
- 6. Make 3 copies of the Notice of Hearing.
- 7. File the original Notice of Hearing with the clerk.
- 8. Give a copy of the Notice of Hearing to the administrative assistant, send a copy of the notice to the other party's attorney, and keep a copy of the notice for your records.

COURT REPORTER?

If you want a court reporter for the hearing, you must arrange for this in advance and you must pay the court reporter's fee. If there is no record of the hearing and the judge rules against you, you may not be able to appeal the decision.

STEP 11 – The final hearing

Normally the final hearing is when the petition (and counterpetition, if one was filed) will be considered and all issues will be decided. If you do not go to the final hearing your case may be dismissed.

HOW TO DRESS - Dress appropriately. No shorts, tank tops, or sandals. Do not chew gum.

WHAT TO BRING - All evidence you want the court to consider in deciding your case, if your case is contested

WHAT TO EXPECT

The hearing will take place in a hearing room or a courtroom. You will not be in front of a jury, just the general magistrate or judge. Do not interrupt the magistrate or judge when he or she speaks. When speaking to the magistrate or judge, address him or her as "Your Honor" or "Judge."

Each court has at least one bailiff who is a deputy sheriff and is there to maintain order. When you arrive for your hearing, let the bailiff know that you are present and ready. He or she will announce your case when it is time for your hearing, and will tell you where to sit and where to place your belongings as you enter the hearing room. A bailiff will usually remain inside the room during your hearing. If witnesses are called, the bailiff will step out to bring the witness into the hearing room.

At your hearing, be prepared to discuss any issues covered in the petition (and the counterpetition, if one was filed) and be able to provide proof of any disputed facts by presenting evidence. Evidence is proof presented at a hearing in the form of witnesses (people), exhibits (documents), and objects (things). Not all evidence can be considered by the general magistrate or judge, however. Evidence must conform to the Rules of Evidence in Chapter 90 of the Florida Statutes to be admissible in court. Remember, the duty of establishing the facts that you want to present to the court is on YOU. You should provide the judge with admissible evidence to support the claims in your petition and your statements in court. Telling your story may not be enough to win your case.

Once both sides have presented their evidence, the general magistrate or judge will make a decision and an order will be prepared. The order will contain all the details of the court's decision. You will receive a copy of the order in the mail. The original order will go to the clerk's office to be filed in your court file.

Family Forms and Packets - available for purchase at the Court Business Center

Form Packets with Instructions:

- 1) Complete packets with all forms and self-help instructions are priced individually and available at the Court Business Center (CBC), in Room 630 (6th Floor) of the George Edgecomb Courthouse, 800 E. Twiggs Street, Tampa, Florida.
- 2) Free online at:
 - a) www.fljud13.org/Portals/0/Forms/pdfs/family/packetList.pdf
 - b) www.hillsclerk.com/en/About-Us/Forms → then click on "Family Law"

Individual Forms (may not include necessary instructions):

- 1) For \$.10 per page at the Court Business Center (CBC), in Room 630 (6th Floor) of the George Edgecomb Courthouse, 800 E. Twiggs Street, Tampa, Florida.
- 2) Free online at: www.flcourts.org → then click on "Family Law Forms"

YOU MAY FILE FORMS AT THE FOLLOWING LOCATIONS:

Tampa - George Edgecomb Courthouse - Main Location

Clerk of the Circuit Court, 800 E. Twiggs Street, Room 101, Tampa, FL 33602

Brandon – Brandon Regional Service Center

Clerk of the Circuit Court, 311 Pauls Drive, Suite 110, Brandon, FL 33511

<u>Plant City – Plant City Courthouse</u>

Clerk of the Circuit Court, 301 N. Michigan, Room 1071, Plant City, FL 33563

AVISO

No podemos actualizar las instrucciones en Español tan a menudo como actualizamos las instrucciones en Inglés.

Por favor de notar que las formas y las instrucciones en esta sección no son necesariamente las más recientes.

NOTICE

We are not able to update the Spanish language instructions as often as we update the English instructions. Please note that the forms and instructions in this section may not be current.

CIRCUITO JUDICIAL NÚMERO TRECE DIVISIÓN DE DERECHO DE FAMILIA

PETICIÓN EN BLANCO (Paquete #37)

PRECAUCIÓN:

USE ESTE PAQUETE ÚNICAMENTE SI NO HAY OTRO PAQUETE QUE APLIQUE A SU SITUACIÓN.

USTED DEBE BUSCAR LA ASESORÍA DE UN ABOGADO ANTES DE RADICAR SU CASO.

EL JUEZ NO ESTÁ OBLIGADO A OTORGAR LO QUE USTED ESTÁ SOLICITANDO.

Si usted decide representarse a usted mismo (pro se) en su caso, usted debe estar consciente de que deberá seguir las mismas reglas establecidas para las personas representadas por abogados. El juez asignado para su caso no necesariamente tendrá que otorgarle lo que usted solicite en un formulario. Es posible que usted no pueda modificar el resultado del caso si no está de acuerdo con este. Si tiene preguntas o inquietudes sobre su caso usted debe consultar un abogado.

Si no conoce a un abogado, puede comunicarse al Servicio de Remisión de Abogados (*Lawyer Referral Service*) al 221-7780. Si usted no tiene dinero para contratar a un abogado, puede solicitar asistencia a *Bay Area Legal Services* llamando al 232-1343. También puede solicitar información legal en el Centro de Información Legal (*Legal Information Center*) de la Corte George Edgecomb (llame al 864-2280 para horarios e información).

Todas las instrucciones y formularios distribuidos por el Circuito Judicial Número Trece son provistas como un servicio público para las personas que buscan representarse a sí mismas en la corte sin la asistencia de un abogado. Estos documentos son solamente una guía y ayuda para los casos de los litigantes *pro se* (que se representan a sí mismos). El Circuito Judicial Número Trece no le garantiza que las instrucciones o las formas resultarán en el desenlace deseado para las partes ni que un juez en particular seguirá los procedimientos textualmente o que aceptará cada uno o la totalidad de los formularios tal y como fueron escritos. Cualquier persona que utilice estas instrucciones y/o formularios, lo hace bajo su propio riesgo y el Circuito Judicial

Número Trece no se hará responsable por pérdidas ocasionadas a persona alguna que use estas instrucciones y/o formularios.

En ningún caso la Corte Suprema de la Florida, la Barra de Florida (*Florida Bar*), o cualquiera que contribuya a la creación de estos formularios, comentarios, instrucciones, y apéndices será responsable por el daño directo, indirecto o consecuencial que su uso pueda causar.

FORMULARIOS INCLUIDOS EN ESTE PAQUETE	FORMULARIO #	CUANDO USARLO
Información General para Personas que se representan a sí mismas	Apéndice C	Únicamente para su información
12 Reglas de Civismo en la Corte	12 Reglas	Necesarias para iniciar un proceso
Declaración de que no se es Abogado	12.900(a)	Necesaria si una persona que no es abogado le ayuda con los formularios
Carátula para Demandas Civiles	12.928	Necesaria para iniciar un proceso
Petición de Derecho de Familia en Blanco (Blank Family Law Petition)	Blanco	Necesaria para iniciar un proceso
Affidávit acorde con Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act Affidavit (UCCJEA)	12.902(d)	Necesario para iniciar un proceso
Citación: Notificación Personal a un Individuo	12.910(a)	Necesario para iniciar un proceso
Memorando de Notificación del Proceso	12.910(b)	Necesario para iniciar un proceso
Notificación de Caso Relacionado	12.900(h)	Necesaria
Affidávit de que no se es Militar (Nonmilitary Affidavit)	12.912(b)	Usar únicamente si la contraparte NO está en el servicio militar y no radica una respuesta
Moción de Incomparecencia (Motion for Default)	12.922(a)	Usar si no se ha radicado una respuesta dentro de los 20 días siguientes a la notificación

FORMULARIOS INCLUIDOS EN ESTE PAQUETE	FORMULARIO #	CUANDO USARLO
Incomparecencia (Default)	12.922(b)	Usar si no se ha radicado una respuesta dentro de los 20 días siguientes a la notificación
Moción para la Referencia al Magistrado General	12.920(a)	Necesaria para casos previamente decididos
División de Magistrado General/ Oficial de Audiencia - Tabla de Asignaciones	Tabla	Para determinar el Magistrado General/Oficial de Audiencia asignado a su caso
Notificación de la Audiencia	12.923	Utilizar cuando se ha establecido una fecha para la audiencia
Lista de Tarifas para Casos de Derecho de Familia	Tarifas	Lista de Tarifas para Casos relacionados con derecho de familia.
Notificación de Información Confidencial contenida en documentos radicados.	2.40(d)(2)	Para alertar al escribano de la corte (Clerk) de la existencia de información confidencial.

INSTRUCCIONES PASO A PASO

PRIMER PASO - Completar los formularios para iniciar el proceso y adelantar trámite notarial

- 1) LOS FORMULARIOS DEBEN SER COMPLETADOS Y FIRMADOS EN TINTA NEGRA Y LA MAYORÍA DEBEN SURTIR TRÁMITE NOTARIAL. La oficina del escribano (*clerk's office*) adelantará el trámite notarial por una tarifa (ver la lista de cargos anexa). Por favor lleve una identificación válida.
- 2) Los nombres deben ser escritos de la misma manera en todos los documentos (no nombres completos en una forma y las iniciales en otra).
- 3) Completar las siguiente formas y adelantar el trámite notarial en aquellos que provean una linea para la firma del notario:
 - A) Carátula para Demandas Civiles (use si usted está empezando un nuevo caso con un número de caso nuevo)

- B) 12 Reglas de Civismo en la Corte (no es necesario el trámite notarial)
- C) Petición de Derecho de Familia en Blanco
- D) Affidávit de acuerdo con el *Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act* (UCCJEA), Formulario 12.902(d) (únicamente si la petición involucra niños)
- E) Citación, Formulario 12.910(a) (Debe ser firmado por el escribano (*clerk*) no por usted.)
- F) Memorando de Notificación del Proceso, formulario12.910(b) (No es necesario llevar ante notario).
- G) Notificación de Caso Relacionado, Formulario 12.900(h)
- H) Moción de Referencia al Magistrado General, Formulario 12.920(a) (usar únicamente si usted está usando un número de caso existente)
- I) Notificación de Información Confidencial, Formulario 2.40(d)(2)

SEGUNDO PASO - Hacer las Copias

Después de completar las formas, firmarlas y completar el trámite notarial, haga dos copias de todo lo que haya firmado (una es para su archivo). Las copias pueden ser obtenidas por una tarifa en el Centro de Negocios de la Corte (*Court Business Center*), en el sexto piso del la Corte George Edgecomb. También puede pagar \$0.15 por página, antes de radicar su caso, en la oficina 101 (*Family Law Intake*).

TERCER PASO - Radicar su Caso

- 1. Lleve el paquete <u>original</u> completo y firmado al escribano (*clerk*) en el 1er piso de la corte principal y pague los cargos si es necesario. Si usted está empezando un nuevo caso, el escribano le asignará un número de caso y división.
- 2. Citación: el escribano le firmará la citación y se la entregará. Le cobrarán por este paso.

CUARTO PASO - Notificar a la Contraparte

CITACIÓN - Anexar la Citación y el Memorando de Notificación del Proceso a una de la copias completa de los documentos y llevarlos al sheriff o a la persona encargada la notificación de los procesos (process server) en el condado donde la contraparte va a ser notificada/o (donde el o ella vive o trabaja). La contraparte tendrá 20 días para radicar la respuesta escrita (respuesta) contados a partir de la fecha en que el sheriff o quien surta la notificación de los procesos entregue los documentos. CONDADO DE HILLSBOROUGH: el Hillsborough County Sheriff Civil Process está localizado en 700 Twiggs Street, tercer piso (al frente del edificio principal de la corte). Se requiere el pago del un cargo que no será devuelto (únicamente efectivo, cheque de cajero o money order---no se aceptan cheques personales). Este cargo será renunciado si usted ha radicado una Solicitud de Indigencia Civil (Application for Civil Indigency) y el escribano (clerk) lo ha marcado como indigente.

QUINTO PASO - Procesar la Orden de Referencia al Magistrado General?

- 1. Si usted está radicando una moción para Referencia a Magistrado General, envíe al Juez asignado a su caso las siguientes formas por correo:
 - a. 1 copia de la Petición,

- b. 1 copia de la Moción de Referencia al Magistrado General,
- c. 2 sobres estampillados, uno dirigido a cada parte (los sobres y las estampillas pueden ser comprados en el Centro de Negocios de la Corte (*Court Business Center*) ubicado en el 6xto piso de la corte Edgecomb)
- 2. Si su caso es asignado a un juez en <u>Tampa</u>, envíe por correo sus documentos y sobres a: Judge of Division ______, George Edgecomb Courthouse, 800 E. Twiggs Street, 4th Floor, Tampa, Florida 33602.
- 3. Si su caso es asignado a un juez en <u>Plant City</u>, (División R, S o T), envíe por correo sus documentos y sobres a: Judge of Division _____, Plant City Courthouse, 301 N. Michigan Avenue, Plant City, Florida 33563,
- 4. La División de su caso la encuentra junto al número de su caso.
- 5. Si la Moción de Referencia al Magistrado General no va acompañada por 2 sobres con las respectivas direcciones y estampillas, su Referencia no será tramitada y su caso sufrirá retrasos.

SEXTO PASO - Obtener Prueba de la Notificación

CITACIÓN: una vez que la contraparte haya sido notificada, el sheriff o quien haya surtido la notificación de los procesos debe enviarle un recibo indicando la fecha y la hora de la notificación. Radicar este recibo con el escribano (*clerk*).

SÉPTIMO PASO - REVISAR LA RESPUESTA/INCOMPARECENCIA

- 1. Llame a la oficina del escribano de la Corte del Circuito (*Clerk of the Circuit Court*) al (276-8100 ext. 4358) 21 días después de que la contraparte haya sido notificada para verificar si él o ella radicó una respuesta.
- 2. Si una respuesta no fue radicada y la contraparte no está en el servicio militar, complete los siguientes formularios: Affidávit de que no se es Militar (*Nonmilitary Affidavit*) Formulario 12.912(b), Moción de Incomparecencia Formulario 12.922 (a), e Incomparecencia (*Default*) Formulario 12.922(b). Lleve al escribano, el Affidávit de que no se es militar, la Moción de Incomparecencia y la Incomparecencia (*Default*) y la prueba de notificación.
- 3. Si una respuesta no fue radicada y la contraparte está en el servicio militar DETÉNGASE y consulte un abogado.
- 4. Si una respuesta fue radicada, obtenga una copia en la Oficina 101 de la corte (si la otra parte no le envió una copia).
- 5. Si la contraparte radicó una contrademanda (*counterpetition*), usted tiene 20 días para radicar una respuesta escrita a la contrademanda. Puede utilizar el Formulario 12.903(d) Respuesta a la Contrademanda (*Answer to Counterpetition*). Radique el original con el escribano (*clerk*), envíe una copia a la contraparte, y guarde una copia para su archivo personal.

<u>OCTAVO PASO - Mediación</u> (únicamente si la contraparte radicó una respuesta negando los alegatos o una contrademanda).

Si la contraparte radicó una respuesta negando los alegatos o los asuntos no fueron resueltos en mediación, usted y la contraparte deberán ir a mediación para ver si los asuntos en disputa pueden ser resueltos. Llame a la Oficina de *Mediation and Diversion* al 813-272-5642 y

solicíteles que fijen una fecha para la mediación. Si la contraparte no se pone en contacto con el Departamento de Mediación o los asuntos no fueron resueltos en mediación, se programará la audiencia final.

NOVENO PASO - Preparar su caso / reunir la evidencia (si usted y la contraparte no están de acuerdo y su caso es cuestionado).

Si la contraparte está cuestionando asuntos en su caso, usted deberá estar preparado para presentar evidencia que apoye su posición ante el juez. El proceso de reunir la evidencia se llama "descubrimiento" (*Discovery*) . El Descubrimiento está gobernado por el *Florida Family Rules of Procedure* 12.280 - 12.410 y las *Florida Rules of Civil Procedure* 1.280 - 1.410. Algunos métodos de descubrimiento son:

- 1. Interrogatorios Preguntas escritas que se envían a la contraparte. Ver formularios 12.930(a), *Notice of Service of Standard Family Law Interrogatories*, y 12.930(b), *Standards Family Law Interrogatories for Original Proceedings*, y sus instrucciones.
- 2. Notificación de Producción a un tercero / Comparendo (*Notice of Production from Non-Party/Subpoena*) es la solicitud a alguien que no es parte del proceso (no la contraparte) para que le entregue copias de los documentos o para que le preste los documentos para que usted los copie. Vea formularios 12.931(a), *Notice of Production from Non-Party*, y 12.93(b), *Subpoena for Production of Documents*, y sus instrucciones.
- 3. Testimonio tomar el testimonio de alguien (parte o no parte) bajo juramento ante un reportero de la corte.
- 4. Solicitud para la Producción de Documentos y Cosas (*Request for Production of Documents and Things*) es una solicitud escrita para que la contraparte le entregue documentos específicos o cosas para copiar o examinar. Ver *Florida Rule of Civil Procedure*, 1.350.

No toda la evidencia puede ser considerada por el juez o magistrado general. Para ser admisible en la corte, la evidencia debe estar acorde con las Reglas de Evidencia en el Capítulo 90 de los Estatutos de la Florida. El deber de establecer los hechos que quiere presentar en la corte, o la carga de la prueba, recae en USTED. Usted es responsable de presentarle al juez evidencia admisible para apoyar las solicitudes de su demanda y sus afirmaciones en corte.

DÉCIMO PASO - Programar la audiencia final

SI USTED ESTÁ INICIANDO UN **NUEVO CASO** Y LE ENTREGARON UN NUEVO NÚMERO DE CASO Y LA CONTRAPARTE NO TIENE ABOGADO:

- 1. Contacte al Case Management Unit (813-272-5173) para fijar una audiencia final.
- 2. Usted será contactado (a) por correo sobre la fecha en la corte.

SI USTED ESTÁ INICIANDO UN <u>NUEVO CASO</u> Y LA CONTRAPARTE ESTÁ REPRESENTADA POR UN ABOGADO:

- 1. Llame al asistente judicial (J.A) del juez asignado a su caso y solicite al J.A 3 posibles fechas y hora para la audiencia.
- 2. Llame al abogado de la contraparte y pregúntele cual de las 3 fechas y hora le conviene mas a él o ella.
- 3. Llame al asistente judicial (J.A) e infórmele qué fecha y hora escogió.

- 4. Complete una Notificación de Audiencia (*Notice of Hearing*), Formulario 12.923 (no incluido), con el lugar, fecha, y hora de la audiencia.
- 5. Firme la Notificación de Audiencia y complete el Certificado de Notificación en el que se establece la fecha en que está radicando la notificación y la manera como le va a hacer llegar una copia al abogado de la contraparte.
- 6. Haga 3 copias de la Notificación de Audiencia.
- 7. Radique el original de la Notificación de Audiencia en la oficina del escribano (*clerk*).
- 8. Entregue una copia de la Notificación de Audiencia al asistente judicial (*J.A.*), envíe una copia de la notificación al abogado de la contraparte, y guarde una copia para su archivo personal.

SI USTED ESTÁ USANDO UN NÚMERO DE <u>CASO EXISTENTE</u> Y LA CONTRAPARTE NO TIENE ABOGADO

1. Una vez que usted haya recibido 1) una carta de terminación de la mediación (mostrando que usted intentó una mediación) y 2) su Orden de Referencia al Magistrado General, firmada, llame al asistente administrativo del magistrado general asignado a su caso y solicite una fecha para audiencia. El magistrado general/oficial de audiencia se asigna con base en los dos últimos dígitos del número de su caso (vea la tabla adjunta).

Si es asignado al GM-1, llame al Magistrado General/Oficial de Audiencia **Cuellar-Stilo** (teléfono 272-5351)

Si es asignado al GM-2, llame al Magistrado General/Oficial de Audiencia **Johnson** (teléfono 276-2335)

Si es asignado al GM-3, llame al Magistrado General/Oficial de Audiencia **Montagno** (teléfono 276-2337)

Si es asignado al GM-4, llame al Magistrado General/Oficial de Audiencia **Proctor** (teléfono 272-6435)

- 2. Una vez la fecha de la audiencia sea fijada, complete una Notificación de Audiencia, Formulario 12.923, con el lugar, fecha y hora de la audiencia.
- 3. Firme la Notificación de Audiencia y complete la parte del Certificado de Notificación que establece la fecha en la que está radicando la notificación y la manera como le va a proveer una copia a la contraparte.
- 4. Haga 2 copias de la Notificación de Audiencia.
- 5. Radique el original del la Notificación de Audiencia con el escribano (*clerk*), envíe una copia de la notificación a la contraparte, y guarde una copia para su archivo personal.

SI USTED ESTÁ USANDO UN NÚMERO DE <u>CASO EXISTENTE</u> Y LA CONTRAPARTE TIENE ABOGADO

1. Una vez que usted haya recibido 1) una carta de terminación de la mediación (mostrando que usted intentó una mediación) y 2) su Orden de Referencia al Magistrado General firmada llame al asistente administrativo del magistrado general/oficial de audiencia asignado a su caso y solicite una fecha para audiencia. El magistrado general/oficial de audiencia se asigna con base en los dos últimos dígitos del número de su caso (vea la tabla adjunta).

Si es asignado al GM-1, llame al Magistrado General **Cuellar-Stilo** (teléfono 272-5351) Si es asignado al GM-2, llame al Magistrado General **Johnson** (teléfono 276-2335)

Si es asignado al GM-3, llame al Magistrado General **Montagno** (teléfono 276-2337) Si es asignado al GM-4, llame al Magistrado General **Proctor** (teléfono 272-6435)

- 2. Llame al abogado de la contraparte y pregúntele cual de las 3 fechas y hora le conviene mas a él o ella.
- 3. Llame al asistente administrativo e infórmele qué fecha y hora ha escogido.
- 4. Complete una Notificación de Audiencia (*Notice of Hearing*), Formulario 12.923 (no incluido), con el lugar, fecha, y hora de la audiencia.
- 5. Firme la Notificación de Audiencia y complete el Certificado de Notificación en el que se establece la fecha en que está radicando la notificación y la manera como le va a hacer llegar una copia al abogado de la contraparte.
- 6. Haga 3 copias de la Notificación de Audiencia.
- 7. Radique el original de la Notificación de Audiencia en la oficina del escribano (*clerk*).
- 8. Entregue una copia de la Notificación de Audiencia al asistente administrativo, envíe una copia de la notificación al abogado de la contraparte, y guarde una copia para su archivo personal.

REPORTERO DE LA CORTE?

Si desea contar con un reportero de la corte durante la audiencia, usted debe hacer los arreglos pertinentes con anterioridad y pagar a la corte los honorarios del reportero. Si no hay registro de la audiencia y el juez falla en contra suya es posible que usted no pueda apelar la decisión.

DÉCIMOPRIMER PASO - La audiencia final

Normalmente en la audiencia final es cuando se decidirá la petición (y la contrademanda si se radicó una) y todos los asuntos serán decididos. Si usted no asiste a la audiencia final su caso puede ser desestimado.

CÓMO VESTIRSE - Vístase apropiadamente. No use pantalones cortos (*shorts*), camisetas sin mangas (*tank tops*) o sandalias. No mastique chicle.

QUÉ TRAER - Toda la evidencia que usted quiere que la corte tenga en cuenta en la decisión de su si su caso es cuestionado

OUÉ ESPERAR

La audiencia tendrá lugar en una sala de audiencia o sala de la corte. Usted no estará frente a un jurado, solamente frente a un magistrado general o juez. No interrumpa al magistrado o juez cuando el o ella hable. Cuando se dirija al magistrado o al juez, llámelo/a "Honorable" ("Your Honor") o "Juez" ("Judge").

Cada corte tiene por lo menos un alguacil que es un ayudante de sheriff y se encuentra allí para mantener el orden. Cuando usted llegue para la audiencia deje que el alguacil sepa que usted está presente y listo. El o ella anunciará su caso cuando llegue el momento de su audiencia y le informará donde sentarse y en donde acomodar sus pertenencias cuando entre a la sala de audiencias. Por lo general un alguacil permanecerá dentro de la sala durante su audiencia. Si se llaman testigos, el alguacil saldrá a buscarlos para traerlos a la sala de audiencia.

Durante su audiencia, esté preparado para discutir cualquiera de los asuntos de que trate la petición (y contrademanda si alguna se radicó) y esté listo para presentar pruebas de cualquiera de los hechos por medio de evidencias. Evidencias son pruebas presentadas durante una

audiencia bajo la forma de testigos (personas), documentos (papeles), u objetos (cosas). Sin embargo, el juez no puede tener en cuenta toda la evidencia. Las pruebas deben estar conforme a las Reglas de Evidencia del Capítulo 90 de las Leyes de Florida para ser admisibles en corte. Recuerde que USTED tiene el deber de establecer los hechos que quiere presentar ante la corte. Usted debe presentarle al juez evidencia admisible como soporte de las reclamaciones en su petición y de sus afirmaciones en la corte. Contar su historia, simplemente, puede no ser suficiente para ganar su caso.

Una vez que ambas partes han presentado su evidencia, el magistrado general o juez tomará una decisión y una orden será preparada. La orden contendrá todos los detalles de la decisión de la corte. Usted recibirá una copia de la orden por correo. El original irá a la oficina del escribano (clerk' s office) para ser archivado en su expediente judicial.

Formularios y Paquetes de Familia - disponibles para compra en el Court Business Center Paquetes de Formularios con Instrucciones:

- 1) Paquetes completos con todos los formularios e instrucciones de auto-ayuda se encuentran disponibles para compra, a precios individuales, en el Court Business Center (CBC), Oficina 630 (Piso 6°) de la corte George Edgecomb, 800 E. Twiggs Street, Tampa, Florida.
- 2) Gratis en línea en:
 - a) www.fljud13.org/Portals/0/Forms/pdfs/family/packetList.pdf
 - b) <u>www.hillsclerk.com/publicweb/forms.aspx#FamilyLaw</u> → y luego clic en "Family Law"

Formularios Individuales (no siempre incluyen las instrucciones necesarias):

- 1) A 10 centavos por página en el Court Business Center (CBC), Oficina 630 (Piso 6°) de la corte George Edgecomb, 800 E. Twiggs Street, Tampa, Florida.
- 2) Gratis en línea en: <u>www.flcourts.org</u> → y luego clic en "Family Law Forms"

USTED PUEDE COMPRAR Y RADICAR LOS FORMULARIOS EN LAS SIGUIENTES LOCALIDADES:

<u>Tampa - George Edgecomb Courthouse - Main Location</u>

Clerk of the Circuit Court, 800 E. Twiggs Street, Room 101, Tampa, FL 33602

Brandon – Brandon Regional Service Center

Clerk of the Circuit Court, 311 Pauls Drive, Suite 110, Brandon, FL 33511

Plant City – Plant City Courthouse

Clerk of the Circuit Court, 301 N. Michigan, Room 1071, Plant City, FL 33563

Ruskin/Sun City - SouthShore Regional Service Center

Clerk of the Circuit Court, 410 30th Street SE, Ruskin, FL 33570

FAMILY LAW FORMS, COMMENTARY, AND INSTRUCTIONS GENERAL INFORMATION FOR SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS (02/18)

You should read this General Information thoroughly before taking any other steps to file your case or represent yourself in court. Most of this information is not repeated in the attached forms. This information should provide you with an overview of the court system, its participants, and its processes. It should be useful whether you want to represent yourself in a pending matter or have a better understanding of the way family court works. This is not intended as a substitute for legal advice from an attorney. Each case has its own particular set of circumstances, and an attorney may advise you of what is best for you in your individual situation.

These instructions are not the only place that you can get information about how a family case works. You may want to look at other books for more help. The Florida Statutes, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure, Florida Rules of Civil Procedure, and other legal information or books may be found at the public library or in a law library at your county courthouse or a law school in your area. If you are filing a petition for **Name Change** and/or **Adoption**, these instructions may not apply.

If the word(s) is printed in **bold**, this means that the word is being emphasized. Throughout these instructions, you will also find words printed in **bold** and **underlined**. This means that the definitions of these words may be found in the glossary of common family law terms at the end of this general information section.

Commentary

1995 Adoption. To help the many people in family law court cases who do not have attorneys to represent them (pro se litigants), the Florida Supreme Court added these simplified forms and directions to the Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure. The directions refer to the Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure or the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure. Many of the forms were adapted from the forms accompanying the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure. Practitioners should refer to the committee notes for those forms for rule history.

The forms were adopted by the Court pursuant to Family Law Rules of Procedure, 667 So. 2d 202 (Fla. 1995); In re Petition for Approval of Forms Pursuant to Rule 10-1.1(b) of the Rules Regulating the Florida Bar—Stepparent Adoption Forms, 613 So. 2d 900 (Fla. 1992); Rules Regulating the Florida Bar—Approval of Forms, 581 So. 2d 902 (Fla. 1991).

Although the forms are part of these rules, they are not all inclusive and additional forms, as necessary, should be taken from the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure as provided in Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure. Also, the following notice has been included to strongly encourage individuals to seek the advice, when needed, of an attorney who is a member in good standing of the Florida Bar.

1997 Amendment. In 1997, the Florida Family Law Forms were completely revised to simplify and correct the forms. Additionally, the appendices were eliminated, the instructions contained in the appendices were incorporated into the forms, and the introduction following the Notice to Parties was created. Minor changes were also made to the Notice to Parties set forth below.

NOTICE TO PARTIES WHO ARE NOT REPRESENTED BY AN ATTORNEY WHO IS A MEMBER IN GOOD STANDING OF THE FLORIDA BAR

If you have questions or concerns about these forms, instructions, commentary, the use of the forms, or your legal rights, it is strongly recommended that you talk to an attorney. If you do not know an attorney, you should call the lawyer referral service listed in the yellow pages of the telephone book under "Attorney." If you do not have the money to hire an attorney, you should call the legal aid office in your area.

Because the law does change, the forms and information about them may have become outdated. You should be aware that changes may have taken place in the law or court rules that would affect the accuracy of the forms or instructions.

In no event will the Florida Supreme Court, The Florida Bar, or anyone contributing to the production of these forms or instructions be liable for any direct, indirect, or consequential damages resulting from their use.

FAMILY LAW PROCEDURES

Communication with the court. Ex parte communication is communication with the judge with only one party present. Judges are not allowed to engage in ex parte communication except in very limited circumstances, so, absent specific authorization to the contrary, you should not try to speak with or write to the judge in your case unless the other party is present or has been properly notified. If you have something you need to tell the judge, you must ask for a hearing and give notice to the other party or file a written statement in the court file and send a copy of the written statement to the other party.

Filing a case. A case begins with the filing of a <u>petition</u>. A petition is a written request to the court for some type of legal action. The person who originally asks for legal action is called the <u>petitioner</u> and remains the petitioner throughout the case.

A petition is given to the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u>, whose office is usually located in the county courthouse or a branch of the county courthouse. A case number is assigned and an official court file is opened. Delivering the petition to the clerk's office is called <u>filing</u> a case. A <u>filing fee</u> is usually required.

The Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. **Self-represented litigants may file a petition or other pleadings, motions, and documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so.** If you choose to file your petition electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the circuit within which you file. **The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed.**

<u>Service of the original petition or supplemental petition</u>. When one party files a <u>petition</u>, <u>motion</u>, or other <u>pleading</u>, the other party must be "served" with a copy of the document. This means that the other party is given proper notice of the pending action(s) and any scheduled hearings. The person

against whom the original legal action is being requested is called the **respondent**, because he or she is expected to respond to the petition. The respondent remains the respondent throughout the case.

<u>Personal service</u> of the petition and summons on the respondent by a deputy sheriff or private process server is required in all <u>original petitions</u> and <u>supplemental petitions</u>, unless <u>constructive service</u> is permitted by law. Personal service may also be required in other actions by some judges.

Constructive Service. If you absolutely do not know where the other party to your case lives or if the other party resides in another state, you may be able to use constructive service; however, if constructive service is used, other than granting a divorce, the court may only grant limited relief, which cannot include either alimony or child support. For more information on constructive service, see Notice of Action for Dissolution of Marriage (No Child or Financial Support), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.913(a)(1), Notice of Action for Family Cases with Minor Child(ren), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.913(a)(2), Affidavit of Diligent Search and Inquiry, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.913(b), and Affidavit of Diligent Search, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.913(c).. Additionally, if the other party is in the military service of the United States, additional steps for service may be required. See, for example, Memorandum for Certificate of Military Service, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.912(a). In sum, the law regarding constructive service and service on an individual in the military is very complex and you may wish to consult an attorney regarding these issues.

Forms for service of process are included in the Florida Family Law Forms, along with more detailed instructions and information regarding service. The instructions to those forms should be read **carefully** to ensure that you have properly served the other party. **If proper service is not obtained, the court cannot hear your case. Service must be in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.**

Subsequent Service. Other than the original or supplemental petitions, any time you file additional pleadings or motions in your case, you must provide a copy to the other party and include a <u>certificate</u> <u>of service</u>. Likewise, the other party must provide you with copies of everything that he or she files. If the other party is represented by an attorney, you should serve the attorney unless service upon the other party is required by the court.

Electronic Service. After the initial service of process of the petitioner or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain circumstances. You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Rules of Judicial Administration. If you elect to participate in electronic service, which means serving or receiving pleadings by electronic mail (e-mail), or through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal, you must review Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at www.flcourts.org through the link to the Rules of Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the A-Z Topical Index.

SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MAY SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL; HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED TO DO SO. If a self-represented litigant elects to serve and receive documents by e-mail, the procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please **CAREFULLY** read the rules and instructions for: **Certificate of Service (General)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

<u>Default</u>. After being served with a petition or <u>counterpetition</u>, the other party has 20 days to file a response. If a response to a petition is not filed, the petitioner may file a <u>Motion for Default</u>, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.922(a), with the clerk. This means that you may proceed with your case and set a <u>final hearing</u>, and a <u>judge</u> will make a decision, even if the other party will not cooperate. For more information, see rule 12.080(c), Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure.

<u>Answer</u> and Counterpetition. After being served, the respondent has 20 days to file an answer admitting or denying each of the allegations contained in the petition. In addition to an answer, the respondent may also file a counterpetition. In a counterpetition, the respondent may request the same or some other relief or action not requested by the petitioner. If the respondent files a counterpetition, the petitioner should then file an **Answer to Counterpetition**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.903(d), and either admit or deny the allegations in the respondent's counterpetition.

Mandatory disclosure. Rule 12.285, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure, requires each party in a dissolution of marriage to exchange certain information and documents, and file a Family Law Financial Affidavit, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(b) or (c). Failure to make this required disclosure within the time required by the Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure may allow the court to dismiss the case or to refuse to consider the pleadings of the party failing to comply. This requirement also must be met in other family law cases, except adoptions, simplified dissolutions of marriage, enforcement proceedings, contempt proceedings, and proceedings for injunctions for domestic or repeat violence. The Certificate of Compliance with Mandatory Disclosure, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.932, lists the documents that must be given to the other party. For more information see rule 12.285, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure, and the instructions to the Certificate of Compliance with Mandatory Disclosure, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.932.

Parenting Plan. If your case involves minor or dependent child(ren), a **Parenting Plan** shall be approved or established by the court. **Parenting Plan**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form, 12.995(a), **Safety-Focused Parenting Plan**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.995(b), or **Relocation/Long Distance Parenting Plan**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.995(c). The Parenting Plan shall be developed and agreed to by the parents and approved by a court.

If the parents cannot agree, or if the agreed Parenting Plan is not approved, the court must establish a Parenting Plan. The Parenting Plan shall contain a time-sharing schedule and should address the issues regarding the child(ren)'s education, health care, and physical, social, and emotional well-being.

Setting a hearing or trial. Generally, the court will have hearings on motions, final hearings on uncontested or default cases, and trials on contested cases. Before setting your case for final hearing or trial, certain requirements such as completing mandatory disclosure and filing certain papers and having them served on the other party must be met. These requirements vary depending on the type of case and the procedures in your particular jurisdiction. For further information, you should refer to the instructions for the type of form you are filing.

Next, you must obtain a hearing or trial date so that the court may consider your request. You should ask the clerk of court, or <u>family law intake staff</u> about the local procedure for setting a hearing or trial, which you should attend. These family law forms contain <u>orders</u> and <u>final judgments</u>, which the judge may use. You should ask the clerk of court or family law intake staff if you need to bring one of these forms with you to the hearing or trial. If so, you should type or print the heading, including the circuit, county, case number, division, and the parties' names, and leave the rest blank for the judge to complete at your hearing or trial.

The shaded areas below explain different parts of family law forms. Although each form you use may not contain each part explained below, all forms contain a case style which identifies the judicial circuit and county in Florida in which the case is filed, the division within that circuit to which the case is assigned, the parties in the case, and the number of the case. Some, but not all, forms require that the person signing the form state under oath that what he or she claims in the form is true; those particular forms must be signed in the presence of either a deputy clerk of the court or a notary public who witnesses your signature before notarizing the form. Most forms contain a nonlawyer clause which requests certain information be provided by any person who is not licensed to practice law in the State of Florida who has helped you to complete the form.

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Each form that provides a bla instructions which ask	•			o fill in the blank. Please ructions appear in <i>italic</i> s	
IN THE CIRCUIT CO	URT OF THE _	(1)		JUDICIAL CIRCUIT,	
IN AND F	OR	(2)	COU	INTY, FLORIDA	
			Case No.:	(3)	
			Division:	(4)	
(5)	,				
	Petitioner,				
and					
<u>(6)</u>	,				
	Respondent.				

- **Line 1** The clerk of court can tell you the number of your judicial circuit. Type or print it here.
- **Line 2** Type or print your county name on line (2).
- **Line 3** If you are filing an initial petition or pleading, the Clerk of the Court will assign a case number after the case is filed. You should type or print this case number on all papers you file in this case.
- **Line 4** The clerk of the court can tell you the name of the division in which your case is being filed, and you should type or print it here. Divisions vary from court to court. For example, your case may be filed in the civil division, the family division, or the juvenile division.
- **Line 5** Type or print the legal name of the person who originally filed the case on line 5. This person is the petitioner because he/she is the one who filed the original petition.
- **Line 6** Type or print the other party's legal name on line 6. The other party is the respondent because he/she is responding to the petition.

Some forms require that your signature be witnessed. If so, you must sign the form in the presence of a **notary public** or deputy clerk (employee of the clerk of the court's office). When signing the form, you must have a valid photo identification unless the notary knows you personally. You should completely fill in all lines (1 & 3–8) except 2 with the requested information, if applicable. **Line 2, the signature line,**

must be signed in the presence of the <u>notary public</u> or <u>deputy clerk</u>.DO NOT SIGN OR FILL IN THE PART OF THE FORM WHICH ASKS FOR THE NOTARY'S OR CLERK'S SIGNATURE. This section of the form is to be completed by either the deputy clerk or the notary public who is witnessing your signature.

	under oath to the truthfulness of the claims made in this ringly making a false statement includes fines and/or
Dated:(1)	
(2)	(2)
	Signature of Petitioner
	Printed Name:
	(3) Address:
(4)	Address.
	City, State, Zip: (5)
	Telephone Number: (6)
	Fax Number: (7)
	Designated E-mail Address(es): (8)
STATE OF ELODIDA	
STATE OF FLORIDA	
COUNTY OF	
Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me on	hy
Sworn to or annined and signed before the on	
	NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK
	{Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary or
	clerk.}
Personally known	
Produced identification	
Type of identification produced	

<u>Non-lawyer Clause.</u> The section below should be completed by anyone who helps you fill out these forms but is **not** an attorney who is a member in good standing of The Florida Bar, which means that he or she is not licensed to practice law in Florida.

IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW:

[fill in **all** blanks] This form was prepared for the: {either Petitioner or Respondent; or Husband or Wife} This form was completed with the assistance of:

{name of individual}	(1)	,
{name of business}	(2)	,
{address}	(3)	,
{city} (4)	,{state} <u>(5)</u>	, {zip code} (6) ,{telephone number} (7) .

Line 1 The <u>nonlawyer</u> who helps you should type or print his or her name on line 1.

Lines 2–7 The nonlawyer's business name, address, (including street, city, state, zip code, and telephone number) should be typed or printed on lines 2–7.

In addition, a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), should be completed if a nonlawyer assists you. The disclosure is available as a family law form and should be completed before the nonlawyer helps you. This is to be sure that you understand the role and limitations of a nonlawyer. You and the nonlawyer should keep a copy of this disclosure for your records.

FAMILY LAW GLOSSARY OF COMMON TERMS AND DEFINITIONS

Note: The following definitions are intended to be helpful, BUT they are not intended to constitute legal advice or address every possible meaning of the term(s) contained in this glossary.

Affidavit - a written statement in which the facts stated are sworn or affirmed to be true.

Alimony-spousal support which may be ordered by the court in a proceeding for dissolution of marriage. Types of alimony include: bridge-the-gap, durational, rehabilitative, or retroactive, and may be either temporary or permanent. The court may order periodic payments, payments in lump sum, or both. In determining whether to award alimony, the court must determine whether either party has an actual need for alimony and whether the other party has the ability to pay. The court must consider the factors set forth in section 61.08, Florida Statutes, and must make certain written findings. An alimony award may not leave the paying party with significantly less net income than that of the receiving party without written findings of exceptional circumstances.

Answer - written response by a respondent that states whether he or she admits (agrees with) or denies (disagrees with) the allegations in the petition. Any allegations not specifically denied are considered to be admitted.

Appeal - asking a district court of appeal to review the decision in your case. There are strict procedural and time requirements for filing an appeal.

Asset - everything owned by you or your spouse, including property, cars, furniture, bank accounts, jewelry, life insurance policies, businesses, or retirement plans. An asset may be marital or nonmarital, but that distinction is for the court to determine if you and your spouse do not agree.

Attorney - a person with special education and training in the field of law who is a member in good standing of The Florida Bar and licensed to practice law in Florida. An attorney is the only person who is allowed to give you legal advice. An attorney may file your case and represent you in court, or just advise you of your rights before you file your own case. In addition to advising you of your rights, an attorney may tell you what to expect and help prepare you for court. In family law matters, you are not entitled to a court-appointed lawyer, like a public defender in a criminal case. However, legal assistance is often available for those who are unable to hire a private attorney. You may consult the yellow pages of the telephone directory for a listing of legal aid or lawyer referral services in your area, or ask your local clerk of court or family law intake staff what services are available in your area. You may also obtain information from the Florida Supreme Court's Internet site located at http://www.flcourts.org.

Bond - money paid to the clerk of court by one party in a case, to be held and paid to an enjoined party in the event that the first party causes loss or damage of property as a result of wrongfully enjoining the other party.

Beneficiary Designation-Florida law provides that a beneficiary designation made by or on behalf of a party providing for the payment or transference of an asset or benefit upon his or her death to the other spouse is void when the final judgment dissolving or declaring a marriage invalid is signed, unless the final judgment specifically states otherwise. Federal law and other statutory provisions may also apply. This includes, but is not limited to, such assets as life insurance policies, annuities, employee benefit plans, individual retirement accounts, and payable-on-death accounts. Whether or not to continue a beneficiary designation is a complex area of the law and you may wish to consult with an attorney.

Bridge-the-Gap Alimony-spousal support which is ordered to assist a party to make the transition from being married to being single. Bridge-the-Gap alimony is designed to assist a party with legitimate, identifiable short-time needs; its length cannot exceed two years and it cannot be modified.

Central Depository-the office of the clerk of court that is responsible for collecting and disbursing court ordered alimony and child support payments. The depository also keeps payment records and files judgments if support is not paid.

Certificate of Service - a document that must be filed whenever a form you are using does not contain a statement for you to fill in showing to whom you are sending copies of the form. Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914 is the certificate of service form and contains additional instructions.

Certified Copy - a copy of an order or final judgment, certified by the clerk of the circuit court to be an authentic copy.

Certified Mail - mail which requires the receiving party to sign as proof that they received it.

Child Support - money paid from one parent to the other for the benefit of their dependent or minor child(ren).

Clerk of the Circuit Court - elected official in whose office papers are filed, a case number is assigned, and case files are maintained. The clerk's office usually is located in the county courthouse.

Concurrent Custody-(for the purposes of a petition filed pursuant to chapter 751, Florida Statutes) means that an eligible extended family member is awarded custodial rights to care for a child or children concurrently with the child(ren)'s parent or parents.

Constructive Service - notification of the other party by newspaper publication or posting of notice at designated places when the other party cannot be located for personal service. You may also be able to use constructive service when the other party lives in another state. Constructive service is also called "service by publication." However, when constructive service is used, the relief the Court may grant is limited; that relief cannot include either alimony or child support. For more information on service, see the instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Forms 12.910(a) and 12.913(b) and Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Forms 12.913(a)(1) and (2).

Contested Issues - any or all issues upon which the parties are unable to agree and which must be resolved by the judge at a hearing or trial.

Contingent Asset - an asset that you **may** receive or get later, such as income, tax refund, accrued vacation or sick leave, a bonus, or an inheritance.

Contingent Liability - a liability that you **may** owe later, such as payments for lawsuits, unpaid taxes, or debts that you have agreed or guaranteed to pay if someone else does not.

Counterpetition - a written request to the court for legal action, which is filed by a respondent after being served with a petition.

Custody Order – a judgment or order incorporating a Parenting Plan is a child custody determination for the purposes of the Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act, the International Child Abduction Remedies Act, 42 U.S.C. ss. 11601 et seq., the Parental Kidnapping Prevention Act, and the Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction enacted at the Hague on October 25, 1980.

Default - a failure of a party to respond to the pleading of another party. This failure to respond may allow the court to decide the case without input from the party who did not appear or respond.

Delinquent - late.

Dependent Child(ren) - child(ren) who depend on their parent(s) for support either because they are under the age of 18, have a mental or physical disability that prevents them from supporting themselves, or are in high school, between the ages of 18 and 19, and performing in good faith with a reasonable expectation of graduation before the age of 19.

Deputy Clerk - an employee of the office of the clerk of court, which is usually located in the county courthouse or a branch of the county courthouse.

Dissolution of Marriage - divorce; a court action to end a marriage.

Durational Alimony-spousal support which is ordered to provide economic assistance for a set period of time following a marriage of short or moderate duration or following a marriage of long duration if there is no ongoing need for support on a permanent basis. Durational alimony terminates upon the death of either party or upon remarriage of the party receiving support. It may be modified or terminated, but cannot exceed the length of a marriage.

Electronic Communication – Contact, other than face-to-face contact, facilitated by tools such as telephones, electronic mail or email, webcams, video-conferencing equipment and software or other wired or wireless technologies, or other means of communication to supplement fact-to face contact between a parent and that parent's minor child.

Enjoined - prohibited by the court from doing a specific act.

Ex Parte - communication with the judge by only one party. In order for a judge to speak with either party, the other party must have been properly notified and have an opportunity to be heard. If you have something you wish to tell the judge, you should ask for a hearing or file information in the clerk of court's office, with certification that a copy was sent to the other party.

Extended Family Member-(for the purposes of a petition filed pursuant to chapter 751, Florida Statutes) is a person who is either:

- 1) A relative of a minor child within the third degree by blood or marriage to the parent; OR
- 2) The stepparent of a minor child if the stepparent is currently married to the parent of the child and is not a party in a pending dissolution, separate maintenance, domestic violence, or other civil or criminal proceeding in any court of competent jurisdiction involving one or both of the child's parents as an adverse party.

Family Law Intake Staff - a court's employee(s) who is (are) available to assist you in filing a family law case. Family law intake staff are not attorneys and cannot give legal advice. They may only assist you with filling out the form(s). Your local clerk's office can tell you if your county has such assistance available.

Filing - delivering a petition, response, motion, or other pleading in a court case to the clerk of court's office.

Filing Fee - an amount of money, set by law, that the petitioner must pay when filing a case. If you cannot afford to pay the fee, you must file an **Application for Determination of Civil Indigent Status**, to ask the clerk to file your case without payment of the fee. This form can be obtained from the clerk's office.

Final Hearing - trial in your case.

Financial Affidavit - a sworn statement that contains information regarding your income, expenses, assets, and liabilities.

Final Judgment - a written document signed by a judge and recorded in the clerk of the circuit court's office that contains the judge's decision in your case.

Guardian ad Litem - a neutral person who may be appointed by the court to evaluate or investigate your child's situation, and file a report with the court about what is in the best interests of your child(ren). Guardians do not "work for" either party. The guardian may interview the parties, visit their homes,

visit the child(ren)'s school(s) and speak with teachers, or use other resources to make their recommendation.

Hearing - a legal proceeding before a judge or designated officer (general magistrate or hearing officer) on a motion.

Health Insurance-coverage under a fee-for-service arrangement, health care maintenance organization, or preferred provider organization, and other types of coverage available to either parent, under which medical services could be provided to a minor or dependent child.

Judge - an elected official who is responsible for deciding matters on which you and the other parties in your case are unable to agree. A judge is a neutral person who is responsible for ensuring that your case is resolved in a manner which is fair, equitable, and legal. A judge is prohibited by law from giving you or the other party any legal advice, recommendations, or other assistance, and may not talk to either party unless both parties are present, represented, or at a properly scheduled hearing.

Judicial Assistant - the judge's personal staff assistant.

Liabilities - everything owed by you or your spouse, including mortgages, credit cards, or car loans. A liability may be marital or nonmarital, but that distinction is for the court to determine if you and your spouse do not agree.

Lump Sum Alimony - money ordered to be paid by one spouse to another in a limited number of payments, often a single payment.

Mandatory Disclosure - items that must be disclosed by both parties except those exempted from disclosure by Florida Family Law Rule 12.285.

Marital Asset - generally, anything that you and/or your spouse acquired or received (by gift or purchase) during the marriage. For example, something you owned before your marriage **may** be nonmarital. An asset may only be determined to be marital by agreement of the parties or determination of the judge.

Marital Liability - generally, any debt that you and/or your spouse incurred during the marriage. A debt may only be determined to be nonmarital by agreement of the parties or determination of the judge.

Mediator - a person who is trained and certified to assist parties in reaching an agreement before going to court. Mediators do not take either party's side and are not allowed to give legal advice. They are only responsible for helping the parties reach an agreement and putting that agreement into writing. In some areas, mediation of certain family law cases may be required before going to court.

Modification - a change made by the court in an order or final judgment.

Motion - a request made to the court, other than a petition.

No Contact - a court order directing a party not speak to, call, send mail to, visit, or go near his or her spouse, ex-spouse, child(ren), or other family member.

Nonlawyer - a person who is not a member in good standing of The Florida Bar.

Nonmarital Asset - generally, anything owned separately by you or your spouse. An asset may only be determined to be nonmarital by either agreement of the parties or determination of the judge.

Nonmarital Liability - generally, any debt that you or your spouse incurred before your marriage or since your separation. A debt may only be determined to be nonmarital by either agreement of the parties or determination of the judge.

Nonparty - a person who is not the petitioner or respondent in a court case.

Notary Public - a person authorized to witness signatures on court related forms.

Obligee - a person to whom money, such as child support or alimony, is owed.

Obligor - a person who is ordered by the court to pay money, such as child support or alimony.

Order - a written decision, signed by a judge and filed in the clerk of the circuit court's office that contains the judge's decision on part of your case, usually on a motion.

Original Petition - see Petition.

Parenting Course - a class that teaches parents how to help their child(ren) cope with divorce and other family issues.

Parenting Plan — a document created to govern the relationship between the parents relating to the decisions that must be made regarding the minor child(ren). The Parenting Plan must contain a time-sharing schedule for the parents and child(ren) and shall address the issues concerning the minor child(ren). The issues concerning the minor child(ren) may include, but are not limited to, the child(ren)'s education, health care, and physical, social, and emotional well-being. In creating the Plan, all circumstances between the parents, including their historic relationship, domestic violence, and other factors must be taken into consideration. The Parenting Plan must be developed and agreed to by the parents and approved by the court. If the parents cannot agree to a Parenting Plan, or if the parents agreed to a plan that is not approved by the court, a Parenting Plan will be established by the court with or without the use of parenting plan recommendations.

Parenting Plan Recommendation – A nonbinding recommendation concerning one or more elements of a Parenting Plan made by a court-appointed mental health practitioner or other professional designated pursuant to either section 61.20 or 61.401, Florida Statutes, or Florida Family Law Rule of Procedure 12.363.

Party - a person involved in a court case, either as a petitioner or respondent.

Paternity Action - A lawsuit used to determine whether a designated individual is the father of a specific child or children.

Payor - an employer or other person who provides income to an obligor.

Permanent Alimony - spousal support ordered to provide for the needs and necessities of life as they were established during the marriage for a party who lacks the financial ability to meet his or her needs and necessities after dissolution of marriage. Permanent alimony is paid at a specified, periodic rate until: modification by a court order; the death of either party; or the remarriage of the party receiving alimony, whichever occurs first. Permanent alimony requires consideration of the factors set forth in section 61.08(2), Florida Statutes, and must include certain written findings by the court.

Personal Service - when a summons and a copy of a petition (or other pleading) that has been filed with the court are delivered by a deputy sheriff or private process server to the other party. Personal service is required for all petitions and supplemental petitions.

Petition - a written request to the court for legal action, which begins a court case.

Petitioner - the person who originally files a petition that begins a court case. The Petitioner remains the Petitioner throughout the duration of the case.

Pleading - a formal, written statement of exactly what a party wants the court to do in a lawsuit or court action.

Pro Se or Self-Represented Litigant - a person who appears in court without the assistance of a lawyer.

Pro Se Coordinator - see **Family Law Intake Staff**.

Rehabilitative Alimony - spousal support ordered to be paid for a limited period of time to allow one of the parties an opportunity to complete a plan of education or training, according to a rehabilitative plan accepted by the court, so that he or she may better support himself or herself after dissolution of marriage.

Relocation- a change in the location of the principal residence of a parent or other person in accordance with section 61.13001, Florida Statutes.

Respondent - the person who is served with a petition requesting some legal action against him or her. The Respondent remains the Respondent throughout the duration of the case.

Scientific Paternity Testing - a medical test to determine the biological father of a child

Service - the delivery of legal documents to a party. Service must be in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

Shared Parental Responsibility - an arrangement under which both parents have full parental rights and responsibilities for their child(ren), and the parents make major decisions affecting the welfare of the child(ren) jointly. Shared Parental Responsibility is presumptive in Florida.

Sole Parental Responsibility - a parenting arrangement under which the responsibility for the minor child(ren) is given to one parent by the court, with or without rights of time-sharing to the other parent.

State Disbursement Unit- the unit established and operated by the Title IV-D agency to provide one central address for the collection and disbursement of child support payments made in both Department of Revenue and non-Department of Revenue cases, in which the obligation is paid through an income deduction order.

Supervised Time-Sharing- a parenting arrangement under which time-sharing between a parent and his or her child(ren) is supervised by either a friend, family member, or a supervised visitation center.

Supplemental Petition - a petition that may be filed by either party after the judge has made a decision in a case and a final judgment or order has been entered. For example, a supplemental petition may be used to request that the court modify the previously entered final judgment or order.

Supportive Relationship-a relationship, defined in section 61.14(1)(b)1, Florida Statutes, existing between an obligee who receives alimony and a person with whom that obligee resides.

Time-Sharing Schedule – a timetable that must be included in the Parenting Plan that specifies the time, including overnights and holidays that a minor child or children will spend with each parent. The time-sharing schedule shall either be developed and agreed to by the parents of a minor child or children and is approved by the court, or established by the court if the parents cannot agree, or if their agreed-upon schedule is not approved by the court.

Trial - the final hearing in a contested case.

Uncontested - any and all issues on which the parties are able to agree and which are part of a marital settlement agreement.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE THIRTEENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA

			Case No.: _ Division	
	Petitioner,	~	_	
and				
	Respondent.			

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY FAMILY LAW DIVISION THE TWELVE RULES OF COURTROOM CIVILITY

The judges, general masters and hearing officers assigned to the Family Law Division in Hillsborough County expect that all litigants, whether or not they are represented by attorneys, will conduct themselves in an appropriate fashion so that all parties will be afforded a fair opportunity to present their case.

The following guidelines are meant to assist you in meeting appropriate standards of conduct when you appear in court.

- 1. Be truthful in all statements that you make to the court. False statements under oath constitute perjury which is a criminal offense.
- 2. Do not call or write to the judge. As a general rule, documents and testimony can be read or heard by the judge only in the presence of both parties.
- 3. Be courteous. Other than to make appropriate objections, do not interrupt anyone who is speaking. If you are representing yourself and you have an objection to something a witness says, merely say, "Objection" and the court will allow you to state the nature of your objection.
- 4. Treat all court personnel with respect, including bailiffs, judicial assistants, clerks, court investigators, judges, general masters and hearing officers.
- 5. Do not make faces or gestures at the opposing party, his or her attorney, witnesses or the judge while in the courtroom. Speak directly to the judge or your attorney, not the opposing party or a witness. You will be given an opportunity to be heard by the court.

- 6. Show your respect for the court by dressing appropriately and wearing clean clothes. Coats, ties, suits and dresses are welcome but not required. Shorts, blue jeans, t-shirts and sneakers are not appropriate.
- 7. Do not bring any food or beverage into the courtroom and do not chew gum or eat candy in the courtroom.
- 8. Do not bring children to the courthouse (except in adoption cases), unless the court has so ordered.
- 9. Be aware that witnesses you bring to court are not usually permitted to remain in the courtroom while you, your spouse or former spouse, or other witnesses testify.
- 10. Bring at least four (4) copies of any documents that you intend to offer into evidence.
- 11. All documents should be pre-marked with a case number, name, the date and a space for the judge to admit the document into evidence.
- 12. The courthouse is located in a congested area. Parking is limited and takes time. Plan your time so you can park and be available at least fifteen (15) minutes before the hearing is scheduled to begin.

Signature of Petitioner	Date
Signature of Respondent	Date
read and reviewed with my client his or her	r ragnangihiliting og a litigant

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA FAMILY LAW RULES OF PROCEDURE FORM 12.900(a), DISCLOSURE FROM NONLAWYER

When should this form be used?

This form must be used when anyone who is **not** a lawyer in good standing with The Florida Bar helps you complete any Florida Family Law Form. Attorneys who are licensed to practice in other states but not Florida, or who have been disbarred or suspended from the practice of law in Florida, are nonlawyers for the purposes of the Florida Family Law Forms and instructions.

The nonlawyer must complete this form and both of you are to sign it before the nonlawyer assists you in completing any Family Law Form.

In addition, on any other form with which a nonlawyer helps you, the nonlawyer shall complete the nonlawyer section located at the bottom of the form unless otherwise specified in the instructions to the form. This is to protect you and be sure that you are informed in advance of the nonlawyer's limitations.

What should I do next?

A copy of this disclosure, signed by both the nonlawyer and the person, must be given to the person and the nonlawyer must keep a copy in the person's file. The nonlawyer must keep copies for at least six years of all forms given to the person being assisted.

Special notes...

This disclosure form does NOT act as or constitute a waiver, disclaimer, or limitation of liability.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE THIRTEENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA

	Case No.:
Petitioner,	
and	
Respondent.	_,
•	
DISCLOSURE	E FROM NONLAWYER
<pre>give legal advice, cannot tell me what my right and cannot represent me in court.</pre>	ts or remedies are, cannot tell me how to testify in court,
works under the supervision of a member of T substantive legal work for which a member of T	ng The Florida Bar defines a paralegal as a person who The Florida Bar and who performs specifically delegated The Florida Bar is responsible. Only persons who meet the ne?
information provided by me in writing into the bemay not help me fill in the form and may not c	, told me that he/she may only type the factual blanks on the form. {Name}, complete the form for me. If using a form approved by the, may ask me factual may also tell me how to file the form.
[√one only] I can read English I cannot read English, but this disclosure {name} I understand.	re was read to me [fill in both blanks] by _ in {language}, which
Dated:	Signature of Party
	Signature of NONLAWYER Printed Name: Name of Business: Address:
	Telephone Number:

Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.928, Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases (01/10)

When should this form be used?

The Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases and the information contained in it neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other documents as required by law. This form shall be filed by the petitioner/party opening or reopening a case for the use of the <u>clerk of the</u> <u>circuit court</u> for the purpose of reporting judicial workload data pursuant to Florida Statutes section 25.075.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. The petitioner must <u>file</u> this cover sheet with the first pleading or motion filed to open or reopen a case in all domestic and juvenile cases.

What should I do next?

Follow these instructions for completing the form:

- I. Case Style. Enter the name of the court, the appropriate case number assigned at the time of filing of the original petition, the name of the judge assigned (if applicable), and the name (last, first, middle initial) of the petitioner(s) and respondent(s).
- II. Type of Action /Proceeding. Place a check beside the proceeding you are initiating. If you are simultaneously filing more than one type of proceeding against the same opposing party, such as a modification and an enforcement proceeding, complete a separate cover sheet for each action being filed.
 - (A) Initial Action/Petition
 - (B) Reopening Case. If you check "Reopening Case," indicate whether you are filing a modification or supplemental petition or an action for enforcement by placing a check beside the appropriate action/petition.
 - 1. Modification/Supplemental Petition
 - 2. Motion for Civil Contempt/ Enforcement
 - 3. Other All reopening actions not involving modification/supplemental petitions or petition enforcement.
- III. Type of Case. Place a check beside the appropriate case. If the case fits more than one category, select the most definitive. Definitions of the categories are provided below.
 - (A) Simplified Dissolution of Marriage- petitions for the termination of marriage pursuant to Florida Family Law Rule of Procedure 12.105.
 - (B) Dissolution of Marriage petitions for the termination of marriage pursuant to Chapter 61, Florida Statutes, other than simplified dissolution.
 - (C) Domestic Violence all matters relating to injunctions for protection against domestic violence pursuant to section 741.30, Florida Statutes.

Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.928, Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases (01/10)

- (D) Dating Violence all matters relating to injunctions for protection against dating violence pursuant to section 784.046, Florida Statutes.
- (E) Repeat Violence all matters relating to injunctions for protection against repeat violence pursuant to section 784.046, Florida Statutes.
- (F) Sexual Violence all matters relating to injunctions for protection against sexual violence pursuant to section 784.046, Florida Statutes.
- (G) Support IV-D all matters relating to child or spousal support in which an application for assistance has been filed with the Department of Revenue, Child Support Enforcement under Title IV-D, Social Security Act, except for such matters relating to dissolution of marriage petitions (sections 409.2564, 409.2571, and 409.2597, Florida Statutes), paternity, or UIFSA.
- (H) Support-Non IV-D all matters relating to child or spousal support in which an application for assistance has **not** been filed under Title IV-D, Social Security Act.
- (I) UIFSA- IV-D all matters relating to Chapter 88, Florida Statutes, in which an application for assistance has been filed under Title IV-D, Social Security Act.
- (J) UIFSA Non IV-D all matters relating to Chapter 88, Florida Statutes, in which an application for assistance has **not** been filed under Title IV-D, Social Security Act.
- (K) Other Family Court all matters involving time-sharing and/or parenting plans relating to minor child(ren), support unconnected with dissolution of marriage, annulment, delayed birth certificates pursuant to Florida Statutes section 382.0195, expedited affirmation of parental status pursuant to Florida Statutes section 742.16, termination of parental rights proceedings pursuant to Florida Statutes section 63.087, declaratory judgment actions related to premarital, marital, post-marital agreements, or other matters not included in the categories above.
- (L) Adoption Arising Out Of Chapter 63 all matters relating to adoption pursuant to Chapter 63, Florida Statutes, excluding any matters arising out of Chapter 39, Florida Statutes.
- (M) Name Change all matters relating to name change, pursuant to section 68.07, Florida Statutes.
- (N) Paternity/Disestablishment of Paternity all matters relating to paternity pursuant to Chapter 742, Florida Statutes.
- (O) Juvenile Delinquency all matters relating to juvenile delinquency pursuant to Chapter 985, Florida Statutes.
- (P) Petition for Dependency all matters relating to petitions for dependency.
- (Q) Shelter Petition all matters relating to shelter petitions pursuant to Chapter 39, Florida Statutes.
- (R) Termination of Parental Rights Arising Out Of Chapter 39 all matters relating to termination of parental rights pursuant to Chapter 39, Florida Statutes.
- (S) Adoption Arising Out Of Chapter 39 all matters relating to adoption pursuant to Chapter 39, Florida Statutes.
- (T) CINS/FINS all matters relating to children in need of services (and families in need of services) pursuant to Chapter 984, Florida Statutes.

ATTORNEY OR PARTY SIGNATURE. Sign the Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases. Print legibly the name of the person signing the Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases. Attorneys must include a Florida Bar number. Insert the date the Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases is signed. Signature is

a certification that filer has provided accurate information on the Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases.

Nonlawyer Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms. For further information, see Rule 12.100, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure.

Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases

I. Case Style

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE THIRTEENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA

	Case No.:
	Judge:
	. Guarante
	and
	Respondent
II.	Type of Action/Proceeding. Place a check beside the proceeding you are initiating. If you are simultaneously filing more than one type of proceeding against the same opposing party, such as a modification and an enforcement proceeding, complete a separate cover sheet for each action being filed. If you are reopening a case, choose one of the three options below it.
	(A) Initial Action/Petition (B) Reopening Case 1 Modification/Supplemental Petition 2 Motion for Civil Contempt/Enforcement 3 Other
III.	Type of Case. If the case fits more than one type of case, select the most definitive.
	(A) Simplified Dissolution of Marriage (B) Dissolution of Marriage (C) Domestic Violence (D) Dating Violence (E) Repeat Violence (F) Sexual Violence (G) Support IV-D (Department of Revenue, Child Support Enforcement) (H) Support Non-IV-D (not Department of Revenue, Child Support Enforcement) (I) UIFSA IV-D (Department of Revenue, Child Support Enforcement) (J) UIFSA Non-IV-D (not Department of Revenue, Child Support Enforcement) (K) Other Family Court (L) Adoption Arising Out Of Chapter 63 (M) Name Change (N) Paternity/Disestablishment of Paternity
	(O) Juvenile Delinquency (P) Petition for Dependency

	(Q) Shelter Petition (R) Termination of Parental Rights Arising Out Of C	Shantor 20
	(S) Adoption Arising Out Of Chapter 39	ларсег 39
	(T) CINS/FINS	
IV.	Rule of Judicial Administration 2.545(d) requires that a Law Form 12.900(h), be filed with the initial pleading/represented litigant in order to notify the court of re filed with this Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases and in No, to the best of my knowledge, no related cases Yes, all related cases are listed on Family Law Form	petition by the filing attorney or self- lated cases. Is Form 12.900(h) being nitial pleading/petition? exist.
ΑT	TORNEY OR PARTY SIGNATURE	
of ı	I CERTIFY that the information I have provided in the my knowledge and belief.	nis cover sheet is accurate to the best
Sig	nature	FL Bar No.:
	Attorney or party	(Bar number,if attorney)
	(Type or print name)	Date
	A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SLOW: [fill in all blanks]	HE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS
l, {ƒ	full legal name and trade name of nonlawyer}	, a nonlawyer,
wh	ose address is {street}	, {city}
	ate}, {phone}, helped {n	
wh	o is the [choose one only] petitioner or respond	ent, fill out this form.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE COMPLETION OF A BLANK FAMILY LAW PETITION

The blank petition that is attached to this instruction sheet may be used to make a request for judicial action in the Thirteenth Judicial Circuit, Tampa, Florida. This petition should only be used when you are certain that a more suitable form has not yet been approved by the Florida Supreme Court. Court approved form petitions are available for the following causes of action, and should be utilized instead of the blank petition (these approved forms can be found at the Florida State Courts Self-Help website):

- Petition for Simplified Dissolution of Marriage Form 12.901(a)
- Petition for Dissolution of Marriage with Dependent or Minor Child(ren) Form 12.901(b)(1)
- Petition for Dissolution of Marriage with Property but No Dependent or Minor Child(ren) – Form 12.901(b)(2)
- Petition for Dissolution of Marriage with No Dependent or Minor Child(ren) or Property Form 12.901(b)(3)
- Petition for Support Unconnected with Dissolution of Marriage with Dependent or Minor Child(ren)- Form 12.904(a)
- Petition for Support Unconnected With Dissolution of Marriage with No Dependent or Minor Child(ren) Form 12.904(b)
- Supplemental Petition to Modify Parenting Plan/Time-Sharing Schedule and Other Relief Form 12.905(a)
- Supplemental Petition for Modification of Child Support. Form 12.905(b)
- Supplemental Petition for Modification of Alimony Form 12.905(c)
- Supplemental Petition for Temporary Modification of Parenting Issues for Child(ren) of Parent Activated, Deployed, or Temporarily Assigned to Military Service Form 12.905(d)
- Petition for Injunction for Protection Against Domestic Violence Form12.980(a)
- Petition for Injunction for Protection Against Repeat Violence Form 12.980(f)
- Petition for Injunction for Protection Against Dating Violence Form 12.980(n)
- Petition for Injunction for Protection Against Sexual Violence Form 12.980(s)
- Joint Petition for Adoption by Stepparent- Form 12.981(b)(1)
- Petition for Adoption of Adult by Stepparent Form 12.981(c)(1)
- Petition for Adoption Information Form 12.981(d)(1)
- Petition for Change of Name (Adult) Form 12.982(a)
- Petition for Change of Name (Minor Child(ren) Form 12.982(c)
- Petition for Change of Name (Family) Form 12.982(f)
- Petition to Determine Paternity and for Related Relief Form 12.983

Before using the blank petition, you need to determine whether you should file a petition or a motion. A petition is the pleading that begins a lawsuit, or reopens a closed lawsuit. You must use a petition to begin a lawsuit against someone, or to modify a previous court order. A motion is used to make a specific request for a court order during the course of a pending lawsuit

after a petition has already been filed, or to ask the court to enforce a previous court order or find someone in contempt of court.

If you decide to use the attached blank petition, you must set forth your current legal problem or concern in the blank numbered paragraphs. Then, in the "Wherefore" section, you must set forth exactly what you want the court to order. The court generally cannot order something for your benefit, unless you specifically request what you want the court to order. After fully stating your legal problem and your request for a court order, you must sign the petition in front of a notary public, who then must notarize the petition.

You will need to notify the other party of the pending lawsuit against them once you file your petition. This notification will be achieved through personal service of the documents upon the other party. In order to do this, you will need to complete a "Summons on Personal Service on an Individual". (Form 12.910(a)); and a "Process Service Memorandum" (Form 12.910(b)).

When you are ready to file the petition, make enough extra copies so that you have a copy for your files, and so that each party to the action can be personally served with a copy of the petition by a certified process server. The original petition and accompanying documents must be filed with the court. In most cases, the court will charge you a fee for filing your petition.

As stated earlier, you are also required to have your petition served personally upon the other party. To do this, you will need to pay either the Sheriff's Office or a private process server to personally serve the other party with process (which includes a summons and a copy of your petition). Please check with the Clerk's Office to determine how much you have to pay in order to file the petition and also to have each party to the action served with process.

If you choose to file your petition in person, you may file at the following locations:

Edgecomb Courthouse 800 Twiggs Street, Room 101, Tampa, FL 33602 Monday - Friday (8 AM - 5 PM)

Brandon Regional Service Center 311 Pauls Drive Suite 110 Brandon, FL 33511 Monday - Friday (8 AM - 5 PM) SouthShore Regional Service Center 410 30th St. S.E. Ruskin, FL 33570 Monday - Friday (8 AM - 5 PM)

Plant City Courthouse 302 North Michigan Avenue Plant City, FL 33563 Monday - Friday (8 AM - 5 PM).

If you choose to file by mail, you should send your documents to: Clerk of the Court, P.O. Box 3450, Tampa, Florida 33601. The phone number for the Family Law Department is 276-8100 extension 3450. If you have questions or concerns about your petition that you cannot resolve yourself, it is strongly recommended that you consult with a lawyer before taking any further action.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE THIRTEENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA

	2	Case No.	
AND	Petitioner		
AND		Division	
	Respondent.		
	Respondent.		
PETIT	TION TO/FOR		
The facts supporting	ng this Petition are:		
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			
		4 4 4 4 6 11 1	
	ive facts, the Petitioner requests	that the court order the following:	
1			
2			
2.			
3.			
٠٠ <u>-</u>			

I understand that I am swearing or affirming under oath to the truthfulness of the claims made in this document and that the punishment for knowingly making a false statement includes fines and/or imprisonment.

Dated:		
	Signature of Petitioner	
	Printed Name:	
	Address:	
	City, State, Zip:	
	Telephone:	
	Fax:	
	Dated:	
STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF HILLSBOROUGH		
Sworn to (or affirmed) and subscribed be notarization, this day of		
	[Print, type, or stamp co	ommissioned name of
notary or deputy clerk.] Personally known Produced identification / Type of identification	dentification produced:	
IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU F THE BLANKS BELOW: [fill in all bla	nks] I, {full legal name and trac	de name of nonlawyer}
, helped {name}		, who is the
petitioner, fill out this form.		

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORM 12.902(d)

UNIFORM CHILD CUSTODY JURISDICTION AND ENFORCEMENT ACT (UCCJEA) AFFIDAVIT (02/18)

When should this form be used?

This form should be used in any case involving parental responsibility for, custody of, or time-sharing or visitation with, any minor child(ren). This <u>affidavit</u> is required even if the parental responsibility for, custody of, or time-sharing or visitation with, the minor child(ren) is not in dispute.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing this form, you should sign the form before a <u>notary public</u> or <u>deputy clerk</u>. You should then <u>file</u> it with the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> in the county where the petition was filed and keep a copy for your records.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-FILING

The Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. **Self-represented litigants may file petitions or other pleadings or documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so.** If you choose to file your pleadings or other documents electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the judicial circuit in which you file. **The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed**

What should I do next?

A copy of this form must be mailed, e-mailed, or hand delivered to the other party in your case, if it is not served on him or her with your initial papers.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-SERVICE ELECTION

After the initial service of process of the petition or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain circumstances. You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Rules of Judicial Administration. If you elect to participate in electronic service, which means serving or receiving pleadings by electronic mail (e-mail), or through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal, you must review Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at www.flcourts.org through the link to the Rules of Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the

A-Z Topical Index.

SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MAY SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL; HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED TO DO SO. If a self-represented litigant elects to serve and receive documents by e-mail, the procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please **CAREFULLY** read the rules and instructions for: **Certificate of Service (General)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read General Information for Self-Represented Litigants found at the beginning of these forms. The words that are in **bold underline** in these instructions are defined there. For further information, see sections 61.501-61.542, Florida Statutes.

Special notes...

With this form, you must also file a **Notice of Confidential Information within Court Filing,** Florida Rules of Judicial Administration Appendix to Rule 2.420 Form.

Effective October 1, 2008, terms such as custodial parent, noncustodial parent, primary residential parent, secondary residential parent, and visitation were removed from Chapter 61, Florida Statutes; however, because the UCCJEA uses the terms, custody and visitation, they are included in this form. Parents must develop a Parenting Plan that includes, among other things, their time-sharing schedule with the minor child(ren). If the parents cannot agree, a parenting plan will be established by the Court.

If you are the petitioner in an injunction for protection against domestic violence case and you have filed a Request for Confidential Filing of Address, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.980(h), you should write confidential in any space on this form that would require you to write the address where you are currently living.

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

IN THE	CIRCUIT COURT OF THE	JUDICIAL CIRCU COUNTY, FLORIDA	JIT,		
		Case No.:			
	Petitioner,				
and	I				
	Respondent.				
UNIFORM		DICTION AND ENFORCEMI AFFIDAVIT	ENT ACT		
I, {full legal name} _ statements are true		, being sworn, certify that	the following		
birth, birth where each relationship	 The number of minor child(ren) subject to this proceeding is The name, place of birth, birth date, and sex of each child; the present address, periods of residence, and places where each child has lived within the past five (5) years; and the name, present address, and relationship to the child of each person with whom the child has lived during that time are: THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION IS TRUE ABOUT CHILD # 				
Child's Full Legal Na	ame:	Sex:			
Child's Residence for		Sex:			
Dates (From/To)	Address (including city and state) where child lived	Name and present address of person child lived with	Relationship to child		
/present*					

_		_	_	
/				
· If you are the net	I itioner in an injunction for protec	tion against domestic violence case	and you have	
iled a Request for 12.980(h), you sho address where you	Confidential Filing of Address, Flould write confidential in any space are currently living.	rida Supreme Court Approved Fame on this form that would require you	ily Law Form	
HE FOLLOWING IN	NFORMATION IS TRUE ABOUT CHI	LD #:		
Child's Full Legal Na	ame:	n: Sex:		
		1 Jex		
Child's Residence f	or the past 5 years:			
Dates (From/To)	Address (including city and state) where child lived	Name and present address of person child lived with	Relationship to child	
/present				
/				
/				
/				
/				
THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION IS TRUE ABOUT CHILD #:				
Child's Full Legal Name: Date of Birth: Sex:				
Child's Residence for the past 5 years:				
Datos	Addross (including sity and	Name and present address of	Polationship	
Dates (From/To)	Address (including city and state) where child lived	Name and present address of person child lived with	Relationship to child	
/present				

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	/	_				
	/	_				
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		-	on in custody or time-sharing pr	oceeding(s):		
	_	ose only	-			
				witness, or in any capacity in any othe	-	
				e, jurisdiction, or country, concerning		
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	g or visitation with a child subject to t	his	
	proc	eeding	•			
		I H	AVF participated as a party with	ess, or in any capacity in any other litig	ration or	
				jurisdiction, or country, concerning pa		
			_	g or visitation with a child subject to the		
	Expl		· , · · , · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5	, p	
	-		of each child:			
	b. Type of proceeding:					
c. Court and state:						
	d. Date of court order or judgment (if any):					
3.	Info	rmatio	n about custody or time-sharing	proceeding(s):		
٦.				proceeding(s).		
	[Choose only one] I HAVE NO INFORMATION of any parental responsibility, custody, time-sharing, or					
	visitation proceeding pending in a court of this or any other state, jurisdiction, or country concerning a child subject to this proceeding.					
I HAVE THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION concerning a parental responsibility, cus					• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
time-sharing, or visitation proceeding pending in a court of this or another state concerning						
	child subject to this proceeding, other than set out in item 2. Explain:					
	a. Name of each child involved in said litigation:					
	b. Type of proceeding:					
	c. (Court a	nd state:			
	d. I	Date of	court order or judgment (if any)			
	e. (case Ni	umber:			

Persons not a party to this proceeding: [Choose only one]				
I DO NOT KNOW OF ANY PERSON in this or any other state, jurisdiction, or country, who is not a party to this proceeding and who has physical custody or claims to have parental responsibility for, custody of, or time-sharing or visitation with respect to any child subject to this proceeding.				
I KNOW THAT THE FOLLOWING NAMED PERSON(S), not a party to this proceeding, has (have) physical custody or claim(s) to have parental responsibility for, custody of, , or time-sharing or visitation with respect to any child subject to this proceeding: a. Name and address of person:				
has physical custody				
claims parental responsibility or custody rights				
claims time-sharing or visitation				
Name of each child:				
Relationship to child, if any:				
b. Name and address of person:				
has physical custody				
claims parental responsibility or custody rights				
claims time-sharing or visitation				
Name of each child:				
Relationship to child, if any:				
c. Name and address of person:				
has physical custody				
claims parental responsibility or custody rights				
claims time-sharing or visitation				
Name of each child:				
Relationship to child, if any:				
Knowledge of prior child support proceedings: [Choose only one]				
The child(ren) described in this affidavit are NOT subject to existing child support				
order(s) in this or any other state, jurisdiction, or country				
The child(ren) described in this affidavit are subject to the following existing child				
support order(s):				
a. Name of each child:				
b. Type of proceeding: c. Court and address:				
d. Date of court order/judgment (if any):				

4.

5.

	e. Amount of child support ordered t	to be paid and by whom:
6.	custody, time-sharing or visitation , cl dissolution of marriage, separate mai	g duty to advise this Court of any parental responsibility, hild support, or guardianship proceeding (including ntenance, child neglect, or dependency) concerning the ate about which information is obtained during this
7.	A completed Notice of Confidential In Administration Appendix to Rule 2.420	formation within Court Filing, Florida Rules of Judicial Form, is filed with this Affidavit.
	•) e-served () mailed () faxed and mailed elow on {date}
Other	party or his/her attorney:	
	:	
	ss:	
	tate, Zip:	
	ımber:	
Design	nated E-mail Address(es):	
impris	conment.	gly making a false statement includes fines and/or
		Signature of Party
		Printed Name:
		Address:
		City, State, Zip:
		Telephone Number:
		Fax Number:
		Designated E-mail Address(es):
_	OF FLORIDA TY OF	
Sworn	to or affirmed and signed before me on	by
		DV DUDUC - " DEDUTY CLEDY
	NOTA	RY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK

	[Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of I	notary or clerk.]
Personally known Produced identification	1	, -
	JT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLAN ed for the <i>{choose only one} Petitioner</i>	
This form was completed with the assis {name of individual}		
{name of business} {address}, {state}, {zi	ip code},{telephone number}	

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA FAMILY LAW RULES OF PROCEDURE FORM 12.910(a) SUMMONS: PERSONAL SERVICE ON AN INDIVIDUAL (03/17)

When should this form be used?

This form should be used to obtain **personal service** on the other **party** when you begin your lawsuit. **Service** is required for **all** documents filed in your case. Service means giving a copy of the required papers to the other party using the procedure that the law requires. Generally, there are two ways to make service: (1) personal service, or (2) service by email, mail, or hand delivery. A third method for service is called **constructive service**; however, the relief a court may grant may be limited in a case where constructive service has been used.

The law requires that certain documents be served by **personal service** if personal service is possible. **Personal service** means that a summons (this form) and a copy of the forms you are filing with the court that must be personally served are delivered by a deputy sheriff or private process server

- a. directly to the other party, or
- b. to someone over the age of fifteen with whom the other party lives.

Personal service is required for **all <u>petitions</u>**, including petitions for modification. You cannot serve these papers on the other party yourself or by mail or hand delivery. Personal service must be made by the sheriff's department in the county where the other party lives or works or by a private process server certified in the county where the other party lives or works.

In many counties, there are private process servers who, for a fee, will personally serve the summons and other documents that require personal service. You should look under **process servers** in the yellow pages of the telephone book for a list of private process servers in your area. You may use a private process server to serve any paper required to be personally served in a family law case **except** a petition for injunction for protection against domestic or repeat violence.

How do I start?

When you begin your lawsuit, you need to complete this form (summons) and a **Process Service Memorandum**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.910(b). The forms should be typed or printed legibly in black ink. Next, you will need to take these forms and, if you have not already done so, **file** your petition with the **clerk of the circuit court** in the county where you live. You should keep a copy of the forms for your records. The clerk will sign the summons, and then the summons, a copy of the papers to be served, and the process service memorandum must be delivered to the appropriate sheriff's office or to a private process server for service on the other party.

IF THE OTHER PARTY LIVES IN THE COUNTY WHERE SUIT IS FILED: Ask the clerk in your county about any local procedures regarding service. Generally, if the other party lives in the county in which you are filing suit and you want the sheriff's department to serve the papers, you will file the summons along with a

Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.910(a), Summons: Personal Service on an Individual (03/17)

Process Service Memorandum, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.910(b), with the clerk and the clerk will forward those papers to the sheriff for service. Make sure that you attach a copy of the papers you want personally served to the summons. You may also need to provide the sheriff with a stamped envelope addressed to you. This will allow the sheriff to send the proof of service to you, after the sheriff serves your papers on the other party. However, in some counties the sheriff may send the proof of service directly to the clerk. If you are instructed to supply a self-addressed, stamped envelope and you receive the proof of service, you should file the proof of service with the clerk after you receive it from the sheriff. Also, you will need to find out how much the sheriff charges to serve the papers. Personal checks are not accepted. You should attach to the summons a cashier's check or money order made payable to the sheriff, and either give it to the clerk for delivery to the sheriff or send all of the paperwork and the fee to the sheriff yourself. The clerk will tell you which procedure to use. The costs for service may be waived if you are indigent.

If you want a private process server to serve the other party, you should still bring the summons to the clerk's office and have the clerk sign it for you. You should deliver the summons, along with the copy of your initial petition and any other papers to be served, and a **Process Service Memorandum**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.910(b), to the private process server. The private process server will charge you a fee for serving the papers. After service is complete, proof of service by the private process server must be filed with the clerk. You should discuss how this will occur with the private process server.

IF THE OTHER PARTY LIVES IN ANOTHER COUNTY: If the other party lives in another county, service needs to be made by a sheriff in the county where the other party lives or by a private process server certified in the county where the other party lives. Make sure that you attach a copy of the papers you want personally served to the summons as well as the Process Service Memorandum, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.910(b). If you want the sheriff to serve the papers, the clerk may send your papers to that sheriff's office for you, or you may have to send the papers yourself. The clerk will tell you which procedure to use. Either way, you will need to provide the sheriff with a stamped envelope addressed to you. This will allow the sheriff to send the proof of service to you, after the sheriff serves your papers on the other party. You should file the proof of service with the clerk after you receive it from the sheriff. Also, you will need to find out how much the sheriff charges to serve the papers. Personal checks are not accepted. You should attach to the summons a cashier's check or money order made payable to the sheriff, and either give it to the clerk for delivery to the sheriff or send all of the paperwork and the fee to the sheriff yourself. The clerk will tell you which procedure to use. The costs for service may be waived if you are indigent.

If you want a private process server to serve the other party, you should still bring the summons to the clerk's office where the clerk will sign it for you. You should deliver the summons, along with the copy of your initial petition and any other papers to be served, and a **Process Service Memorandum**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.910(b), to the private process server. The private process server will charge you a fee for serving the papers. After service is complete, proof of service by the private process server must be filed with the clerk. You should discuss how this will occur with the private process server.

IF THE OTHER PARTY CANNOT BE LOCATED OR DOES NOT LIVE IN FLORIDA: If, after you have made a diligent effort to locate the other party, you absolutely cannot locate the other party, you may serve the other party by publication. Service by publication is also known as **constructive service**. You may also be able to use constructive service if the other party does not live in Florida. **However, Florida courts have only limited jurisdiction over a party who is served by constructive service and may have only limited**

jurisdiction over a party living outside of Florida regardless of whether that party is served by constructive or personal service; that is, the judge's power to order the other party to do certain things may be limited. For example, the judge may be able to grant your request for a divorce, but the judge may not be able to address issues such as child support, spousal support (alimony), or division of property or debts.

Regardless of the type of service i	used, if the other party once lived in Florida but is I	iving outside of Florida
now, you should include in your p	etition a statement regarding the length of time th	e party lived in Florida,
if any, and when. For example: "	'Respondent last lived in Florida from {date}	to
{date}	<i>n</i>	

This area of the law is very complex and you may need to consult with an attorney regarding the proper type of service to be used in your case if the other party does not live in Florida or cannot be located.

What happens when the papers are served on the other party?

The date and hour of service are written on the original summons and on all copies of it by the person making the service. The person who delivers the summons and copies of the petition must file a proof of service with the clerk or provide a proof of service to you for filing with the court. It is your responsibility to make sure the proof of service has been returned to the clerk and placed in your case file.

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms. For further information regarding service of process, see chapters 48 and 49, Florida Statutes, and Florida Family Law Rule of Procedure 12.070, as well as the instructions for Notice of Action for Dissolution of Marriage (No Child or Financial Support), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.913(a)(1), Notice of Action for Family Cases with Minor Child(ren), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.913(a)(2), Affidavit of Diligent Service and Inquiry, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.913(b), and Affidavit of Diligent Search, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.913(c).

Special notes

If you have been unable to obtain proper service on the other party within **120 days** after filing your lawsuit, the court will dismiss your lawsuit against the other party unless you can show the court a good reason why service was not made within **120 days**. For this reason, if you had the local sheriff serve the papers, you should check with the clerk every couple of weeks after completing the service papers to see if service has been completed. You may need to supply the sheriff with a new or better address. If you had a private process server or a sheriff in another county serve the papers, you should be in contact with that person or sheriff until you receive proof of service from that person or sheriff. You should then file the proof of service with the clerk immediately.

If the other party fails to respond, i.e., fails to file a written response with the court, within **20 days** after the service of the summons, you are entitled to request a **default**. See the instructions to **Motion for Default**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.922 (a), and **Default**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.922(b), for further information. You will need to file an **Affidavit of Military Service**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.912(b), before a default may be granted.

Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.910(a), Summons: Personal Service on an Individual (03/17)

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of Disclosure from Nonlawyer, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also must put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE IN AND FOR	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, COUNTY, FLORIDA
	Case No.:
Petitioner,	
and	
, Respondent.	
SUMMONS: PERSONAL SERVIOR ORDEN DE COMPARECENCIA: SERVIOR CITATION: L'ASSIGNATION PER	CIO PERSONAL EN UN INDIVIDUO
TO/PARA/A: {enter other party's full legal name} {address (including city and state)/location for service}	
IMPORT	CANT
A lawsuit has been filed against you. You have 20 cale file a written response to the attached complaint/petit {street address}	ion with the clerk of this circuit court, located at:
A phone call will not protect you. Your written respons names of the parties, must be filed if you want the Cou	se, including the case number given above and the
If you do not file your written response on time, you property may be taken thereafter without further requirements. You may want to call an attorney right a an attorney referral service or a legal aid office (listed i	warning from the Court. There are other legal way. If you do not know an attorney, you may call
If you choose to file a written response yourself, at the Court, you must also serve a copy of your written response	
{Name and address of party serving summons}	

If the party serving summons has designated email address(es) for service or is represented by an attorney, you may designate email address(es) for service by or on you. Service must be in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

Copies of all court documents in this case, including orders, are available at the Clerk of the Circuit Court's office. You may review these documents, upon request.

You must keep the Clerk of the Circuit Court's office notified of your current address. (You may file Designation of Current Mailing and Email Address, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form

12.915.) Future papers in this lawsuit will be mailed to the address on record at the clerk's office.

WARNING: Rule 12.285, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure, requires certain automatic disclosure of documents and information. Failure to comply can result in sanctions, including dismissal or striking of pleadings.

IMPORTANTE

Usted ha sido demandado legalmente. Tiene veinte (20) dias, contados a partir del recibo de est notificacion, para contestar la demanda adjunta, por escrito, y presentarla ante este tribunal. Localizaden: . Una llamada telefonica no lo protegera. Si usted deseque el tribunal considere su defensa, debe presentar su respuesta por escrito, incluyendo el numero de caso y los nombres de las partes interesadas. Si usted no contesta la demanda a tiempo, pudiese perde el caso y podria ser despojado de sus ingresos y propiedades, o privado de sus derechos, sin previo avis del tribunal. Existen otros requisitos legales. Si lo desea, usted puede consultar a un abogado nmediatamente. Si no conoce a un abogado, puede llamar a una de las oficinas de asistencia legal qua apparecen en la guia telefonica.				
Si desea responder a la demanda por su cuenta, al mismo tiempo en que presente su respuesta ante el tribunal, usted debe enviar por correo o entregar una copia de su respuesta a la persona denominada abajo.				
si usted elige presentar personalmente una respuesta por escrito, en el mismo momento que usto presente su respuesta por escrito al Tribunal, usted debe enviar por correo o llevar una copia de sespuesta por escrito a la parte entregando esta orden de comparencencia a:				
Nombre y direccion de la parte que entrega la orden de comparencencia:				
Copias de todos los documentos judiciales de este caso, incluyendo las ordenes, estan disponibles en la oficina del Secretario de Juzgado del Circuito [Clerk of the Circuit Court's office]. Estos documentos pueden ser revisados a su solicitud.				
oficina del Secretario de Juzgado del Circuito [Clerk of the Circuit Court's office]. Estos documentos				

tribunal. Qui se trouve a: {L'Adresse}

IMPORTANT

Des poursuites judiciaries ont ete entreprises contre vous. Vous avez 20 jours consecutifs a partir de la date de l'assignation de cette citation pour deposer une reponse ecrite a la plainte ci-jointe aupres de ce

insuffisant pour vous proteger; vous etes obliges de deposer votre reponse ecrite, avec mention du numero de dossier ci-dessus et du nom des parties nommees ici, si vous souhaitez que le tribunal entende

______. Un simple coup de telephone est

votre cause. Si vous ne deposez pas votre reponse ecrite dans le delai requis, vous risquez de perdre la cause ainsi que votre salaire, votre argent, et vos biens peuvent etre saisis par la suite, sans aucun preavis ulterieur du tribunal. Il y a d'autres obligations juridiques et vous pouvez requerir les services immediats d'un avocat. Si vous ne connaissez pas d'avocat, vous pourriez telephoner a un service de reference d'avocats ou a un bureau d'assistance juridique (figurant a l'annuaire de telephones).

Si vous choisissez de deposer vous-meme une reponse ecrite, il vous faudra egalement, en meme temps que cette formalite, faire parvenir ou expedier une copie au carbone ou une photocopie de votre reponse ecrite a la partie qui vous depose cette citation.

Nom et adresse de la partie qui depose cette citation:

Les photocopies de tous les documents t au bureau du greffier. Vous pouvez revu	tribunals de cette cause, y compris des arrets, sont disponible le ces documents, sur demande.
Approved Family Law Form 12.915, Desig	sse actuelle. (Vous pouvez deposer Florida Supreme Court gnation of Current Mailing and Email Address.) Les documents a l'adresse que vous donnez au bureau du greffier.
remette certains renseignements et cert	de procedure du droit de la famille de la Floride exige que l'on tains documents a la partie adverse. Tout refus de les fournir mpris le rejet ou la suppression d'un ou de plusieurs actes de
THE STATE OF FLORIDA TO EACH SHERIFF OF THE STATE: You are in this lawsuit on the above-named perso	commanded to serve this summons and a copy of the complaint n.
DATED:	
(SEAL)	CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT
	By: Deputy Clerk

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORM 12.910(b), PROCESS SERVICE MEMORANDUM

When should this form be used?

You should use this form to give the sheriff's department (or private process server) instructions for serving the other <u>party</u> in your case with the <u>Summons: Personal Service on an Individual</u>, I Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.910(a), and other papers to be served. On this form, you can tell the sheriff's department the best times to find the person at work and/or at home. You can also include a map to the other person's home or work place to help the sheriff find the person and deliver the summons. Do not forget to attach to the summons a copy of your initial petition and any other papers you want personally served on the other party.

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms. You should read the instructions for Summons: Personal Service on an Individual, ✓☐ Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.910(a), for additional information.

Special notes...

If this is a domestic violence case and you want to keep your address confidential for safety reasons, do not enter your address, telephone, and fax information at the bottom of this form. Instead, write "confidential" in the spaces provided for that information and file **Petitioner's Request for Confidential Filing of Address**, $\ \ \square$ Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.980(i).

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, $\nearrow \square$ Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900 (a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE THIRTEENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA

	Case No.:
	Division.
Petitioner,	_ `
and	
Respondent.	
PROCESS SEI	RVICE MEMORANDUM
Division	County, Florida;
Please serve the {name of document(s)}	
Party: {full legal name} Address or location for service: Work Address:	
If the party to be served owns, has, and/or itype of weapon(s):	is known to have guns or other weapons, describe what
SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS:	
Dated:	
Dateu.	Signature of Party
	*Printed Name: *Address: *City, State, Zip: *Telephone Number: *Fax Number:
confidential for safety reasons; instead	is information if your address or telephone number need to be kept d write "confidential" in the spaces provided and file aw Form 12 980(i) Petitioner's Request for Confidential Filing of

Address.

IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW: [fill in all blanks] I, {full legal name and trade name of nonlawyer} a nonlawyer, located at {street} , {city} , {state} , {phone} , helped {name} , who is the petitioner, fill out this form.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA FAMILY LAW RULES OF PROCEDURE FORM 12.900(h), NOTICE OF RELATED CASES (11/13)

When should this form be used?

Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.545(d) requires the **petitioner** in a family law case to file with the court a notice of related cases, if any. Your circuit may also require this form to be filed even if there are no related cases. A case is considered related if

- it involves the same parties, children, or issues and is pending when the family law case is filed; or
- it affects the court's jurisdiction to proceed; or
- an order in the related case may conflict with an order on the same issues in the new case; or
- an order in the new case may conflict with an order in the earlier case.

This form is used to provide the required notice to the court.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. It must be **filed** with the **clerk of the circuit court** with the initial pleading in the family law case.

What should I do next?

A copy of the form must be served on the presiding judges, either the chief judge or the family law administrative judge, and all parties in the related cases. You should also keep a copy for your records. **Service** must be in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms. The words that are in "**bold underline**" in these instructions are defined there. For further information, see Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.545(d).

Special notes . . .

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping

Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(h), Notice of Related Cases (11/13)

you fill out these forms must also put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.			
Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(h), Notice of Related Cases (11/13)			
(12/15)			

	EJUDICIAL CIRCUIT, COUNTY, FLORIDA
	0 N
	Case No.:
	Division:
<i>_</i>	
Petitioner,	
and	
 Respondent.	
·	
NOTICE	E OF RELATED CASES
NOTICE	
2.545(d). A related case may be an opjuvenile delinquency, juvenile depend family law case if it involves any of the the party files a family case; if it affects case may conflict with an order on the may conflict with an order in the earlier [check one only] There are no related cases. The following are the related case Related Case No. 1	s (add additional pages if necessary):
Case Name(s):	
Petitioner	
Passandant	

Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(h), Notice of Related Cases (11/13)

State where case was decided or is pending: Florida Other: {specify}
Name of Court where case was decided or is pending (for example, Fifth Circuit Court, Marion County, Florida):
Relationship of cases check all that apply]: pending case involves same parties, children, or issues; may affect court's jurisdiction; order in related case may conflict with an order in this case; order in this case may conflict with previous order in related case. Statement as to the relationship of the cases:
Related Case No. 2 Case Name(s): Petitioner Respondent Case No.: Division:
Type of Proceeding: [check all that apply] Dissolution of Marriage Paternity Custody Adoption Child Support Modification/Enforcement/Contempt Proceedings Juvenile Dependency Juvenile Delinquency Termination of Parental Rights Criminal Domestic/Sexual/Dating/Repeat Mental Health Violence or Stalking Injunctions Other {specify}
State where case was decided or is pending: Florida Other: {specify} Name of Court where case was decided or is pending (for example, Fifth Circuit Court, Marion County, Florida): Title of last Court Order/Judgment (if any): Date of Court Order/Judgment (if any):
Relationship of cases check all that apply]: pending case involves same parties, children, or issues;

Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(h), Notice of Related Cases (11/13)

order in this case may conflict with previous order in related case.
Statement as to the relationship of the cases:
Related Case No. 3
Case Name(s):
Petitioner
Respondent
Case No.: Division:
Type of Proceeding: [check all that apply]
Dissolution of Marriage Paternity
Custody Adoption
Child Support Modification/Enforcement/Contempt Proceeding
Juvenile Dependency Juvenile Delinquency
Termination of Parental Rights Criminal
Domestic/Sexual/Dating/Repeat Mental Health
Violence or Stalking InjunctionsOther {specify}
State where case was decided or is pending: Florida Other: {specify}
Name of Court where case was decided or is pending (for example, Fifth Circuit Court, Marion
County, Florida):
Title of last Court Order/Judgment (if any):
Date of Court Order/Judgment (if any):
Relationship of cases check all that apply]:
pending case involves same parties, children, or issues;
may affect court's jurisdiction;
order in related case may conflict with an order in this case;
order in this case may conflict with previous order in related case.
Statement as to the relationship of the cases:
[check one only]
I do not request coordination of litigation in any of the cases listed above.

2.

		owing cases:
3.	[check all that apply] Assignment to one judge Coordination of existing cases will conserve judicial resources an	nd promote an efficient determination of these cases
4.	The Petitioner acknowledges a continuing state that could affect the current proceed	g duty to inform the court of any cases in this or any other ding.
	Dated:	
		Petitioner's Signature
		Printed Name:
		Address:
		City, State, Zip:
		Telephone Number:
		Fax Number:E-mail Address(es):
	CERTIFI	CATE OF SERVICE
Sh	neriff's Department or a certified process ser) e-mailed () mailed () hand delivered	e of Related Cases to the County rver for service on the Respondent, and [check all used] , a copy to {name}, who is the
[ch juc	dge, () {name}	new case, () chief judge or family law administrative a party to the related case, () {name} the related case on {date}

IF A NONLA	WYEF	R HELPED YO	OU FILL OUT TH	IS FORM, HE/SHE MUST	FILL IN THE BLA	NKS BELOW:
[fill in all bla	anks] ⁻	This form wa	as prepared for	the {choose only one}: () Petitioner () Respondent.
This form w	as cor	npleted witl	h the assistance	e of:		
{name of in	dividu	al}				
		business}				
{address}						<i>,</i>
{city}			{state}	, {telephone nur	nber}	·

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORM 12.912(b),

NONMILITARY AFFIDAVIT

When should this form be used?

You should use this form when ALL of the following statements are true:

- The other person in your case has been served, whether by **personal service** or **constructive service**.
- The other person in your case has not responded to your petition.
- You are requesting that the court enter a **default** judgment against the other person.
- You **ABSOLUTELY KNOW FOR CERTAIN** that the other person is **NOT** in the military service.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing this form, you should sign the form before a <u>notary public</u> or <u>deputy clerk</u>. You must <u>file</u> the original of this form with the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> when you file your **Motion for Default**, $\nearrow \square$ Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.922(a). You must also attach copies of all verifications of nonmilitary service that you received from each branch of the United States' military service. You should keep a copy for your records.

Special notes...

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, $\nearrow \square$ Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900 (a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE THIRTEENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA

	Case No.:	
	Division:	
Petitioner,	,	
and		
Respondent.	_•	
NONMILI	TARY AFFIDAVIT	
I, {full legal name} that the following information is true: [√ all that apply] 1. I know of my own personal know		
armed services of the United States.	vicage that Respondent is not on	active duty in the
2. I have inquired of the armed serv Service to determine whether the Reattaching certificates stating that Result I understand that I am swearing of claims made in this affidavit and that the	espondent is a member of the arm spondent is not now in the armed or affirming under oath to the to punishment for knowingly ma	ned services and am d services.
statement includes fines and/or imprison	ment.	
DATED:	Signature of Petitioner	
	Printed Name:Address:	
	City, State, Zip:	
STATE OF FLORIDA	Telephone Number:	
COUNTY OF HILLSBOROUGH	Fax Number:	
Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me on _	by	
	NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUT	Y CLERK
	[Print, type, or stamp commission notary or clerk.]	ioned name of
Personally known Produced identification Type of identification produced	and the second	

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORMS 12.922(a), MOTION FOR DEFAULT, and 12.922(b), DEFAULT

When should these forms be used?

If the other <u>party</u> has failed to <u>file</u> or <u>serve</u> any documents within 20 days after the date of service of your <u>petition</u>, you may ask the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> to enter a <u>default</u> against him or her by filling out this form and filing it with the court. Generally, a default allows you to obtain an earlier <u>final hearing</u> to finish your case. Once the default is signed by the clerk, you can request a <u>trial</u> or final hearing in your case.

To obtain a default, you will need to complete <u>Motion for Default</u>, $\mathcal{L} \square$ Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.922(a). You will then need to file your motion for default along with the **Default**, $\mathcal{L} \square$ Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.922(b), so that the clerk can enter a default for you if your motion is proper.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing this form, you should file the original with the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> in the county where you filed your petition and keep a copy for your records.

What should I do next?

After the default has been entered, you must ask for a hearing, so that the <u>judge</u> can consider your petition. To do this, you must contact the clerk's office, <u>family law intake staff</u>, or <u>judicial assistant</u> to schedule a hearing and file a **Notice of Hearing (General)**, $\nearrow \square$ Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.923, with the clerk. A copy of the notice of hearing must be mailed or hand-delivered to each party in the case. **You must send a notice of final hearing to the defaulted party.**

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms. For further information, see rule 1.500, Florida Rules of Civil Procedure, concerning defaults and rule 1.140, Florida Rules of Civil Procedure, concerning the time within which a party can file an answer or other responsive pleading to a petition. See also rule 12.080, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure.

Special notes...

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, PD Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900 (a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

	Case No.:
	Division:
Petitioner,	
and	
and	
,	
Respondent.	
MOTION	FOR DEFAULT (D1270)
	(21 2 ,0)
TO THE CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT	Γ:
DI FASE ENTED A DEFAULT AC	SAINST RESPONDENT WHO HAS FAILED TO
RESPOND TO THE PETITION.	FAINST RESTONDENT WHO HAS FAILED TO
I certify that a copy of this document	was [$$ one only]() mailed() faxed and mailed()
	n {date}
-	
Other party or his/her attorney:	
Name:	
Address:	
City, State, Zip:	
Fax Number:	
Dated:	
	Cianatura of Datition on
	Signature of Petitioner
	Printed Name: Address:
	City, State, Zip:
	Telephone Number:
	Fax Number:
IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL	OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE
BLANKS BELOW: [\approx fill in all blanks]	,
I Ifull legal name and trade name of nonlaws	ver}
a nonlawyer located at {street}	{city}
{state} {phone}	helped {name}
who is the petitioner, fill out this form.	

	Case No.:
	Division:
Detition of	
Petitioner,	
and	
Respondent.	
DEF	AULT (D1271)
A default is entered in this action again paper as is required by law.	st Respondent for failure to serve or file a response or any
Dated:	
Duted.	CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT
(SEAL)	
	By:
	Deputy Clerk
Other party or his/her attorney: Name:	
Dated:	
Dated.	
	Signature of Petitioner Printed Name: Address: City, State, Zip: Telephone Number: Fax Number:
	rax Number.
BLANKS BELOW: [\(\notin \) fill in all blanks] I, \(full legal name and trade name of nonlawye	OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE r}
{state}, {phone}	, helped {name},
who is the petitioner, fill out this form.	

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA FAMILY LAW RULES OF PROCEDURE FORMS 12.920(a), MOTION FOR REFERRAL TO GENERAL MAGISTRATE, 12.920(b), ORDER OF REFERRAL TO GENERAL MAGISTRATE, and 12.920(c), NOTICE OF HEARING BEFORE GENERAL MAGISTRATE

When should these forms be used?

A general magistrate is an attorney appointed by a <u>judge</u> to take testimony and recommend decisions on certain matters connected with a divorce. These recommendations are then reviewed by the judge and are generally approved unless contrary to the law or the facts of the case. The primary purposes of having general magistrates hear family law matters are to reduce the costs of litigation and to speed up cases. Either <u>party</u> may request that their case, or portions of their case, be heard by a general magistrate by filing <u>Motion for Referral to General Magistrate</u>. Thorida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.920(a). You must also prepare an <u>Order of Referral to General Magistrate</u>, Thorida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.920(b), to submit to the judge assigned to your case.

Many times, the court, either on its own motion or under current administrative orders of the court, may refer your case to a general magistrate. Even in those instances, you may be required to prepare and submit an **Order of Referral to General Magistrate**, **⑤** □ Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.920(b), to the judge.

These forms should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing this form, you should <u>file</u> the original with the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> in the county where your case is filed and keep a copy for your records.

What should I do next?

Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Forms 12.920(a), Motion for Referral to General Magistrate, 12.920(b), Order of Referral to General Magistrate, and 12.920(c), Notice of Hearing Before General Magistrate (10/04)

The party who prepares any of these forms must file the original with the clerk of the circuit court. A copy of the motion must be mailed **or** hand delivered to any other party in your case.

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms. For further information, see rule 12.490, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure.

Special notes...

IMPORTANT: After the judge refers your case to a general magistrate, either party (including the party who was required to prepare and submit the Order of Referral) may object to the referral within 10 days of the date that the referral is made (if the Order of Referral is served by mail, the parties have an additional 5 days within which to object to the referral). Every litigant is entitled to have his or her case heard by a judge. However, before you decide to object to an Order of Referral to General Magistrate, you should consider the potential extra costs and time delays that may result from having a judge hear your case instead of a general magistrate. You may want to speak with an attorney in your area who can assist you in making a more informed decision regarding whether you should file an objection to an Order of Referral to General Magistrate.

	Case No.:
,	Division.
Petitioner,	
and	
Respondent.	
MOTION FOR REFERR	AL TO GENERAL MAGISTRATE
	, request that the Court enter an order referring ld be referred to a general magistrate on the following
Dated:	
	Signature of Party Printed Name:
BLANKS BELOW: [\(\nabla \) fill in all blanks] I, \(\{ full legal name and trade name of nonlawyer \)	OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE
a nonlawyer, located at {street}	, {city}, , helped {name}, , spondent, fill out this form.
who is the [$\sqrt{\text{one only}}$] petitioner or res	spondent, fill out this form.

	Dodition on
	Petitioner, Case No.:
and	Division:
	Division.
	Respondent.
	ORDER OF REFERRAL TO GENERAL MAGISTRATE
(phone	IT IS ORDERED that this case is referred to General Magistrate
a .	
(phone	

The General Magistrate is authorized to administer oaths and conduct hearings, which may include taking of evidence, and shall file a report and recommendations that contains findings of fact, conclusions of law, and the name of the court reporter, if any.

Florida Family Law Rule of Procedure 12.490(b)(4) provides that any party or the general magistrate may set the action for hearing. PLEASE NOTE that in the Thirteenth Judicial Circuit, the general magistrate will set a hearing only after being requested to do so by one or both parties. The request may be made by phone at the number provided above.

A REFERRAL TO A GENERAL MAGISTRATE REQUIRES THE CONSENT OF ALL PARTIES. YOU ARE ENTITLED TO HAVE THIS MATTER HEARD BY A JUDGE. IF YOU DO NOT WANT TO HAVE THIS MATTER HEARD BY THE GENERAL MAGISTRATE, YOU MUST FILE A WRITTEN OBJECTION TO THE REFERRAL WITHIN TEN DAYS AFTER SERVICE OF THIS ORDER. IF THE TIME SET FOR THE HEARING IS LESS THAN TEN DAYS AFTER THE SERVICE OF THIS ORDER, THE OBJECTION MUST BE MADE BEFORE THE HEARING. IF THIS ORDER IS SERVED WITHIN THE FIRST TWENTY DAYS AFTER SERVICE OF PROCESS, THE TIME TO FILE AN OBJECTION IS EXTENDED TO THE TIME WITHIN WHICH A RESPONSIVE PLEADING IS DUE. FAILURE TO FILE A WRITTEN OBJECTION WITHIN THE APPLICABLE TIME PERIOD IS DEEMED TO BE A CONSENT TO THE REFERRAL. REVIEW OF THE REPORT AND RECOMMENDATIONS MADE BY THE GENERAL MAGISTRATE SHALL BE BY EXCEPTIONS AS PROVIDED IN FLORIDA FAMILY LAW RULE OF PROCEDURE RULE 12.490(f). A RECORD, WHICH INCLUDES A TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS, MAY BE REQUIRED TO SUPPORT EXCEPTIONS.

If either party files a timely objection, this matter shall be returned to the undersigned judge, and the objecting party must schedule a hearing or case management conference before the judge within ten days of filing the objection.

SHOULD YOU WISH TO SEEK REVIEW OF THE REPORT AND RECOMMENDATIONS MADE BY THE GENERAL MAGISTRATE, YOU MUST FILE EXCEPTIONS IN ACCORDANCE WITH FLORIDA FAMILY LAW RULE OF PROCEDURE 12.490(f). YOU WILL BE REQUIRED TO PROVIDE THE COURT WITH A RECORD SUFFICIENT TO SUPPORT YOUR EXCEPTIONS, OR YOUR EXCEPTIONS WILL BE DENIED. A RECORD ORDINARILY INCLUDES A WRITTEN TRANSCRIPT OF ALL RELEVANT PROCEEDINGS. THE PERSON SEEKING REVIEW MUST HAVE THE TRANSCRIPT PREPARED IF NECESSARY FOR THE COURT'S REVIEW.

You are advised that in the Thirteenth Judicial Circuit, electronic recording is provided by the Court. A party may provide a court reporter at his or her own expense.

PLEASE NOTE: Any case or part thereof constituting a CHILD SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT issue proceeds pursuant to current Administrative Orders of the Court, as well as Florida Family Law Rule of Procedure 12.491 (Child Support Enforcement) and 12.615 (Civil Contempt in Support Matters), if applicable. The language above in bold capital letters does not apply to child support enforcement issues.

DONE AND ORDERED on	·
	CIRCUIT COURT JUDGE
COPIES TO:	

If you are a person with a disability who needs any accommodation in order to participate in this proceeding, you are entitled, at no cost to you, to the provision of certain assistance. Please contact the ADA Coordinator, Hillsborough County Courthouse, 800 E. Twiggs St., Room 604, Tampa, Florida 33602, (813) 272-7040, at least 7 days before your scheduled court appearance, or immediately upon receiving this notification if the time before the scheduled appearance is less than 7 days; if you are hearing or voice impaired, call 711.

		Case No.:	
		Division:	
	Petitioner,		
and			
	Respondent.		
No	OTICE OF HEARING BEH	FORE GENERAL MAGI	STRATE
[≰ fill in all blanks] TO:			
There will be	e a hearing before General M	agistrate	
on { <i>date</i> }	, at {time}	m., in Room	of the George
	se, 800 East Twiggs Street, Ta		
hour	r(s)/ minutes have bee	n reserved for this hearing	•
PLEASE GOVERN	YOURSELF ACCORDINGL	Y.	

If the matter before the General Magistrate is a Motion for Civil Contempt/Enforcement, FAILURE TO APPEAR AT THE HEARING MAY RESULT IN THE COURT ISSUING A WRIT OF BODILY ATTACHMENT FOR YOUR ARREST. IF YOU ARE ARRESTED, YOU MAY BE HELD IN JAIL UP TO 48 HOURS BEFORE A HEARING IS HELD.

PLEASE GOVERN YOURSELF ACCORDINGLY.

This part to be filled out by the court or filled in with information you have obtained from the court:

If you are a person with a disability who needs any accommodation in order to participate in this proceeding, you are entitled, at no cost to you, to the provision of certain assistance. Please contact the ADA Coordinator, Hillsborough County Courthouse, 800 E. Twiggs St., Room 604, Tampa, Florida 33602, (813) 272-7040, at least 7 days before your scheduled court appearance, or immediately upon receiving this notification if the time before the scheduled appearance is less than 7 days; if you are hearing or voice impaired, call 711.

SHOULD YOU WISH TO SEEK REVIEW OF THE REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION MADE BY THE GENERAL MAGISTRATE, YOU MUST FILE EXCEPTIONS IN ACCORDANCE WITH RULE 12.490(f), FLORIDA FAMILY LAW RULES OF PROCEDURE. YOU WILL BE REQUIRED TO PROVIDE THE COURT WITH A RECORD SUFFICIENT TO SUPPORT YOUR EXCEPTIONS, OR YOUR EXCEPTIONS WILL BE DENIED. A RECORD ORDINARILY INCLUDES A WRITTEN TRANSCRIPT OF ALL RELEVANT PROCEEDINGS. THE PERSON SEEKING REVIEW MUST HAVE THE TRANSCRIPT PREPARED IF NECESSARY FOR THE COURT'S REVIEW.

	S CIRCUIT: led by the court. A party may provide a court reporter at
that party's expense.	
b. a court reporter is provided b	y the court.
If you are represented by an attorney or pathe attorney of this hearing.	plan to retain an attorney for this matter you should notify
If this matter is resolved, the moving parthis hearing.	ty shall contact the General Magistrate's Office to cancel
	s [$\sqrt{$ one only]() mailed() faxed and mailed() date}
Other party or his/her attorney:	
Name:	
Address:	
City, State, Zip:	
Fax Number:	
Dated:	
Buted.	
	Signature of Party
	Printed Name:
	Address:
	City, State, Zip:
	Fax Number:
IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL O	UT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE
BLANKS BELOW: [fill in all blanks]	
I \{full legal name and trade name of nonlawyer	,
a nonlawyer, located at {street}	, {city},
{state}, {phone}	, $\{city\}$
petitioner or respondent, fill out this form.	•

General Magistrate / Hearing Officer Division Referral Assignment Table

Last 2 Digits of Case No	GM Division								
00	GM-1	01	GM-2	02	GM-3	03	GM-4	50	GM-5
04	GM-1	05	GM-2	06	GM-3	07	GM-4	54	GM-5
08	GM-1	09	GM-2	10	GM-3	11	GM-4	58	GM-5
12	GM-1	13	GM-2	14	GM-3	15	GM-4	62	GM-5
16	GM-1	17	GM-2	18	GM-3	19	GM-4	66	GM-5
20	GM-1	21	GM-2	22	GM-3	23	GM-4	70	GM-5
24	GM-1	25	GM-2	26	GM-3	27	GM-4	74	GM-5
28	GM-1	29	GM-2	30	GM-3	31	GM-4	78	GM-5
32	GM-1	33	GM-2	34	GM-3	35	GM-4	82	GM-5
36	GM-1	37	GM-2	38	GM-3	39	GM-4	86	GM-5
40	GM-1	41	GM-2	42	GM-3	43	GM-4	90	GM-5
44	GM-1	45	GM-2	46	GM-3	47	GM-4	94	GM-5
48	GM-1	49	GM-2			51	GM-4	98	GM-5
52	GM-1	53	GM-2			55	GM-4		
56	GM-1	57	GM-2			59	GM-4		
60	GM-1	61	GM-2			63	GM-4		
64	GM-1	65	GM-2			67	GM-4		
68	GM-1	69	GM-2			71	GM-4		
72	GM-1	73	GM-2			75	GM-4		
76	GM-1	77	GM-2			79	GM-4		
80	GM-1	81	GM-2			83	GM-4		
84	GM-1	85	GM-2			87	GM-4		
88	GM-1	89	GM-2			91	GM-4		
92	GM-1	93	GM-2			95	GM-4		
96	GM-1	97	GM-2			99	GM-4		

The general magistrate/hearing officer assigned is determined by the last two digits of your case number.

GM-1 = Magistrate **Wartenberg** (Phone: 272-5351) / **GM-2** = Magistrate **Johnson** (Phone: 276-2335) **GM-3** = Magistrate **Montagno** (Phone: 276-2337) / **GM-4** = Magistrate **Sarmiento** (Phone: 272-6435)

GM-5 = Magistrate **Mason** (Phone: 272-5525)

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORM 12.923, NOTICE OF HEARING (GENERAL) (9/11)

When should this form be used?

Anytime you have set a hearing before a <u>judge</u>, you must send notice of the <u>hearing</u> to the other party. **IMPORTANT**: If your hearing has been set before a general magistrate, you should use **Notice of Hearing Before General Magistrate**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.920(c). If your hearing has been set before a child support enforcement hearing officer, you should use **Notice of Hearing (Child Support Hearing Officer)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.921.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing this form, you should <u>file</u> the original with the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> in the county where your case was filed and keep a copy for your records.

What should I do next?

A copy of this form must be mailed **or** hand delivered to the other party in your case. If a **default** has been entered, you must still send this form to the other party to notify the other party of the **final hearing**.

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read General Information for Self-Represented Litigantsfound at the beginning of these forms. For further information on serving notices of hearing, see rule 1.090(d), Florida Civil Rules of Procedure.

Special notes...

To set a hearing date and time, you will usually have to make a good-faith effort to coordinate a mutually convenient date and time for you, the other parties in the case, and the judge, except in certain emergency situations. Some circuits may have additional procedural requirements that you must follow when you notify the court and other parties of your scheduled hearing. Therefore, before you complete this form, you should contact the clerk's office, <u>family law intake staff</u>, or <u>judicial assistant</u> for information regarding the proper procedure to follow.

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900 (a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

Instructions for Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.923, Notice of Hearing (General) (9/11)

		Case No.:	
		Division:	
	Petitioner,		
and			
	Respondent.		
	NOTICE OF H	EARING (GENERAL)#	
[fill in all blanks]			
TO: {name of other p There will be a heari	narty}: ng before Judge {name}		
on {date}	, at {time}	m., in Room of the	
	minutes have been reserved	for this hearing	——·

This part is to be filled out by the court or to be filled in with information you obtained from the court:

If you are a person with a disability who needs any accommodation in order to participate in this proceeding, you are entitled, at no cost to you, to the provision of certain assistance. Please contact the ADA Coordinator, Hillsborough County Courthouse, 800 E. Twiggs St., Room 604, Tampa, Florida 33602, (813) 272-7040, at least 7 days before your scheduled court appearance, or immediately upon receiving this notification if the time before the scheduled appearance is less than 7 days; if you are hearing or voice impaired, call 711.

If you are represented by an attorney or plan to retain an attorney for this matter, you should notify the attorney of this hearing.

I certify that a copy of this document was [Choose only **one**] () mailed () faxed and mailed () hand delivered to the person(s) listed below on {date}_____. Other party or his/her attorney: Name: _____ Address: City, State, Zip: _____ Fax Number: _____ Email Address: Dated: _____ Signature of Party Printed Name: _____ Address: City, State, Zip: Telephone Number: _____ Fax Number: _____ Email Address:_____ IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW: [fill in all blanks] I, {full legal name and trade name of nonlawyer} ______ a nonlawyer, whose address is {street} _______, {city} _______, {phone} _______,

If this matter is resolved, the moving party shall contact the judge's office to cancel this hearing.

who is the [Choose only **one**] ____ petitioner **or** ____ respondent, fill out this form.

helped {name} _

Fee Schedule For Family Law Cases

(These fees are effective June 1, 2019)

Clerk fees (payable to The Clerk of the Circuit Court):

Туре	Fee	Statute Reference
Adoption *	\$400.00	63.102 & 28.241(1)(a)
Termination of Parental Rights *	\$400.00	63.087 & 28.241(1)(a)
Delayed Birth Certificate *	\$400.00	682.0195 & 28.241(1)(a)
Disabilities of nonage; removed (Emancipation) *	\$400.00	743.015 & 28.241(1)(a)
Temporary Custody by Extended Family Member *	\$400.00	751.03 & 28.241(1)(a)
Name Change *	\$414.00	68.07 & 28.241(1)(a)
Counter Petition for case indicated with *	\$395.00	28.101 & 28.241(1)(c)
Dissolution of Marriage **	\$408.00	28.241 & 28.101
All other Family Law actions not listed above **	\$300.00	28.241(1)(a)
Counter Petition for case indicated with **	\$295.00	28.101 & 28.241(1)(c)
Sealing Fee	\$42.00	28.24(25)
Attorney appearing Pro Hac Vice	\$100.00	28.241(6)
Notice of Appeal		
(Requires 2 separate checks:		20 241/2).
(1) \$300.00 made payable to the <u>Second District</u>	\$300.00 (Second DCA)	28.241(2);
Court of Appeals;	\$100.00 plus copy and	28.24(3);
(2) \$100.00 +\$1.00 per page of entire Notice of	certification fee (Clerk)	28.24(5)(a);
Appeal and \$2.00 for certifying made payable to		35.22
Clerk of the Circuit Court)		
Reopen fee	\$50.00	28.241(1)(b)
Writ of Garnishment issued	\$188.00	28.241(1)(a)
Issuing a Summons (Initial, Alias, and Pluries)	\$10.00	28.241(1)(d)
Issue & filing a subpoena	\$7.00	28.241(18)(a)
Signing and sealing a subpoena	\$2.00	28.24(18)(b)
Copies	\$1.00 (per page)	28.24(5)(a)
Certification	\$2.00	28.24(3)
Notary fee	\$10.00 (each)	117.05(2)(a)
Approving Bond	\$8.50	28.24(19)
Administering oath	\$3.50	38.25(13)
Exemplified certificate	\$7.00	28.24(16)
Clerk Certificate	\$7.00	28.24(8)
Child Support Fees		
Judgment payoff statement (Child Support)	\$25.00	61.14(6)(f)1
Payment History (Child Support, Alimony)	\$1.00 - \$2.00 per year	28.24(5)(a)
Affidavit of Delinquency	\$7.00	28.24(8)
Notice of Delinquency fee	\$25.00	61.14(6)(b)1.b.
Driver License/Non Payment of Child Support	\$25.00	61.14(6)(f)1.
Verification form	\$7.00	28.24(8)

Mediation (payable to The Clerk of the Circuit Court)

Family income greater than \$50,000 but less than \$100,000 per year	\$120.00	44.108(2)(b)
Family income less than \$50,000 per year	\$60.00	44.108(2)(b)

		IN THE COURT, 13TH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY, FLORIDA
		CASE NO.:
Plaintif	ff/Petitioner,	
V.		
Defend	dant/Respondent/	
	NOTICE OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATI	ON WITHIN COURT FILING
Pursuar	nt to Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.420(d	I)(2), I hereby certify:
() (1)	I am filing herewith a document containing confid Rule 2.420(d)(1)(B) and that:	lential information as described in
(a)	The title/type of document is	, and:
(b)	() the entire document is confidential, or	
	() the confidential information within the docume	ent is precisely located at:
OR		
() (2)	A document was previously filed in this case that described in Rule 2.420(d)(1)(B), but a Notice of was not filed with the document and the confident confidential by the clerk of the court. I hereby not is located as follows:	Confidential Information within Court Filing tial information was not maintained as
(a)	Title/type of document:	;
(b)		
(c)	Date of document:	;
(d)		
(e)	() Entire document is confidential, or	
	() Precise location of confidential information in	document:
		Filer's Signature

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a copy of the foregoing was furnished by on: on:				
	on	, 20		
	Name			
	Address			
	Phone			
	Florida Bar No. (if applicab	le)		
	E-mail address			

Note: The clerk of court shall review filings identified as containing confidential information to determine whether the information is facially subject to confidentiality under subdivision (d)(1)(B). The clerk shall notify the filer in writing within 5 days if the clerk determines that the information is NOT subject to confidentiality, and the records shall not be held as confidential for more than 10 days, unless a motion is filed pursuant to subdivision (d)(3) of the Rule. Fla. R. Jud. Admin. 2.420(d)(2).

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORM 12.915

DESIGNATION OF CURRENT MAILING AND E-MAIL ADDRESS (06/18)

When should this form be used?

This form should be used to inform the clerk and the other <u>party</u> of your current mailing and e-mail address(es) or **any change of address**. It is very important that the court and the other party in your case have your correct address.

A party not represented by an attorney may choose to designate e-mail address(es) for **service.** A primary and up to two secondary e-mail addresses can be designated. If you do so and the other party is represented by an attorney or has also designated e-mail address(es) for service, e-mail will be the **exclusive means of service.**

If there is any change in your mailing or e-mail address(es), you must complete a new form, file it with the clerk, and serve a copy on any other party or parties in your case.

What should I do next?

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing this form, you should **file** the original with the **clerk of the circuit court** in the county where your case is filed and keep a copy for your records. A copy of this form must be served on any other party in your case. **Service** must be in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-FILING

The Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. Self-represented litigants may file petitions or other pleadings or documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so. If you choose to file your pleadings or other documents electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the judicial circuit in which you file. The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-SERVICE ELECTION

After the initial service of process of the petition or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain circumstances. You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Rules of Judicial Administration. If you elect to participate in electronic service, which means serving or receiving pleadings

Instructions for Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address (06/18)

by electronic mail (e-mail), or through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal, you **must** review Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at www.flcourts.org through the link to the Rules of Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the A-Z Topical Index.

SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MAY SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL; HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED TO DO SO. If a self-represented litigant elects to serve and receive documents by e-mail, the procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please **CAREFULLY** read the rules and instructions for: **Certificate of Service (General)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read General Information for Self-Represented Litigants found at the beginning of these forms. The words that are in <u>bold underline</u> in these instructions are defined there.

Special notes...

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

	HE JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, COUNTY, FLORIDA					
	Case No.: Division:					
Petitioner,						
and						
Respondent.						
DESIGNATION OF CUR	RENT MAILING AND E-MAIL ADDRESS					
I, {full legal name},	, being sworn, certify that:					
	MAILING ADDRESS:					
My current mailing address is:						
{Street or Post Office Box}						
{City},	, {State},, {Zip}					
{Telephone No.}	{Fax No.}					
E-MAIL ADDRESS:						
{Do not provide an e-mail address unless you choose to serve and receive all documents in the future only by e-mail. If you are a self-represented litigant (appearing without an attorney), you are not required to serve or receive documents by electronic mail (e-mail); however, once you designate an e-mail address, that address will be the exclusive means of serving and receiving documents. Once you choose to serve and receive documents by e-mail, you cannot change your decision.}						
i wish to designate the following e-mail a	ddress(es) for the purposes of serving and receiving documents:					

I certify that a copy of this document was	_ e-mailed	mailed	faxed and mailed
hand-delivered to the person(s) listed be	elow on <i>{date</i>	}	·
Other party or his/her attorney:			
Name:			
Address:City, State, Zip:			
Fax Number:			
Fax Number: Designated E-mail Address(es):			
	Signature o	f Party	
STATE OF FLORIDA			
COUNTY OF			
Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me on		by	
	NOTARY PU	BLIC or DEPUTY	/ CLERK
	[Print, type, or clerk.]	or stamp comr	missioned name of notary
Personally known			
Produced identification			
Type of identification produced			
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS	FORM HE/SH	IF MIIST FILL IN	N THE RIANKS RELOW:
[fill in all blanks] This form was prepared for the			
This form was completed with the assistance of		.,	Respondent
{name of individual}			
{name of business}			
{street}	code}	.{telephone nu	ımber}

I understand that I must keep the clerk's office and the opposing party or parties notified of my current